

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 111.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, OCT. 18. 1898.

TWO CENTS

THREATENED BY DAY.

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Unless General Lee specifically asks to be relieved from that duty, he is to command the first expedition, seconded by General Greene and General Arnold.

MUST HAVE UNION WORK.

An Order Showing the Policy of the Postoffice Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—A letter sent by First Assistant Postmaster General Heath regarding the policy of the postoffice department in labor matters, was sent to Mr. M. A. Louis, chief supply division of the postoffice department, saying in part:

"Sir—Referring to your application today for authority to have done as emergency work certain printing needed by the postoffice department, I want to remind you of my order issued last year, in which it was made peremptory that all of the printing under your direction, not done at the government printing office, should be given to offices only employing union labor."

Jewelry Worth \$150,000 Missing.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The Duchess of Devonshire, wife of the lord president of the council of British ministers, while on board a train bound for Calais, lost a satchel containing jewelry worth \$150,000. It is believed that the satchel was stolen.

Retired Farmer Minus \$11,500.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Oct. 18.—Everett N. Ransom, a retired farmer of Janesville, is minus \$11,500 as the result of a patent and territory transaction.

OUR FLAG RAISED.

Porto Rico Taken Possession of Today.

CEREMONIES HELD AT SAN JUAN.

Brooks Will Have Sole Charge of the Island Until Some Arrangement Is Made—President May Soon Designate a Military Governor.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Oct. 18.—The Americans formally took charge of the island of Porto Rico today.

National salutes were fired by the American artillery and forts. There was special music. All the insular officials and the foreign consuls received invitations to attend the function.

Two batteries of the Fifth regular artillery arrived today on transports from Ponce. They were followed by the Eleventh regular infantry from Mayaguez and Arecibo. This regiment will garrison San Juan.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—General Brooke has plenary powers in Porto Rico, and will have sole charge of the government of the island until some other arrangement is made. It is quite possible that when the president returns he may designate a military governor of the island to act in that capacity until congress can provide for a territorial civil government.

SNOW IN THE WEST.

Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska and Iowa Received Early Installment of the Beautiful.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 18.—The earliest winter storm in the Southwest in 25 years, and the worst early storm on record, almost completely shut Kansas City off from wire communication with the south, the west and the north. An opening on the east kept the city from being totally isolated.

A heavy rain turned to snow and the temperature dropped perceptibly. A heavy, wet snow, driven by a strong north wind, at points reaching the velocity of a gale, fell.

Hundreds of telegraph and telephone poles out in the open were either blown down by the strong wind or broken by the weight of the snow-covered wires.

At Fairmount Park, near Kansas City, and at Leavenworth, Kan., where portions of the Third and Fifth Missouri and Twenty-second Kansas regiments respectively, are encamped, many tents were blown down and the soldiers made to suffer acutely.

LAWRENCE, Kas. Oct. 18.—Chancellor Snow, at the Kansas State university, reported it the earliest winter storm in 25 years and the worst early storm on record.

PITTSBURG, Kas., Oct. 18.—A cold rain in this section was followed by a snowstorm, later followed by rain.

YATES CENTER, Kan., Oct. 18.—A heavy snowstorm prevailed here, preceded by 18 hours of rain. Stook on the ranges suffered greatly.

BOONVILLE, Mo., Oct. 18.—The first snow of the season fell here.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., Oct. 18.—A light snow, the first of the season, fell here.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 18.—Snow fell steadily throughout Nebraska last night, with an increasing wind blowing and lower temperature. It has all the marks of a January northeastern storm.

DES MOINES, Oct. 18.—Much rain has been falling in Iowa. The first snow in Des Moines fell for a few moments. A blizzard is reported from Atlantic and snow and rain from various places.

INDIAN WAR OVER.

General Bacon Sent the Good News to Adjutant General Corbin.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Adjutant General Corbin received the following dispatch from General Bacon:

"WALKER, Minn., Oct. 17.

Adjutant General, Washington:

"At council with hostile Indians today latter said they wanted no more fighting with United States soldiers and agreed to come and surrender on Wednesday. This is the result of their defeat when engaged with me on the 5th. Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones has been shown this telegram and concurs in the entire foregoing statement. (Signed) "BACON, "Brigadier General."

Roosevelt on Speaking Tour.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Republican candidate for governor, started out on his campaign in the state. In his party are General Stewart L. Woodford and six members of the First United States volunteer cavalry (Rough Riders).

A Strike in Paris Ended.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The building strike is entirely ended and the troops have been withdrawn from the yards and other places in which they have been stationed since disturbances were threatened.

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PARIS, Oct. 18.—The Duchess of Devonshire, wife of the lord president of the council of British ministers, while on board a train bound for Calais, lost a satchel containing jewelry worth \$150,000. It is believed that the satchel was stolen.

Retired Farmer Minus \$11,500.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Oct. 18.—Everett N. Ransom, a retired farmer of Janesville, is minus \$11,500 as the result of a patent and territory transaction.

OUR FLAG RAISED.

Porto Rico Taken Possession of Today.

CEREMONIES HELD AT SAN JUAN.

Brooks Will Have Sole Charge of the Island Until Some Arrangement Is Made—President May Soon Designate a Military Governor.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Oct. 18.—The Americans formally took charge of the island of Porto Rico today.

National salutes were fired by the American artillery and forts. There was special music. All the insular officials and the foreign consuls received invitations to attend the function.

Two batteries of the Fifth regular artillery arrived today on transports from Ponce. They were followed by the Eleventh regular infantry from Mayaguez and Arecibo. This regiment will garrison San Juan.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—General Brooke has plenary powers in Porto Rico, and will have sole charge of the government of the island until some other arrangement is made. It is quite possible that when the president returns he may designate a military governor of the island to act in that capacity until congress can provide for a territorial civil government.

SNOW IN THE WEST.

Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska and Iowa Received Early Instalment of the Beautiful.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 18.—The earliest winter storm in the Southwest in 25 years, and the worst early storm on record, almost completely shut Kansas City off from wire communication with the south, the west and the north. An opening on the east kept the city from being totally isolated.

A heavy rain turned to snow and the temperature dropped perceptibly. A heavy, wet snow, driven by a strong north wind, at points reaching the velocity of a gale, fell.

Hundreds of telegraph and telephone poles out in the open were either blown down by the strong wind or broken by the weight of the snow-covered wires.

At Fairmount Park, near Kansas City, and at Leavenworth, Kan., where portions of the Third and Fifth Missouri and Twenty-second Kansas regiments respectively, are encamped, many tents were blown down and the soldiers made to suffer acutely.

LAWRENCE, Kas. Oct. 18.—Chancellor Snow, at the Kansas State university, reported it the earliest winter storm in 25 years and the worst early storm on record.

PITTSBURG, Kas., Oct. 18.—A cold rain in this section was followed by a snowstorm, later followed by rain.

YATES CENTER, Kan., Oct. 18.—A heavy snowstorm prevailed here, preceded by 18 hours of rain. Stock on the ranges suffered greatly.

BOONVILLE, Mo., Oct. 18.—The first snow of the season fell here.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., Oct. 18.—A light snow, the first of the season, fell here.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 18.—Snow fell steadily throughout Nebraska last night, with an increasing wind blowing and lower temperature. It has all the marks of a January northeastern storm.

DES MOINES, Oct. 18.—Much rain has been falling in Iowa. The first snow in Des Moines fell for a few moments. A blizzard is reported from Atlantic and snow and rain from various places.

INDIAN WAR OVER.

General Bacon Sent the Good News to Adjutant General Corbin.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Adjutant General Corbin received the following dispatch from General Bacon:

"WALKER, Minn., Oct. 17. Adjutant General, Washington: "At council with hostile Indians today later said they wanted no more fighting with United States soldiers and agreed to come and surrender on Wednesday. This is the result of their defeat when engaged with me on the 5th. Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones has been shown this telegram and concurs in the entire foregoing statement. (Signed) "BACON, "Brigadier General."

Roosevelt on Speaking Tour.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Republican candidate for governor, started out on his campaign in the state. In his party are General Stewart L. Woodford and six members of the First United States volunteer cavalry (Rough Riders).

A Strike In Paris Ended.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The building strike is entirely ended and the troops have been withdrawn from the yards and other places in which they have been stationed since disturbances were threatened.

MEN'S
"Town
Topic."
Fine at \$3.00.

Goodyear welt, Double sole, 16 edge, in Tan and Black--all styles--all sizes,
Worth \$3.50,
Go at \$3.00.
W. H. GASS,
220 Diamond.
P. S.—Bring in your repairing. Done neat and promptly by John House.

PIRATES WON EASILY

East Liverpool Was Scarcely In the Game.

SOME INTEREST WAS SHOWN

For the Crowd Was the Largest of the Season, and the Playing Was Good—Toadix Carey Made the Best Catch of the Season, but the Visitors Had It Their Own Way.

The base ball game yesterday afternoon between the Pittsburg league team and the local club was attended by over 500 people, and the visitors won by a score of 11 to 1.

The visitors simply toyed with the local club and could have made the score much worse had they so desired. McShane started in to pitch the game, but was replaced by Howard in the fifth inning. A triple play by Godwin, W. Carey and G. Carey in the fifth inning brought forth much applause, while a running catch by G. Carey in the sixth was the finest ever seen on the local grounds.

The home team scored their only run in the first inning on hits by Barker and J. Carey and an error by McCarthy. The visitors scored in all but the fifth and sixth innings.

Several of the local players acted as though they were badly frightened, and did not play their usual good game. The score:

	Pittsburg.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Padden, 2.....	1	2	4	3	1		
McCarthy, m.....	1	2	1	1	1		
McCreery, s.....	3	1	1	1	0		
Rickert, l.....	1	4	5	0	0		
Clarke, l.....	2	0	4	1	0		
Gray, 3.....	2	2	2	1	0		
Tannehill, r.....	1	1	0	1	0		
Schriver, c.....	0	2	9	1	0		
Rhines, p.....	0	0	1	1	0		
Total.....	11	14	27	10	2		
	East Liverpool.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Smurthwaite, s.....	0	0	0	0	1		
Godwin, 3.....	0	0	3	2	0		
J. Carey, 3 and r.....	0	0	1	1	1		
W. Carey, 3.....	0	0	5	3	0		
Howard, c and p.....	0	1	1	2	0		
G. Carey, l.....	0	2	10	2	0		
Reark, m.....	0	1	3	0	0		
Davis, c.....	0	0	1	2	0		
McShane, p.....	0	0	0	3	0		
Barker, r and l.....	1	1	0	0	1		
Total.....	1	5	24	15	4		
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	East Liverpool.....	1	0	0	0	0	0

SUMMARY—Two base hits, Barker, Reark, Rickert, Tannehill, Schriver, 2; three base hits, Gray; triple plays, Godwin, W. Carey, G. Carey; bases on balls, by McShane 1, Howard 1; hit by pitched ball, McShane 3, Howard 1; struck out, by Rhines 8; wild pitches, McShane 2; passed balls, Davis 1, umpire, Albright.

LAUGHING NIGHT.

George W. Monroe and His Company at the Grand Tonight.

They say it will be laughing night at the Grand tonight because George W. Monroe and his company will be there. "Her Majesty the Cook" has had a phenomenal run in the east, and Manager Norris was only able by hard work to secure a performance for this city.

"My Friend From India" did not attract a large audience last night, but the play is as good as ever and greatly pleased those who were so fortunate as to be there.

Will Take Two Weeks.

Contractor Rinehart has a large force of men at work today grading in Pennsylvania avenue. It will be at least two weeks before the work is completed. The contractor is also today working on the southside of Lisbon street.

The News Review for news.

ECCENTRIC OAKLEY HALL

Wrote an Obituary Sketch of His Career.

TO BE PUBLISHED AT DEATH.

The Well Known Ex-Mayor of New York Gave the Story of His Life Several Years Ago to a Newspaper. With Instructions as to Its Use. Modesty a Characteristic of His Life—His Career Was Full of Vivid Experiences.

Abraham Oakley Hall, ex-mayor of New York city, who recently died, wrote an autobiographical sketch of himself for the New York World in 1892. This he sealed with directions that it be used at his death. It reads as follows:

I have left directions with my son: First.—No publication in death columns until after burial, and funeral strictly private, without fuss or funeral feathers or bother to acquaintances. Second.—No flags at half mast except on Lotus and Press club staffs. I can only hope this will be allowed, and yet in late years family custom as well as the law strangely disregards dying wishes and the commands of decedents. Why fuss over the remains as a whole when we do not collect cast off hair from a barber's shop or pared nails from the atelier of a manicure?

What I now pen is written with a view of its being my own obituary. I was often in life twitted with eccentricity. It is a trait of the Oakley family. The Oakleys on my side are direct descendants of that Colonel John Okey (as the spelling was 200 years ago) who joined in the eccentricity of being one of the regicides of Charles I. And doubtless the fact that I write my own obituary notice will be regarded as the crowning eccentricity of an eccentric career.

I was born July 26, 1826, at Albany in the house of my maternal grandfather and namesake, Abraham Oakley, then and for many previous years deputy treasurer of the state. He had married the daughter of an exiled French count, the Count d'Assignie. My paternal grandfather was an Englishman who married a native of Wales. Their son, my father, was a merchant in New Orleans, where he was buried when I was scarcely 3 years old. Some of my early years were passed in New Orleans and Albany.

But since the age of 5 I have been a resident of New York city, where I was first schooled and where I graduated in 1844 from its university. Thence I went to Harvard Law school in the declining days of Professors Story and Greenleaf and where I had as fellow classmates and boarding inmates the after President Hayes and the subsequent Governor Hoadly of Ohio. Sketches of my knowledge of Judge Joseph Story while there are embraced in his son's biography of that great jurist. Thence I went to New Orleans to study civil law; was there admitted to its bar, Judah P. Benjamin being one of my examiners, while I took certificate from John Slidell and where I casually at a dinner party made the acquaintance of Jefferson Davis, then, as colonel of a Mississippi regiment, en route to Mexican battlefields.

I was again admitted to the bar in New York city during October, 1848. In 1851 I was appointed assistant district attorney. I was elected full district attorney in 1854, again in 1861, again in 1864, again in 1867, and in 1868 foolishly and reluctantly resigned that office (for which I was fitted by tastes and training) for the office of mayor, for which I was unfitted by habits, taste and training. I was re-elected in 1870. In the spring of 1871 found that the municipal ship I commanded had fallen into the hands of pirates. After suffering a "walk over the plank" I successfully swam ashore. If my political life was short and bitter, my professional one was long and sweet as founder of the once noted law firm of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel, the latter having been a college chum, and we agreeing at the university to study law and become partners. The partnership continued from 1852 until 1877.

Whether I acquired fame as a lawyer and advocate can be best learned from my contemporaries or—and pretty continuously—from nearly 100 volumes of the law reports. My first law case of importance is to be found in the eighth volume of Howard's reports of United States supreme court, to which I was admitted on motion of Attorney General Reverdy Johnson. The New York statute books from 1853 to 1877 contain about 50 acts which I drafted and assisted in procuring, most of them relating to reforms in criminal jurisprudence suggested by my experience as public prosecutor, and each of which in more or less compressed form yet live in the criminal codes. The metropolitan police law of 1857 and the charter of that year were solely drafted by me.

With the charter of 1870 I had absolutely no connection in a professional or political way. It was professionally the work of the late Judge John W. Edwards, and politically of the New York senate, which passed by a vote, embracing both parties, of 30 to 2—singularly as that majority may read by the light

of subsequent revelations and events.

I was in my day a noted social and club man. I have belonged to the South Side, Islip, the Yacht, the Jockey, the Blossom and the Union clubs. I have been one of the governors of the Manhattan club, and I die a life member and ex-president of the Lotus club and an honorary life member of the world renowned Press club. I began very early to write for the press. In college days I assisted a slender income by being a reporter and writer on The Sunday Aurora (that rose like the fabled goddess; but, unlike her, set to rise no more). The Noah's Messenger, the New York American. While a law student I wrote for The Evening Tattler and Evening Signal, The Sunday Mercury, The Brother Jonathan, The Western Continent and the New Orleans Delta and Bulletin. As a young practitioner I wrote for the International and Harper's magazines, for The Evening Mirror and Home Journal of Morris & Willis, The Literary World, edited by the Duyckincks, and The Broadway Journal in the days of Harry Francis Briggs and Edgar A. Poe. During the exacting, dutiful days of district attorneyships and mayoralties I was only a slapdash amateur unpaid journalist for the New York daily newspapers and The Weekly Leader. In 1876, threatened severely with symptoms of paresis, I was medically ordered to adopt the only reliable remedy adapted to that insidious disorder—change of employment.

I at first became an actor, but really quitted the stage because that profession was so distasteful and health distressing to an aged mother, to whose nurture and care I owed all that was good in my composition, who believed a theater was a limited section of sheol, and next went upon the editorial staff of the New York World when owned successively by Tom Scott and Jay Gould, who sought to control it for their Wall street purposes. There I continued from 1878 to the spring of 1883 in pleasant journalistic association with Messrs. Hurlbert, Montgomery Schuyler, John H. Copleston, Lanigan the versatile, Tom Wilson, the amiable cynic; the philosophic John G. Speed, the Addisonian Nat Babcock, the kaleidoscopic Julian Ralph, the genial Krik (Harry Crickmore), the musical and literary Gustave Kobbe, the clever Jim Graham, the omnipresent Whitley and the Crichtonian James B. Townsend, who on that paper first invented the word "dude."

When I quitted ownership of The World, I became editor of The Daily Truth, owned by a speculative gentleman named Hart, who had made a fortune as a theatrical manager, but when I discovered that he was using the paper for his personal private uses I resigned. Then it was I received an offer from Commodore Bennett to come to London as subhead of his bureau there. From January, 1884, to October, 1889, I there remained. "Why" and "how" I have abundantly told in recollections published during my lifetime. It is to the journalistic and literary episodes of my career I recur in memories the oft-tenest. But I claim that my episode as district attorney during so many years entitles me to claim that (notwithstanding my many mistakes in other respects) I deserve metropolitan remembrance. I as prosecutor was never persecutor. I never convicted an innocent accused. I perhaps made mercy too elastic. I never placed victory above justice. And I quitted the office without even political aspersion upon any one of my official acts.

I shall pass from this to the other life with only one regret—that of leaving to follow me one who is all of this world to me. I feel as Sir Charles Coldstream, in the comedy of "Used Up," felt when he languidly said to every offer for change in order to better his health: "Been there! There's nothing in it!" In moral and religious beliefs I am a Swedenborgian, and in that belief much of my life has been soothed. I cannot conceive how any lawyer who diligently tests the later life, the trances and the writings of that marvelous seer by logic connected with the testimony of his contemporaries and of many who did not even believe in his claims—and they were modestly expressed and without act of proselytism—can doubt that he, like St. John at Palmas, was allowed to visit and obtain revelations from the other world.

I have long believed in those revelations. They rob death of any sting and grave of any victory. They are summed up in Longfellow's lines about transition. Death, in the words of St. Paul, simply changes us "in the twinkling of an eye." Stage direction would say: "Exit from mortality. Enter immortality. Exit the physical 'myself.' Enter et remanet the spiritual 'me.'" What—and no more and no less—"me" was in mortality it exists in immortality. I do not expect to be, after death, an inmate of heaven. I was not pious in life, and church and its associations, although not unpleasant and charming in sentiment and effects, were not attractive to my mortal life. Thus heaven would not be attractive under the Swedenborg revelations.

But there are consociations in the next world those proclaim. And among the majority I should somewhere find congenial consociation and work. The curtain of mystery of course falls on our exits to the other world, and only (what without irreverent intention I denominate) the stage managers behind the curtain know what are there, the

scenes and the drama, while the mortal audience on this side of the curtain cannot know those scenes or those occurrences.

I have had a big share of experiences. Those of the "myself," known only to the "me," are infinitely larger than all that my relatives and friends and the world at large can ever fancy. I have often been asked as regards certain things, "What has been your experience?" My answer has always been—borrowed from an old writer—"Experience resembles in effect the stern lights of a ship. It illumines only the track sailed over and can shed no light on the track to come." I should like to hear to-day as I prepare this Thanatopsis-like screed the name of one man whoever profited by the self narrated experience of any other man which militated against the judgment of the asker and listener.

In dying I shall remember the publican and not the Pharisee. I have been taunted with caprices in political faiths. The taunt is mistaken. I have successfully been at various exigencies of political events a Seward Whig, a Fremont Republican and a Democrat. A Seward Whig naturally became a Republican when new issues on the Missouri compromise and Kansas arose. A Republican lawyer might logically and naturally become a Democrat when military law in northern Union states usurped the civil law and when the "bloody shirt" was waved beside the restored flag of peace with union. The man who dies with the unchanged "sympathies of youth" beneath his "Mincio elbows" has not graduated with a degree of honor.

N B.—Thus far to Easter, 1892. Unless I live to continue the editor can strike out otera destit and insert:

A CITY'S NOVEL INNOVATION

All Reporters in St. Joseph, Mo., Are Commissioned as Policemen.

Although St. Joseph, Mo., is not a city of great metropolitan pretensions, it has of late made a number of innovations that could be instituted in many cities of much greater size with satisfaction to all concerned. The latest of these is the commissioning of all the newspaper reporters as police officers.

When it is stated that the reporters have been made officers it is not meant that they wear the regulation uniforms and pose on street corners for the purpose of exciting envy in the eyes of all small boys and breaking the hearts of the "loodies." The reporters do not want that part of the policemen's duties. They are satisfied with what they have been given. Each reporter is an officer, sworn in regularly and allowed to carry a club and wear a star.

But the novelty of the unusual practice soon wore off and reporters learned to turn what was at first somewhat of a predicament into an advantage. On their daily rounds the newspaper men noticed that they were treated with more respect when it was known that they were dignitaries of the police department. People were more willing to give them news and now the reporters have very little trouble in performing their daily tasks.—San Francisco Examiner.


HOBSON'S LUCK.

Recovers the Binoculars Seized When He Was Made Prisoner.

"Hobson is certainly a lucky as well as a plucky chap," remarked Captain James C. Read of Pittsburg, now representing the quartermaster's department on board the transport Massachusetts, which is being overhauled at the navy yard in Brooklyn. "When Hobson was picked up in the water after performing his heroic deed," continued Captain Read, "he had his binoculars with him. They were suspended from his shoulders by means of a lanyard. Well, Cervera took possession of the glasses when Hobson and his men were made prisoners of war, and of course he hardly expected to see them again. A few weeks ago the lieutenant and I went out to the Maria Teresa, which then lay where she went down. The waters of the Caribbean sea are very clear, and while gazing into the depths something bright caught my eye. I called Hobson's attention to the find, and he let down a grapple and hauled up—can you guess? His own binoculars." Hobson luck ought to be as comforting as the Hobson kiss.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

Sentimental Porto Rico Belles.

Sentimental village maids fell deeply in love with the Yankee Cids when soldiers first arrived in Porto Rico. Girls mature early on that island, and often at 10 and 11 are adult women. They made love in Spanish style to the invaders, and in many cases annoyed the victims of their admiration with their pertinacity. Making love consists in smiling upon the object of adoration through the shutters of a casement or between the iron grills of a veranda, or else writing fiery letters of affection from early dawn to dewy eve. One young man captured the fancy of a belle, and to his surprise became the recipient of a deluge of love letters, which were thrown at him from over the wall of a garden or pushed through a hole in the wooden gate. They arrived hourly, half hourly and sometimes every ten minutes. After he had received 200 he became tired and asked his chief to change his post!—Cincinnati Enquirer.



When a young woman starts out in married life with a modest home containing just the bare necessities, she pictures herself in the future the mistress of a stately mansion, containing the comforts and luxuries of life. In that dreamland of the future there will be rich carpets on the floors, fine paintings on the walls, a magnificent sideboard loaded with silver and dainty tableware in the dining room, musical instruments, books and all that the heart of a sybarite could yearn for, and—a baby.

To either man or woman, all the comforts and all the luxuries of life and all the wealth in the world soon become a bore and a weariness, unless there is a baby for whom they can both contrive and plan and work. A woman who, through ignorance or neglect, suffers from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs concerned in wifehood and motherhood, blasts all these hopes. Either she will be childless, or will lose her own life in the struggle of maternity, or her babies will be born puny, sickly and peevish and unable to withstand the ordinary ailments of childhood. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription surely and completely cures all these delicate complaints. It is the discovery of one of the most eminent living specialists in women's diseases,—Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. The "Favorite Prescription" acts directly upon the sensitive organism concerned. It imparts to it health, strength, vigor, virility and elasticity. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. It robs maternity of its perils and insures a healthy, robust child.

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only for paper-bound copy. Cloth-bound 31 cents. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPEAK OUT.

The Search-Light of Publicity is Pleasing East Liverpool People.

Publicity is what the people want. Let the public speak on the subject. There has been too much claim—too little proof. Claims made by strangers are not proof. Claims endorsed by strangers are not proof. There is only one kind of proof for an East Liverpool citizen. The experience of people we know. When friends and neighbors endorse, Make public statements of their case. There can be no question about such evidence. This is the proof we have, Which backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills. No other kidney pills, no other kidney remedy. Can produce such proof. Here is one case of the many we have: Mrs. Henry Bevington, who resides at the corner of Avondale and Shaw avenue, says: "During three years I was troubled with my kidneys, having a dull steady aching pain in the back. When stooping over or sitting for some time it would change to quick pang as I arose to an upright position. My back tired out easily when walking or standing long and I often had headaches, dizziness and in the morning great depression. I took medicines, many of them, but found Doan's Kidney Pills, which I got at W. & W. Pharmacy to be more suitable for my complaint than anything I ever tried. I had no trouble with my back, did not have the headache as I did, rested well, felt refreshed in the morning and got up earlier than I did before taking them. I give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for my better health and advise others to use them, as I am sure they will find them up to their representation."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name. Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN



ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS—Falling Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption. Taken in time, their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. List upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. Price 50 CENTS per package, or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circular free). **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 17 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

Visit the

Blanket Sale

at HARD'S.

You'll save money.

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIEW

MEN'S
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Fine at \$3.00.
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I can only hope this will be allowed, and yet in late years family custom as well as the law strangely disregards dying wishes and the commands of decedents. Why fuss over the remains as a whole when we do not collect cast off hair from a barber's shop or pared nails from the atelier of a manicure?

What I now pen is written with a view of its being my own obituary. I was often in life twitted with eccentricity. It is a trait of the Oakey family. The Oakeys on my side are direct descendants of that Colonel John Okey (as the spelling was 200 years ago) who joined in the eccentricity of being one of the regicides of Charles I. And doubtless the fact that I write my own obituary notice will be regarded as the crowning eccentricity of an eccentric career.

I was born July 26, 1826, at Albany in the house of my maternal grandfather and namesake, Abraham Oakey, then and for many previous years deputy treasurer of the state. He had married the daughter of an exiled French count, the Count d'Assignie. My paternal grandfather was an Englishman who married a native of Wales. Their son, my father, was a merchant in New Orleans, where he was buried when I was scarcely 3 years old. Some of my early years were passed in New Orleans and Albany.

But since the age of 5 I have been a resident of New York city, where I was first schooled and where I graduated in 1844 from its university. Thence I went to Harvard Law school in the declining days of Professors Story and Greenleaf and where I had as fellow classmates and boarding inmates the after President Hayes and the subsequent Governor Hoadly of Ohio. Sketches of my knowledge of Judge Joseph Story while there are embraced in his son's biography of that great jurist. Thence I went to New Orleans to study civil law; was there admitted to its bar, Judah P. Benjamin being one of my examiners, while I took certificate from John Slidell and where I casually at a dinner party made the acquaintance of Jefferson Davis, then, as colonel of a Mississippi regiment, en route to Mexican battlefields.

I was again admitted to the bar in New York city during October, 1848. In 1851 I was appointed assistant district attorney. I was elected full district attorney in 1854, again in 1861, again in 1864, again in 1867, and in 1868 foolishly and reluctantly resigned that office (for which I was fitted by tastes and training) for the office of mayor, for which I was unfitted by habits, taste and training. I was re-elected in 1870. In the spring of 1871 found that the municipal ship I commanded had fallen into the hands of pirates. After suffering a "walk over the plank" I successfully swam ashore. If my political life was short and bitter, my professional one was long and sweet as founder of the once noted law firm of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel, the latter having been a college chum, and we agreeing at the university to study law and become partners. The partnership continued from 1852 until 1877.

Whether I acquired fame as a lawyer and advocate can be best learned from my contemporaries or—and pretty continuously—from nearly 100 volumes of the law reports. My first law case of importance is to be found in the eighth volume of Howard's reports of United States supreme court, to which I was admitted on motion of Attorney General Reverdy Johnson. The New York statute books from 1853 to 1877 contain about 50 acts which I drafted and assisted in procuring, most of them relating to reforms in criminal jurisprudence suggested by my experience as public prosecutor, and each of which in more or less compressed form yet live in the criminal codes. The metropolitan police law of 1857 and the charter of that year were solely drafted by me.

With the charter of 1870 I had absolutely no connection in a professional or political way. It was professionally the work of the late Judge John W. Edwards, and politically of the New York senate, which passed by a vote, embracing both parties, of 30 to 2—singularly as that majority may read by the light

of subsequent revelations and events.

I was in my day a noted social and club man. I have belonged to the South Side, Islip, the Yacht, the Jockey, the Blossom and the Union clubs. I have been one of the governors of the Manhattan club, and I die a life member and ex-president of the Lotus club and an honorary life member of the world renowned Press club. I began very early to write for the press. In college days I assisted a slender income by being a reporter and writer on The Sunday Aurora (that rose like the fabled goddess; but, unlike her, set to rise no more). The Noah's Messenger, the New York American. While a law student I wrote for The Evening Tattler and Evening Signal, The Sunday Mercury, The Brother Jonathan, The Western Continent and the New Orleans Delta and Bulletin. As a young practitioner I wrote for the International and Harper's magazines, for The Evening Mirror and Home Journal of Morris & Willis, The Literary World, edited by the Duyckincks, and The Broadway Journal in the days of Harry Francis Briggs and Edgar A. Poe. During the exacting, dutiful days of district attorneyships and mayoralties I was only a slapdash amateur unpaid journalist for the New York daily newspapers and The Weekly Leader. In 1876, threatened severely with symptoms of paresis, I was medically ordered to adopt the only reliable remedy adapted to that insidious disorder—change of employment.

I at first became an actor, but really quitted the stage because that profession was so distasteful and health distressing to an aged mother, to whose nurture and care I owed all that was good in my composition, who believed a theater was a limited section of sheol, and next went upon the editorial staff of the New York World when owned successively by Tom Scott and Jay Gould, who sought to control it for their Wall street purposes. There I continued from 1878 to the spring of 1883 in pleasant journalistic association with Messrs. Hurlbert, Montgomery Schuyler, John H. Copleston, Lanigan the versatile, Tom Wilson, the amiable cynic; the philosophic John G. Speed, the Addisonian Nat. Babcock, the kaleidoscopic Julian Ralph, the genial Krik (Harry Crickmore), the musical and literary Gustave Kobbe, the clever Jim Graham, the omnipresent Whitley and the Crichtonian James B. Townsend, who on that paper first invented the word "dude."

When I could quitted ownership of The World, I became editor of The Daily Truth, owned by a speculative gentleman named Hart, who had made a fortune as a theatrical manager, but when I discovered that he was using the paper for his personal private uses I resigned. Then it was I received an offer from Commodore Bennett to come to London as subhead of his bureau there. From January, 1884, to October, 1889, I there remained. "Why" and "how" I have abundantly told in recollections published during my lifetime. It is to the journalistic and literary episodes of my career I recur in memories the oft-tenest. But I claim that my episode as district attorney during so many years entitles me to claim that (notwithstanding my many mistakes in other respects) I deserve metropolitan remembrance. I as prosecutor was never persecutor. I never convicted an innocent accused. I perhaps made mercy too elastic. I never placed victory above justice. And I quitted the office without even political aspersion upon any one of my official acts.

I shall pass from this to the other life with only one regret—that of leaving to follow me one who is all of this world to me. I feel as Sir Charles Coldstream, in the comedy of "Used Up," felt when he languidly said to every offer for change in order to better his health: "Been there! There's nothing in it!" In moral and religious beliefs I am a Swedborgian, and in that belief much of my life has been soothed. I cannot conceive how any lawyer who diligently tests the later life, the trances and the writings of that marvelous seer by logic connected with the testimony of his contemporaries and of many who did not even believe in his claims—and they were modestly expressed and without act of proselytism—can doubt that he, like St. John at Palmas, was allowed to visit and obtain revelations from the other world.

I have long believed in those revelations. They rob death of any sting and grave of any victory. They are summed up in Longfellow's lines about transition. Death, in the words of St. Paul, simply changes us "in the twinkling of an eye." Stage direction would say: "Exit from mortality. Enter immortality. Exit the physical 'myself.' Enter et remanet the spiritual 'me.'" What—and no more and no less—"me" was in mortality it exists in immortality. I do not expect to be, after death, an inmate of heaven. I was not pious in life, and church and its associations, although not unpleasant and charming in sentiment and effects, were not attractive to my mortal life. Thus heaven would not be attractive under the Swedborg revelations.

But there are consociations in the next world those proclaim. And among the majority I should somewhere find congenial consociation and work. The curtain of mystery of course falls on our exits to the other world, and only (what without irreverent intention I denominate) the stage managers behind the curtain know what are there, the

scenes and the drama, while the mortal audience on this side of the curtain cannot know those scenes or those occurrences.

I have had a big share of experiences. Those of the "myself," known only to the "me," are infinitely larger than all that my relatives and friends and the world at large can ever fancy. I have often been asked as regards certain things, "What has been your experience?" My answer has always been—"Experience resembles in effect the stern lights of a ship. It illumines only the track sailed over and can shed no light on the track to come." I should like to hear today as I prepare this Thanatopsislike screed the name of one man whoever profited by the self narrated experience of any other man which militated against the judgment of the asker and listener.

In dying I shall remember the publican and not the Pharisee. I have been taunted with caprices in political faiths. The taunt is mistaken. I have successively been at various exigencies of political events a Seward Whig, a Fremont Republican and a Democrat. A Seward Whig naturally became a Republican when new issues on the Missouri compromise and Kansas arose. A Republican lawyer might logically and naturally become a Democrat when military law in northern Union states usurped the civil law and when the "bloody shirt" was waved beside the restored flag of peace with union. The man who dies with the unchanged "sympathies of youth" beneath his "Minoan elbows" has not graduated with a degree of honor.

N. B.—Thus far to Easter, 1892. Unless I live to continue the editor can strike out cetera desunt and insert.

A CITY'S NOVEL INNOVATION
All Reporters in St. Joseph Mo., Are Commissioned as Policemen.

Although St. Joseph, Mo., is not a city of great metropolitan pretensions, it has of late made a number of innovations that could be instituted in many cities of much greater size with satisfaction to all concerned. The latest of these is the commissioning of all the newspaper reporters as police officers.

When it is stated that the reporters have been made officers it is not meant that they wear the regulation uniforms and pose on street corners for the purpose of exciting envy in the eyes of all small boys and breaking the hearts of the "lodies." The reporters do not want that part of the policemen's duties. They are satisfied with what they have been given. Each reporter is an officer, sworn in regularly and allowed to carry a club and wear a star.

But the novelty of the unusual practice soon wore off and reporters learned to turn what was at first somewhat of a predicament into an advantage. On their daily rounds the newspaper men noticed that they were treated with more respect when it was known that they were dignitaries of the police department. People were more willing to give them news and now the reporters have very little trouble in performing their daily tasks.—San Francisco Examiner.

HOBSON'S LUCK.

Recovers the Binoculars Seized When He Was Made Prisoner.

"Hobson is certainly a lucky as well as a plucky chap," remarked Captain James C. Read of Pittsburg, now representing the quartermaster's department on board the transport Massachusetts, which is being overhauled at the navy yard in Brooklyn. "When Hobson was picked up in the water after performing his heroic deed," continued Captain Read, "he had his binoculars with him. They were suspended from his shoulders by means of a lanyard. Well, Cervera took possession of the glasses when Hobson and his men were made prisoners of war, and of course he hardly expected to see them again. A few weeks ago the lieutenant and I went out to the Maria Teresa, which then lay where she went down. The waters of the Caribbean sea are very clear, and while gazing into the depths something bright caught my eye. I called Hobson's attention to the find, and he let down a grapple and hauled up—can you guess? His own binoculars." Hobson luck ought to be as comforting as the Hobson kiss.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

Sentimental Porto Rico Belles.

Sentimental village maids fell deeply in love with the Yankee Cids when soldiers first arrived in Porto Rico. Girls mature early on that island, and often at 10 and 11 are adult women. They made love in Spanish style to the invaders, and in many cases annoyed the victims of their admiration with their pertinacity. Making love consists in smiling upon the object of adoration through the shutters of a casement or between the iron grills of a veranda, or else writing fiery letters of affection from early dawn to dewy eve. One young man captured the fancy of a belle, and to his surprise became the recipient of a deluge of love letters, which were thrown at him from over the wall of a garden or pushed through a hole in the wooden gate. They arrived hourly, half hourly and sometimes every ten minutes. After he had received 200 he became tired and asked his chief to change his post!—Cincinnati Enquirer.



When a young woman starts out in married life with a modest home containing just the bare necessities, she pictures herself the mistress of a stately mansion, containing the comforts and luxuries of life. In that dreamland of the future there will be rich carpets on the floors, fine paintings on the walls, a magnificent sideboard loaded with silver and dainty tableware in the dining room, musical instruments, books and all that the heart of a sybarite could yearn for, and—a baby. To either man or woman, all the comforts and all the luxuries of life and all the wealth in the world soon become a bore and a weariness, unless there is a baby for whom they can both contrive and plan and work. A woman who, through ignorance or neglect, suffers from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs concerned in wifehood and motherhood, blasts all these hopes. Either she will be childless, or will lose her own life in the struggle of maternity, or her babies will be born puny, sickly and peevish and unable to withstand the ordinary ailments of childhood. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription surely and completely cures all these delicate complaints. It is the discovery of one of the most eminent living specialists in women's diseases,—Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. The "Favorite Prescription" acts directly upon the sensitive organism concerned. It imparts to it health, strength, vigor, virility and elasticity. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. It robs maternity of its perils and insures a healthy, robust child.

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only for paper-bound copy. Cloth-bound 31 cents. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPEAK OUT.

The Search-Light of Publicity is Pleasing East Liverpool People.

Publicity is what the people want. Let the public speak on the subject. There has been too much claim—too little proof.

Claims made by strangers are not proof. Claims endorsed by strangers are not proof.

There is only one kind of proof for an East Liverpool citizen.

The experience of people we know. When friends and neighbors endorse. Make public statements of their case. There can be no question about such evidence.

This is the proof we have. Which backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills.

No other kidney pills, no other kidney remedy. Can produce such proof.

Here is one case of the many we have. Mrs. Henry Bevington, who resides at the corner of Avondale and Shaw avenue, says: "During three years I was troubled with my kidneys, having a dull steady aching pain in the back. When stooping over or sitting for some time it would change to quick pang as I arose to an upright position. My back tired out easily when walking or standing long and I often had headaches, dizziness and in the morning great depression. I took medicines, many of them, but found Doan's Kidney Pills, which I got at W. & W. Pharmacy to be more suitable for my complaint than anything I ever tried. I had no trouble with my back, did not have the headache as I did, rested well, felt refreshed in the morning and got up earlier than I did before taking them. I give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for my better health and advise others to use them, as I am sure they will find them up to their representation."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISEASES—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Frequent Insanity and Consumption cured. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. List upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price \$2.50 per package, or six packages (full treatment) for \$25.00. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price Circular free. **AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.**

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ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIEW

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He Is Opposed to a Short Sighted Policy

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Thus he was proceeding in triumph when Sydney Smith and his wife, with three friends, returned from a walk and took in the festal scene. The great man advanced, with extended hands, and greeted his old friend in an impromptu which has become familiar to the reading world:

Witty as Horatius Flaccus,
As great a Jacobin as Gracchus,
Short, though not as fat as Bacchus,
Seated on a little jackass!

—Youth's Companion.

The Death of Coaching.

The coaching system died a lingering, a lamentable death. I can remember something of a few coaches in remote districts which longest escaped strangulation, and memory of those distant days has been sweeter without them. They resemble what Nimrod describes as the "obsolete, old fashioned coach of his boyhood, drawn by spirited, ill fed jades over long stages. One of his paragraphs well describes what used to make my blood boil with impotent fury, imbittering the joy of returning home for the holidays, and deepening the depression of the schoolward journey:

"The four horse whip and the Nottingham whipcord were of no avail over

the latter part of the ground; and something like a cat-o'-nine-tails was produced out of the boot, which was jocularly called 'the apprentice,' and a shrewd apprentice it was to the art of torturing, which was indicted on the wheelers without stint or measure, but without which the coach might have been often left on the road."

No; the last of the road coaches—corruptio optima—disappeared and left none to mourn them.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Senator Pepper's Potatoes.

Senator Pepper is fond of relating the story of how he once duped the managers of a Kansas county fair. "On examination of the sweet potatoes exhibited," he says, "I saw that the size of the specimens was nothing to brag of, and I sent out to a grocery store and purchased a bushel of fine ones, took the small ones out for home use, carried the rest to the fair grounds, entered them in my own name and drew the premium for the best specimen of sweet potatoes grown in Wilson county."

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WANTED--Good girl for general housework. Apply to 374 West Market street, second door above Grant

WANTED--Gentlemen boarders at 172½ Seventh street, near R. Thomas & Sons company plant.

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FOR SALE--Grocery; good location; good chance for a quick buyer. Address, Grocer, postoffice.

THE GYPSIE MEDIUM and PALMIST can be consulted on all affairs of life, tell you your name and age. Her standing challenge to other mediums of \$1,000 has not been accepted by one of them, and is still open. Her power excites the wonder and admiration of even the most skeptical. This gifted lady can be consulted at 187 Fourth street. Office hours from 9 to 9 daily. Can be seen Sundays.

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Thus he was proceeding in triumph when Sydney Smith and his wife, with three friends, returned from a walk and took in the festive scene. The great man advanced, with extended hands, and greeted his old friend in an impromptu which has become familiar to the reading world:

Witty as Horatius Flaccus,
As great a Jacobin as Gracchus,
Short, though not as fat as Bacchus,
Seated on a little jackass!

—Youth's Companion.

The Death of Coaching.

The coaching system died a lingering, a lamentable death. I can remember something of a few coaches in remote districts which longest escaped strangulation, and memory of those distant days has been sweeter without them. They resemble what Nimrod describes as the "obsolete, old fashioned coach of his boyhood, drawn by spirited, ill fed jades over long stages. One of his paragraphs well describes what used to make my blood boil with impotent fury, imbittering the joy of returning home for the holidays, and deepening the depression of the schoolward journey:

"The four horse whip and the Nottingham whipcord were of no avail over

the latter part of the ground, and something like a cat-o'-nine-tails was produced out of the boot, which was jocularly called 'the apprentice,' and a shrewd apprentice it was to the art of torturing, which was inflicted on the wheelers without stint or measure, but without which the coach might have been often left on the road."

No; the last of the road coaches—corruptio optima—disappeared and left none to mourn them.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Senator Pepper's Potatoes.

Senator Pepper is fond of relating the story of how he once duped the managers of a Kansas county fair. "On examination of the sweet potatoes exhibited," he says, "I saw that the size of the specimens was nothing to brag of, and I sent out to a grocery store and purchased a bushel of fine ones, took the small ones out for home use, carried the rest to the fair grounds, entered them in my own name and drew the premium for the best specimen of sweet potatoes grown in Wilson county."

WANTED.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply to 374 West Market street, second door above Grant.

WANTED—Gentlemen boarders at 172½ Seventh street, near R. Thomas & Sons company plant.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Grocery; good location; good chance for a quick buyer. Address, Grocer, postoffice.

THE GYPSIE MEDIUM and PALMIST can be consulted on all affairs of life, tell you your name and age. Her standing challenge to other mediums of \$1,000 has not been accepted by one of them, and is still open. Her power excites the wonder and admiration of even the most skeptical. This gifted lady can be consulted at 187 Fourth street. Office hours from 9 to 9 daily. Can be seen Sundays.

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Inspected What?

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Workmen, Superb
Material. Thousands of
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You'll save money.

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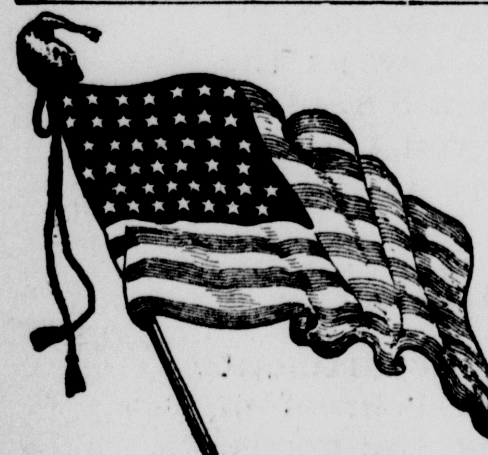
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It must not be forgotten that Ohio has a state ticket to elect this year, and that Columbiana county will select a few new officers.

The public should not believe all that is published concerning the official action of American and Spanish peace commissioners at Paris. It has developed that a few correspondents who served in Cuba have been transferred to new scenes of activity, and are sending to this country that which will please the yellow journals and which they call news.

MUCH as the yellow journals have railed against the administration and do their best as they have to place President McKinley in bad repute with the people, his trip to Omaha shows that he is more popular than ever. Everywhere he was greeted with that enthusiasm which knows not the bonds of partisanship. He was to the people a President who had carried their cause to a successful issue, and they cheered him accordingly.

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Not a great deal has this year been said of the Democratic platform, the reason being found in the fact that not much can be said. The party leaders in Ohio have presented many peculiar documents for their friends to read and then swear by, but seldom have they spread so much of what is really nothing through so many sentences. Perhaps they believed when the platform was adopted by the convention that it would be of some use, although the gum shoe campaign had been decided upon long before as the principal factor. But conditions have since then changed. No man who reads that document can support it when he thinks of his Americanism. It is throughout one blow at the real principles which makes an American glad that he lives under the Stars and Stripes. There is none of that wide patriotism one would expect to find at the close of a successful struggle with a foreign nation, but instead are words well calculated to dim the glories of Manila, Santiago and Porto Rico. It is not what the American would want anywhere much less in Ohio, where the whole world believes all the people are patriotic.

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"Manila, in her day, has been one of the proud cities of the world, fortified in a manner which set the ordinary armies and navies of the world at defiance. I visited the citadel the other day and made a hasty examination of her defenses, and involuntarily said, as I noted the approaches, guarded in all directions:

"God pity our infantry if they had been ordered to storm these entrenchments, unaided by Dewey's fleet of modern war vessels, or by siege guns, which could have been placed on land and possibly have effected the same object." Five thousand Yankee soldiers could have here held 50,000 Spaniards at bay and defeated them. First came the outer entrenchments or earthworks, then the sandbags, then the pointed stakes, then streams of water, then more entrenchments, then more sandbags, then a bridge, mined and awful to an advancing enemy. Could our infantry forces have overcome these obstacles, then would have occurred the street fighting of Old Manila, for a distance of at least one and one-half miles; then in case they could, with Yankee pluck, have accomplished this feat, they would have but commenced their awful undertaking, as, one mile away, would have greeted them the justly famous citadel, impregnable, in my mind, to almost any force of infantry, and only to be successfully approached by the hand of strategy, siege and starvation. Across this space of one mile—open—the trees had been stripped of their foliage, only the bare trunks of a few trees being left, and these within a short distance of the walls of the fortress. Hundreds of cannon, large and small, would have belched forth their deadly messengers of shot and shell, while the musketry fire of thousands of maddened Spanish soldiers would have done awful execution. Suppose that our Yankee pluck and daring could have overcome all these dangers and difficulties—would their battle have been won and a victory scored? Not by any manner of means. First would come a stream of water 30 feet wide and several feet in depth of mud and water; then a rush of 200 yards over an open space, then an outer wall or fortification, with musketry and small artillery pieces pouring in their fire; then a moat, of

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"The natives are a tough class to conquer—they are, indeed. Why, sir, in the last year we have killed off more than 70,000 of them; and still they continue hostile and will not accept the inevitable."

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"It was simply wonderful in that far off city, so different from the happenings in our own beloved United States. The funny, narrow streets; the houses, surrounded by massive walls, as if your home was a fortress, with deadly enemies all around and about you; the chattering Philipinos, Chinese, French, Russians, Belgians, Germans, in fact almost all the nations in the world represented; the diminutive horses and the two-wheeled carts, the patient water buffaloes, seen only in circuses in our native land; those patient, ox-like animals drawing enormous loads; the Chinese, numbering a dozen or more, pushing and pulling an immense wagon load of coal; the coolies, with great burdens upon their shoulders, trotting along, with an indescribable loping motion; the beggars, pleading all day long for alms, with closed eyes and an exhibition of disgusting sores upon body and limbs; oftentimes these beggars walking upon their knees all the day long, and again upon their feet—flat—with knees in air, and then the remainder of the body bent, until the center of the body touched the ground; emaciated women, with emaciated infants upon their arms, pleading with you for the gift of a single penny, while splendidly arrayed Spaniards passed them by as if nothing worth noting was occurring, and as if poverty never occurred in their lives—all presenting such scenes as I never expected seeing on this earth."

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Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.

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 The Feature of the World's Fair.

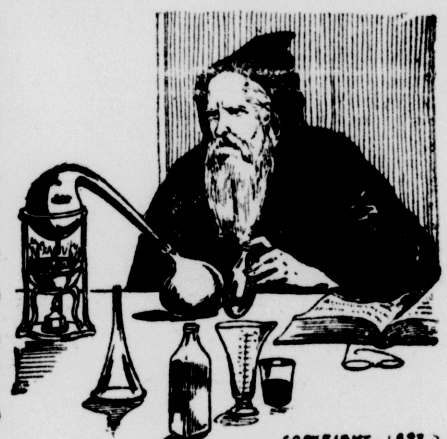
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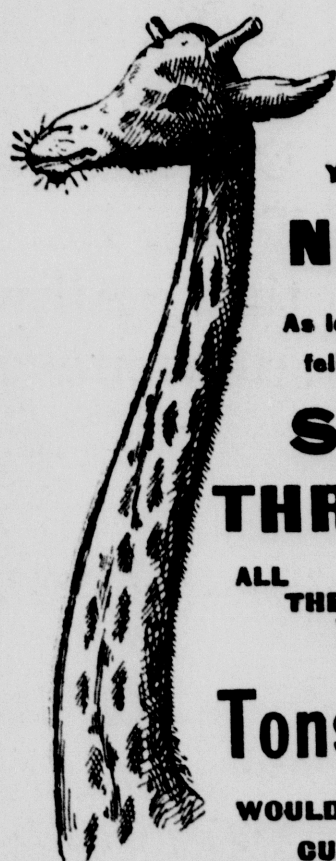
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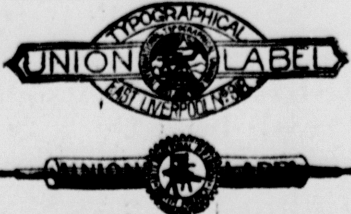
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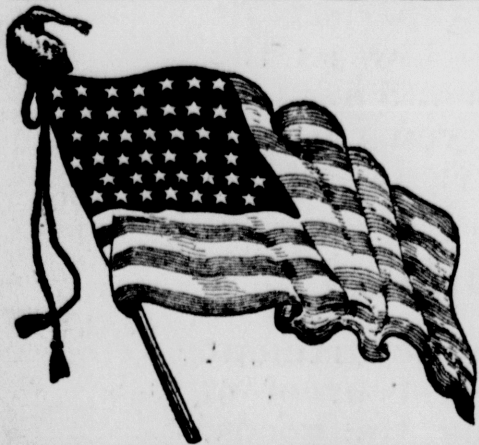
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Opens Sept. 7, Closes Oct. 22.

MUSIC BY

SOUSA AND HIS BAND

THE GREATER PITTSBURGH BAND.

Walter Damrosch
And His New York Symphony Orchestra.

Victor Herbert
AND 22d REGIMENT BAND,
OF NEW YORK.

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The Feature of the World's Fair.

BOX-MAKING
By Machinery in Actual Operation.

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LIFE-LIKE WAR PICTURES IN THE CINEMATOGAPHE.

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in the compounding of prescriptions. The slightest error might prove fatal to the patient. We use science as well as care in the compounding of our prescriptions. Only good, fresh drugs are used, and the result is quick cure. Bring your prescriptions here to be filled.

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City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.
140 Fourth Street.

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We pay particular attention to filling prescriptions carefully and from only the purest drugs.

A full and complete line of stationery. All the latest styles, those dainty things the ladies all like and are just now so fashionable.

Perfumes have ever been a specialty at this store, and the present is no exception.

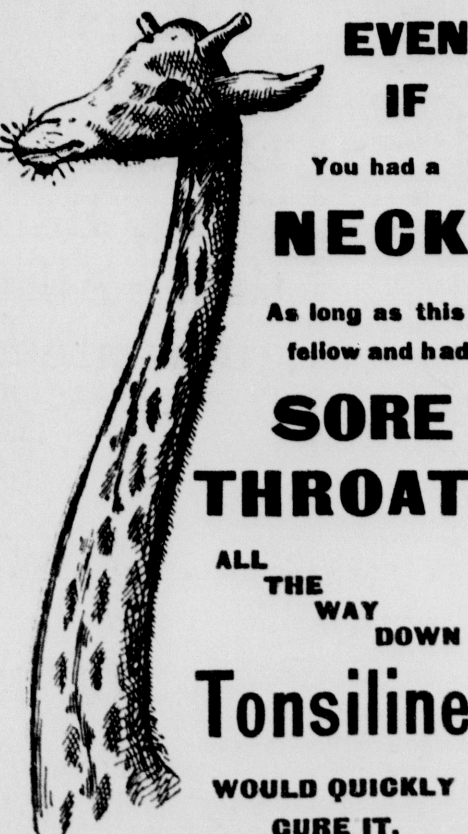
OPERA HOUSE PHARMACY

Sixth Street.

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You'll save money.



EVEN IF

You had a

NECK

As long as this fellow and had

SORE THROAT

ALL THE WAY DOWN

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NO WASTE

There is no waste of effort to keep the fire going in a JEWEL Stove or Range. There is no waste of fuel, no waste of heat, no waste of labor with a JEWEL Stove or Range. You get the most heat with the least fuel because Jewels are scientifically constructed. You get more service from a JEWEL Stove or Range because it is built of the best material in the best way. Everybody gets the most satisfaction from JEWEL Stoves and Ranges because they are perfect in every point. Ask the dealer for JEWEL Stoves and Ranges and look or the trade-mark.



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A Chaplain's Experience With Some Treacherous Natives In Cavite.

Rev. C. M. Daley, chaplain of the First South Dakota volunteer infantry, writing to his wife in Huron, S. D., from Manila under the date of Aug. 26, describes the treacherous character of the Filipinos as follows:

"Some of the natives are very treacherous. I had a little experience. We left the Rio de Janeiro at 11:30 to go to Cavite. We had no dinner and no supper until 8 at night. I managed to get three loaves of plain bread, a can of tomatoes, a small can of salmon and a bottle of stale rainwater; no butter, but a few bananas. The natives keep the fruit stands, and they are about all the stores here. I wanted to buy 25 or 30 bananas for supper. Captain Lattin was with me, and he was armed. We went two blocks through the dark, narrow streets, and in no store could we find more than five or six bananas. Finally I found a bunch of 14. I had a 10 cent Mexican piece, the kind of money used here, and asked for its value in bananas.

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terings of those within. It was fortunate, perhaps, that I was unarmed, though the captain was not. Had I flashed a gun or the captain drawn his sword there would have been trouble."—Rocky Mountain News.

Football Cured Him.

Fred Ward, a student at the Taft Preparatory school in Watertown, N. Y., swallowed a blow pin from an air gun at his home in New Haven last April. The pin lodged in his lungs, and almost immediately he began to fail. Several physicians were consulted, and everything known to medical science was done to remove the pin or relieve him, but it only resulted in failure, and Ward was threatened with death in consequence. The young man is ambitious, however, and determined to continue his studies. At the beginning of the school year at Taft's he made his appearance and joined his class. Before the accident he was a great lover of football and other athletics, and when the team was being made up at school he went in for trial. The other day he was practicing with the team and taking violent exercise. Suddenly he was attacked with a fit of coughing, and after a most violent effort he spat up the blow pin. Since then Ward has felt no soreness of the lungs, his appetite has returned, and he already has begun to regain his health.

Elkskin For Leather.

One of the strangest industries known is that of the preparation of the skin of the common eel for articles of commerce. The skin when prepared closely resembles leather, but is more pliable and gelatinous.

This Seems Correct.

Riprap—The eyes are the windows of the soul.


Wigwag—Then the soul of the man whose eyes have been blacked looks out of stained glass windows.—Detroit Free Press.

AT ZEB KINSEY'S
Wall Paper Store.

Coal hods	15, 20, 25c
Lamp chimneys	4, 5, 10c
6 table knives 6 forks	40c
Table spoons	15c per dozen
Ladies' fleeced hose	10, 15c
Children's hose extra	10, 15c
Bound story books	10, 15, 20c
Onion skin tablets	10c
Large maps	25, 35, 45c
Fine dressed dolls	25, 50, 10c
Crepe tissue paper	10c
Granite dish pan	25, 35c
Salt and pepper, fancy	5c
Tin wash boiler	35, 45, 55c

AT ZEB KINSEY'S, Diamond,
EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get
Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills
They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
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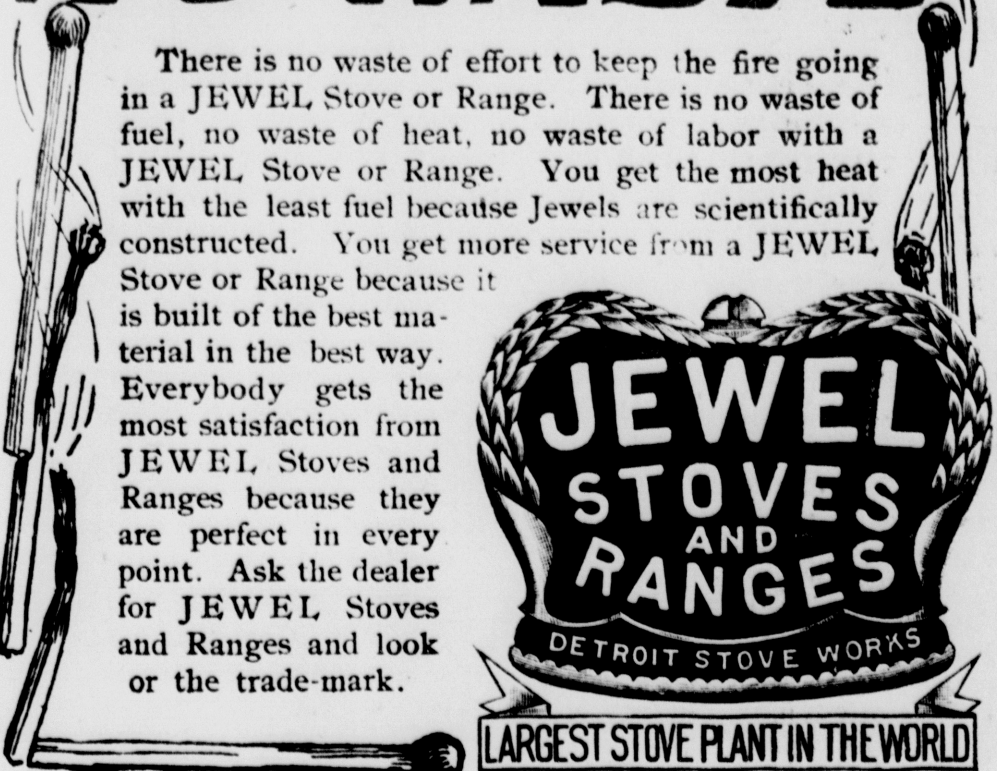
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Football Cured Him.

Fred Ward, a student at the Taft Preparatory school in Watertown, N. Y., swallowed a blow pin from an air gun at his home in New Haven last April. The pin lodged in his lungs, and almost immediately he began to fail. Several physicians were consulted, and everything known to medical science was done to remove the pin or relieve him, but it only resulted in failure, and Ward was threatened with death in consequence. The young man is ambitious, however, and determined to continue his studies. At the beginning of the school year at Taft's he made his appearance and joined his class. Before the accident he was a great lover of football and other athletics, and when the team was being made up at school he went in for trial. The other day he was practicing with the team and taking violent exercise. Suddenly he was attacked with a fit of coughing, and after a most violent effort he spat up the blow pin. Since then Ward has felt no soreness of the lungs, his appetite has returned, and he already has begun to regain his health.

Eelskin For Leather.

One of the strangest industries known is that of the preparation of the skin of the common eel for articles of commerce. The skin when prepared closely resembles leather, but is more pliable and gelatinous.

This Seems Correct.

Riprap—The eyes are the windows of the soul.

Wigwag—Then the soul of the man whose eyes have been blacked looks out of stained glass windows.—Detroit Free Press.

AT ZEB KINSEY'S Wall Paper Store.

Coal hods.....	15, 20, 25c
Lamp chimneys.....	4, 5, 10c
6 table knives 6 forks.....	40c
Table spoons.....	15c per dozen
Ladies' fleeced hose.....	10, 15c
Children's hose extra.....	10, 15c
Bound story books.....	10, 15, 20c
Onion skin tablets.....	10c
Large maps.....	25, 35, 45c
Fine dressed dolls.....	25, 50, 10c
Crepe tissue paper.....	10c
Granite dish pan.....	25, 35c
Salt and pepper, fancy.....	5c
Tin wash boiler.....	35, 45, 55c

At **ZEB KINSEY'S, Diamond,**
EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

TEACHERS WERE PAID

But Doctor Williams and Mr. Peach Voted No

WHEN THE BILLS WERE PASSED

They Objected to Something, but Other Members of the Board of Education Could Not See It In That Light—Only One Geography In the Schools In the Future.

The board of education met in regular session in the Central building last night. The meeting was a short one compared to those recently held. It lasted but 70 minutes. The members present were Messrs. Vodrey, Norris, Murphy, Hill, Fisher, Williams and Peach.

The meeting was opened with scripture reading and prayer by Mr. Murphy, after which the minutes of the last meeting were approved.

The bill of the Ceramic City Light company for \$150 was again held over. The bill was presented several months ago and was laid over because of it's not being correct. At a meeting of council, held in January, that body allowed six lights placed at the disposal of the board. That is why the bill was laid over.

The following bills were ordered paid: A. Watson, \$9.70; John Schlester, \$1; James McDole, \$78.05; George Whetton, \$20; W. B. Andell, \$8.50; J. H. Simms, \$16.90; Boston Store, \$1.69; William Tyler, \$7.70; Arbuthnot Bros., \$7.78; Frank Campbell, \$266.90; Diamond Hardware company, \$34.77; News Review, \$30.15; W. A. Hill, \$3.60; August Guthrie, \$7.50; J. H. Moore, \$6; Crisler, \$17.25; W. H. Adams, \$31.13; Eagle Hardware company, \$33.61; Burrows Bros., \$16.80; Hendrickson & Co., \$7.50; Piqua Chair company, \$18.50; Wilson Stationery company, \$29.25; J. T. Roberts, \$4; L. B. Kinsey, \$31.64; A. Rattray, \$6.86; Edward McCoy, \$13; American Book company, \$468.82; William G. Johnston, \$7.50; Houghton, Mifflin company, \$7.50; Sheldon company, \$5.64; board of school examiners, \$30; J. M. McDole, \$40.87; Martin Elliott, \$4.50; teachers salaries \$2,451.32.

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Doctor Williams spoke at length upon the books now in use in the schools. In part he said:

"I find that in our schools there are at least four different geographies now in use. We should do more for the scholars of East Liverpool and give them all the same book. To remedy this it will necessitate an outlay of \$275 providing the ones now in use be exchanged in the same manner as was in the case of the arithmetics." A motion was made to that effect, and it carried by an unanimous vote.

Superintendent Rayman's report for the month of September was read as follows. It is the first report of the year and is very complete: New enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202. This is an increase of 23 males and 16 females over the corresponding month of last year. Entire enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202; monthly enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202; re-enrollment, males, 1; average daily attendance, males, 1070, females, 1075; per cent attendance, males, 95, females, 95; in September 1897, the per cent attendance was 93; pupils absent, males, 581, females, 541; pupils withdrawn, males, 11, females, 19; cases of tardiness, males, 11, females, 2; corporal punishment, 31; teachers absent, 26; visits by parents, males, 15, females, 43; visits by board, 4; cases of sickness, males, 133, females, 174; visits by superintendent, 137; deaths, 1.

Superintendent Rayman concluded his report by adding that a portion of the afternoon will be observed as Lafayette day.

The meeting then adjourned.

NOTICE.

Water consumers should call at the water works office and pay their water rent. By doing so now you will save the discount.

J. W. GIPNER, Clerk.

—Frank Moore, of Beaver, was in the city today on business.

STORY OF THE CHIPPEWAS.

How One of Their Warriors Was Tortured by a Fox Indian.

Appropos of the war now being waged upon the United States by the so called Bear Island Indians, who belong to the Pillager band of Chippewas, the following story of how a noted Ojibway or Chippewa warrior was taken prisoner by his nephew, a warrior of the Foxes, and tortured by fire will be interesting:

The wars between the Ojibways and Foxes are described as fierce and bloody in the extreme, marked with every cruelty attendant on savage warfare. The Foxes tortured their prisoners in various ways, principally with fire. This custom is said to have originated as follows:

A noted Ojibway warrior was taken prisoner by his nephew, a young warrior of the Foxes, son of his own sister, who had been captured when young and adopted and married into the tribe. To evince his utter contempt for any tie of blood existing between him and his Ojibway uncle this young man planted two stakes strongly in the ground, and, taking his uncle by the arm, remarked that he wished to warm him before a good fire. Deliberately tying his uncle's arms and legs as widely as they could be stretched to the stakes, this unnatural nephew built a huge fire in front of his captive, and when his naked body was burned to a blister on one side, turned him around until his back was also cruelly burned. He was then untied and turned loose by the nephew and told to go home and tell the Ojibways how the Foxes treated their uncles.

The uncle recovered from his fire wounds and in a subsequent war excursion captured his cruel nephew, took him to the Ojibway village, tied him to a stake, and, taking a fresh elk skin, on which a layer of fat had been purposely left, placed it over a fire until it became ablaze, and then, throwing it over the naked shoulders of his nephew, remarked: "Nephew, when you took me to visit the village of your people you warmed me before a good fire. I now in return give you a warm mantle for your back." The elk skin, covered with thick fat, burned furiously, and, puckering, it tightened round the naked body of the victim—a dreadful mantle which soon consumed him. The act was retaliated by the Foxes, and death by fire in various horrible ways became the fate of all captives.—New York Times.

ECONOMIC LIVING.

Michigan Institution Claims to Have Solved the Vexatious Problem.

The Battle Creek (Mich.) sanitarium believes it has solved the problem of cheap living and that one can live well on \$3.40 per month. The sanitarium company undertakes to supply meals to its employees at cost. In fact, each employee is allowed 85 cents per week to cover the item of board, and so long as the employee does not overreach this allowance his or her board is free. Any excess over 85 cents is charged against the employee.

The method of keeping accounts with the employee is simple. A book of tickets or coupons is given to each person. The tickets have the uniform value of 1 cent. Every dish served is valued at a penny, so that each coupon will secure any single dish on the bill of fare. A correspondent thus describes the scene: The several hundred nurses, doctors, helpers, waiters and callboys who entered the building went quietly about the work of supplying themselves with food.

No waiters are employed, which is a source of economy. Each employee scans the bill of fare, selects the various dishes which he wants and, with tray in hand, makes his way to the serving kitchen, where the food is dished out. Everything goes on with perfect good order. No loud talking or boisterous conduct is permitted. The institution is conducted on a vegetarian plan.

The bill of fare embraces only the various breads, grains, fruits, vegetables, eggs, nut preparations, milk, butter, cream, kumyss, caramel cereal and sugar. No forms of meats, tea or coffee are served. No vinegar, pepper, spices or other high seasoning is used in foods or served on the tables. The bill of fare embraces about 60 different dishes.

Treasure For Stamp Hunters.

Philatelists will envy the lucky possessor of the cycle mail stamp, from western Australia. It is indeed a unique curiosity, for there is but one cycle mail in the world. The original design is somewhat rough, but not the less interesting for that reason. The description of the stamp is as follows: First, on the ground, lightly shaded with perpendicular lines, are the words, "Lake Leffroy Goldfield." Then, on an oval, are the words, "6d. Postage. 6d." The color is pink, stamped upon a pale green ground.—New York Journal.

Patriotic Philadelphia.

The white letter boxes are artistic in themselves, and with the red boxes for the fire department and the blue for the police they help to make the highways a symphony of the national colors.—Philadelphia Record.

Altogether Too Elaborate.

It is hard to believe that France courts trouble in Africa in order to cloak the Dreyfus scandal. That would be setting the house afire to cure a smoky chimney.—Sioux City Journal.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

AN AUSTRIAN AIRSHIP.

Its Inventor Believes He Can Cross the Atlantic in Four Days.

The problem of aerial navigation has been solved by a German nobleman, Count Zeppelin of Vienna, who has long interested himself in ballooning. The balloon which he has constructed is over 300 feet in length and cylindrical in form. It resembles an immense lead pencil.

Inside the balloon itself are several smaller balloons, which will perform the same functions as water tight compartments on ships. Water in a tank under the car will be used as ballast. The steering gear is composed of paddle wheels driven by electricity and fixed to the side of the car. Experts who have tested the apparatus declare it to be perfect. One of its first undertakings will be a balloon voyage to America, which Count Zeppelin is confident can be accomplished in four days.—Philadelphia Press.

Cheap Trips.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the northwest, west or southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, No. 360 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg. He represents the short lines to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the northwest, west and southwest. Daily through train service from Pittsburg, and from western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio points. The Pennsylvania is the only system of railways having a double route between Pittsburg and Chicago. Tell Mr. Dillon where you wish to go, and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

Thursday Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg account the exposition will be sold at single fare for round trip via Pennsylvania lines, Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13 and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie, Massillon, New Philadelphia and intermediate ticket stations on the Fort Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison, New Cumberland, Washington Wheeling and intermediate ticket stations on the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be sold for regular trains of those dates, and will be good returning three days including date of sale. For rates, tickets and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Visit the

Blanket Sale

at HARD'S.

You'll save money.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
Pittsburgh	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Rochester	5:45	11:30	11:30	11:00	7:30
Beaver	6:40	2:15	5:25	11:55	8:25
Vanport	6:45	2:20	5:30	11:55	8:30
Industry	7:00	2:30	5:40	12:10	8:44
Cooks Ferry	7:03	2:33	5:43	12:11	8:48
Smiths Ferry	7:11	2:40	5:50	12:20	8:55
East Liverpool	7:20	2:49	5:59	12:30	9:05
Wellsville	7:33	3:00	6:12	12:40	9:15
Wellsville	7:42	3:05	6:21	12:45	
Wellsville Shop	7:46	3:09	6:25	12:50	
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:15	6:31	12:55	
Hammondsville	8:01	3:24	6:40	1:03	
Irondale	8:05	3:28	6:44	1:06	
Salineville	8:25	3:38	6:54	1:17	
Bayard	9:09	4:10	7:38	2:05	
Alliance	9:40	4:33	8:09	2:30	
Ravenna	10:05	4:58	8:34	2:55	
Hudson	11:02	5:55	9:31	3:10	
Cleveland	12:10	6:25	10:39	4:30	
Wellsville	7:47	3:10	6:55	12:45	11:02
Wellsville Shop	7:52	3:15	6:59	12:50	11:05
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:20	7:04	12:55	11:10
Port Homer	8:07	3:30	7:14	1:05	11:20
Empire	8:10	3:33	7:17	1:07	11:21
Elliottsville	8:17	3:38	7:24	1:12	11:23
Toronto	8:21	3:38	7:28	1:16	11:28
Ostonsia	8:28	3:45	7:35	1:23	
Steubenville	8:44	4:00	7:45	1:35	11:45
Mingo Je	8:51	4:07	7:52	1:40	11:45
Brilliant	8:58	4:14	7:59	1:47	11:51
Youngstown	9:07	4:23	8:08	1:56	12:01
Portland	9:14	4:30	8:15	2:03	12:08
Yorkville	9:19	4:35	8:20	2:08	12:12
Martins Ferry	9:32	4:45	8:33	2:18	12:25
Bridgeport	9:40	4:50	8:41	2:25	12:35
Bellaire	9:50	5:05	8:45	2:30	12:45

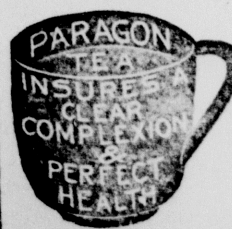
Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	3:45
Bellaire	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Bridgeport	14:45	13:00	14:45	11:00	12:45
Martins Ferry	5:53	13:00	14:54	11:02	12:58
Yorkville	5:01	9:15	15:02	11:05	13:05
Portland	5:15	9:28	15:16	11:18	13:17
Rush Run	5:20	9:33	15:21	11:23	13:22
Brilliant	5:28	9:41	15:29	11:31	13:30
Mingo Je	5:35	9:48	15:36	11:38	13:37
Steubenville	5:44	9:56	15:45	11:47	13:46
Canton	5:53	10:05	15:54	11:56	13:55
Toronto	6:07	10:17	16:08	12:10	14:09
Elliottsville	6:11	10:19	16:11	12:19	14:20
Empire	6:13	10:21	16:13	12:27	14:27
Port Homer	6:20	10:31	16:20	12:34	14:37
Yellow Creek	6:26	10:37	16:26	12:40	14:44
Wellsville Shop	6:31	10:42	16:31	12:45	14:50
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Pittsburgh	8:50	12:40	8:56	13:10	15:40

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburg and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 6-26-98. H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Is Your Head Clear? Do you feel a boundless energy in your blood? You can have these and renewed vitality by taking a dose of Paragon Tea before retiring. For a full course, 25 cents for one month's treatment. All druggists. Send 2 cent stamp for sample.

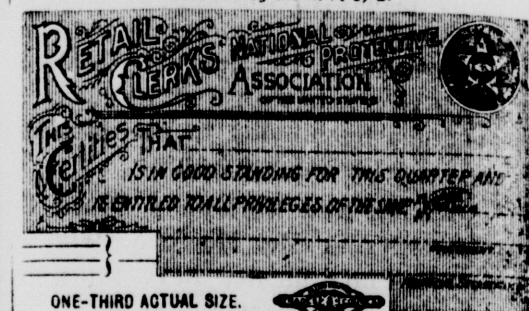
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

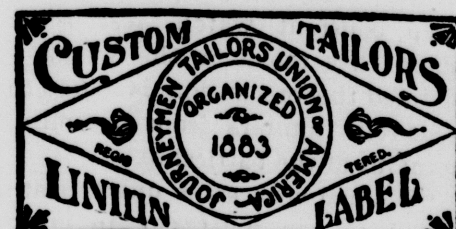
All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

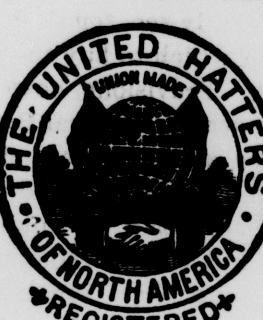
COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.



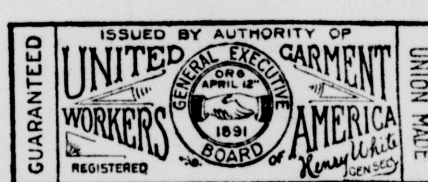
The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it on another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

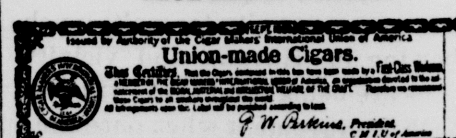


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

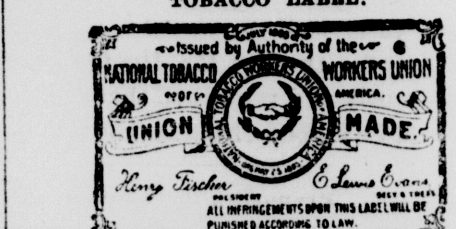
"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



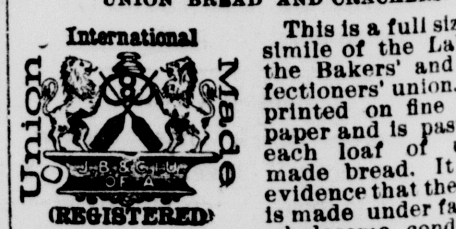
This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



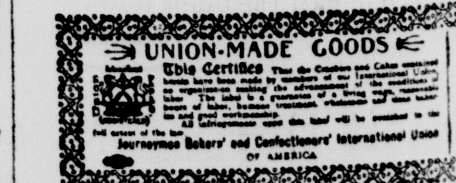
The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' Union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions.

and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



Paid Up Stock

and Running Stock are now being issued by

The Potters' Building and Savings Company.

Any amount desired.

TEACHERS WERE PAID

But Doctor Williams and Mr. Peach Voted No

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Mr. Hill, as chairman of the committee on course of study, stated that the committee were progressing favorably with their work. The report was received, and they were ordered to have the printer go ahead on the catalogue. The annual reports of superintendent and clerk will be embodied in the catalogue together with other data which has been secured by the committee. The number of copies to be printed has not been determined by the board.

Doctor Williams spoke at length upon the books now in use in the schools. In part he said:

"I find that in our schools there are at least four different geographies now in use. We should do more for the scholars of East Liverpool and give them all the same book. To remedy this it will necessitate an outlay of \$275 providing the ones now in use be exchanged in the same manner as was in the case of the arithmetics." A motion was made to that effect, and it carried by an unanimous vote.

Superintendent Rayman's report for the month of September was read as follows. It is the first report of the year and is very complete: New enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202. This is an increase of 23 males and 16 females over the corresponding month of last year. Entire enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202; monthly enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202; re-enrollment, males, 1; average daily attendance, males, 1070, females, 1075; per cent attendance, males, 95, females, 95; in September 1897, the per cent attendance was 93; pupils withdrawn, males, 17, females, 19; cases of tardiness, males, 111, females, 63; cases of truancy, males, 11, females, 2; corporal punishment, 31; teachers absent, 26; visits by parents, males, 15, females, 43; visits by board, 4; cases of sickness, males, 132, females, 174; visits by superintendent, 137; deaths, 1.

Superintendent Rayman concluded his report by adding that a portion of the afternoon will be observed as Lafayette day.

The meeting then adjourned.

NOTICE.

Water consumers should call at the water works office and pay their water rent. By doing so now you will save the discount.

J. W. GIPNER,
Clerk.

—Frank Moore, of Beaver, was in the city today on business.

STORY OF THE CHIPPEWAS.

How One of Their Warriors Was Tortured by a Fox Indian.

Apropos of the war now being waged upon the United States by the so called Bear Island Indians, who belong to the Pillager band of Chippewas, the following story of how a noted Ojibway or Chippewa warrior was taken prisoner by his nephew, a warrior of the Foxes, and tortured by fire will be interesting:

The wars between the Ojibways and Foxes are described as fierce and bloody in the extreme, marked with every cruelty attendant on savage warfare. The Foxes tortured their prisoners in various ways, principally with fire. This custom is said to have originated as follows:

A noted Ojibway warrior was taken prisoner by his nephew, a young warrior of the Foxes, son of his own sister, who had been captured when young and adopted and married into the tribe. To evince his utter contempt for any tie of blood existing between him and his Ojibway uncle this young man planted two stakes strongly in the ground, and, taking his uncle by the arm, remarked that he wished to warm him before a good fire. Deliberately tying his uncle's arms and legs as widely as they could be stretched to the stakes, this unnatural nephew built a huge fire in front of his captive, and when his naked body was burned to a blister on one side, turned him around until his back was also cruelly burned. He was then untied and turned loose by the nephew and told to go home and tell the Ojibways how the Foxes treated their uncles.

The uncle recovered from his fire wounds and in a subsequent war excursion captured his cruel nephew, took him to the Ojibway village, tied him to a stake, and, taking a fresh elk skin, on which a layer of fat had been purposely left, placed it over a fire until it became ablaze, and then, throwing it over the naked shoulders of his nephew, remarked: "Nephew, when you took me to visit the village of your people you warmed me before a good fire. I now in return give you a warm mantle for your back." The elk skin, covered with thick fat, burned furiously, and, puckering, it tightened round the naked body of the victim—a dreadful mantle which soon consumed him. The act was retaliated by the Foxes, and death by fire in various horrible ways became the fate of all captives.—New York Times.

ECONOMIC LIVING.

Michigan Institution Claims to Have Solved the Vexatious Problem.

The Battle Creek (Mich.) sanitarium believes it has solved the problem of cheap living and that one can live well on \$3.40 per month. The sanitarium company undertakes to supply meals to its employees at cost. In fact, each employee is allowed 85 cents per week to cover the item of board, and so long as the employee does not overreach this allowance his or her board is free. Any excess over 85 cents is charged against the employee.

The method of keeping accounts with the employee is simple. A book of tickets or coupons is given to each person. The tickets have the uniform value of 1 cent. Every dish served is valued at a penny, so that each coupon will secure any single dish on the bill of fare. A correspondent thus describes the scene: The several hundred nurses, doctors, helpers, waiters and callboys who entered the building went quietly about the work of supplying themselves with food.

No waiters are employed, which is a source of economy. Each employee scans the bill of fare, selects the various dishes which he wants and, with tray in hand, makes his way to the serving kitchen, where the food is dished out. Everything goes on with perfect good order. No loud talking or boisterous conduct is permitted. The institution is conducted on a vegetarian plan.

The bill of fare embraces only the various breads, grains, fruits, vegetables, eggs, nut preparations, milk, butter, cream, kumyss, caramel cereal and sugar. No forms of meats, tea or coffee are served. No vinegar, pepper, spices or other high seasoning is used in foods or served on the tables. The bill of fare embraces about 60 different dishes.

Treasure For Stamp Hunters.

Philatelists will envy the lucky possessor of the cycle mail stamp, from western Australia. It is indeed a unique curiosity, for there is but one cycle mail in the world. The original design is somewhat rough, but not the less interesting for that reason. The description of the stamp is as follows: First, on the ground, lightly shaded with perpendicular lines, are the words, "Lake Leifroy Goldfield." Then, on an oval, are the words, "6d. Postage. 6d." The color is pink, stamped upon a pale green ground.—New York Journal.

Patriotic Philadelphia.

The white letter boxes are artistic in themselves, and with the red boxes for the fire department and the blue for the police they help to make the highways a symphony of the national colors.—Philadelphia Record.

Altogether Too Elaborate.

It is hard to believe that France courts trouble in Africa in order to cloak the Dreyfus scandal. That would be setting the house afire to cure a smoky chimney.—Sioux City Journal.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand) are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

AN AUSTRIAN AIRSHIP.

Its Inventor Believes He Can Cross the Atlantic in Four Days.

The problem of aerial navigation has been solved by a German nobleman, Count Zeppelin of Vienna, who has long interested himself in ballooning. The balloon which he has constructed is over 300 feet in length and cylindrical in form. It resembles an immense lead pencil.

Inside the balloon itself are several smaller balloons, which will perform the same functions as water tight compartments on ships. Water in a tank under the car will be used as ballast. The steering gear is composed of paddle wheels driven by electricity and fixed to the side of the car. Experts who have tested the apparatus declare it to be perfect. One of its first undertakings will be a balloon voyage to America, which Count Zeppelin is confident can be accomplished in four days.—Philadelphia Press.

Cheap Trips.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the northwest, west or southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, No. 360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. He represents the "short lines" to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the northwest, west and southwest. Daily through train service from Pittsburgh, and from western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio points. The Pennsylvania is the only system of railways having a double route between Pittsburgh and Chicago. Tell Mr. Dillon where you wish to go, and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

Thursday Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account the exposition will be sold at single fare for round trip via Pennsylvania lines, Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13 and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie, Massillon, New Philadelphia and intermediate ticket stations on the Fort Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison, New Cumberland, Washington, Wheeling and intermediate ticket stations on the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be sold for regular trains of those dates, and will be good returning three days including date of sale. For rates, tickets and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Visit the

Blanket Sale

at HARD'S.

You'll save money.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

	Westward.				Eastward.			
	AM	PM	PM	AM	AM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh	11:30	1:30	4:30	11:30	7:45	10:00	12:45	7:45
Rochester	6:40	2:15	6:25	11:50	8:25	11:50	8:25	6:40
Beaver	6:50	2:25	6:35	12:00	8:35	12:00	8:35	6:50
Vanport	7:00	2:35	6:45	12:10	8:45	12:10	8:45	7:00
Industry	7:03	2:38	6:48	12:13	8:48	12:13	8:48	7:03
Cooks Ferry	7:11	2:46	6:56	12:21	8:56	12:21	8:56	7:11
Smiths Ferry	7:20	2:55	7:05	12:30	9:05	12:30	9:05	7:20
East Liverpool	7:23	2:58	7:08	12:33	9:08	12:33	9:08	7:23
Wellsville	7:33	3:08	7:18	12:43	9:18	12:43	9:18	7:33
Wellsville	7:42	3:15	7:27	12:50	9:27	12:50	9:27	7:42
Wellsville Shop	7:46	3:19	7:31	12:54	9:31	12:54	9:31	7:46
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:25	7:37	12:59	9:37	12:59	9:37	7:52
Hammondsville	8:01	3:34	7:46	1:08	9:46	1:08	9:46	8:01
Trondale	8:06	3:39	7:51	1:13	9:51	1:13	9:51	8:06
Sallenville	8:25	3:58	8:10	1:27	10:10	1:27	10:10	8:25
Bayard	9:09	4:42	8:54	1:30	10:54	1:30	10:54	9:09
Alliance	9:40	5:13	9:25	1:33	11:25	1:33	11:25	9:40
Ravenna	10:05	5:38	9:50	1:35	11:50	1:35	11:50	10:05
Hudson	11:02	6:35	10:47	1:38	12:47	1:38	12:47	11:02
Cleveland	12:10	6:25	11:40	1:43	1:43	1:43	1:43	12:10
Wellsville	7:47	3:10	7:55	15:55	11:02	9:58	12:45	7:47
Wellsville Shop	7:52	3:15	8:00	15:59	11:05	9:58	12:48	7:52
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:20	8:05	16:01	11:10	10:03	12:53	7:57
Port Homer	8:03	3:26	8:10	16:09	11:16	10:09	12:59	8:03
Empire	8:10	3:33	8:17	16:17	11:21	10:16	13:07	8:10
Chillicothe	8:17	3:40	8:24	16:21	11:23	10:18	13:11	8:17
Toronto	8:21	3:44	8:28	16:30	11:28	10:23	13:16	8:21
Costonia	8:28	3:51	8:35	16:37	11:35	10:30	13:23	8:28
Steubenville	8:44	4:07	8:51	16:51	11:45	10:40	13:37	8:44
Mingo Je	8:51	4:14	9:04	16:58	11:51	10:47	13:44	8:51
Brilliant	8:58	4:21	9:11	17:04	11:58	10:54	13:51	8:58
Port Kunk	9:07	4:30	9:20	17:12	12:07	10:58	14:00	9:07
Port Kunk	9:13	4:36	9:26	17:18	12:13	11:04	14:06	9:13
Yorkville	9:19	4:42	9:32	17:20	12:19	11:10	14:12	9:19
Martins Ferry	9:32	4:55	9:45	17:32	12:25	11:16	14:25	9:32
Bridgeport	9:40	5:03	9:53	17:38	12:33	11:24	14:33	9:40
Bellaire	9:50	5:05	10:00	17:45	12:40	11:31	14:40	9:50

	Eastward.				Westward.			
	AM	PM	PM	AM	AM	PM	PM	AM
Bellaire	7:45	19:00	14:45	11:00	7:45	19:00	14:45	11:00
Bridgeport	8:53	9:09	14:54	11:10	8:53	9:09	14:54	11:10
Martins Ferry	5:01	9:15	15:02	11:16	5:01	9:15	15:02	11:16
Yorkville	5:10	9:24	15:12	11:23	5:10	9:24	15:12	11:23
Port Kunk	5:15	9:28	15:19	11:28	5:15	9:28	15:19	11:28
Port Kunk	5:20	9:33	15:24	11:33	5:20	9:33	15:24	11:33
Brilliant	5:28	9:41	15:32	11:41	5:28	9:41	15:32	11:41
Mingo Je	5:35	9:48	15:39	11:47	5:35	9:48	15:39	11:47
Steubenville	5:44	9:56	15:48	11:56	5:44	9:56	15:48	11:56
Costonia	6:00	10:12	16:04	12:15	6:00	10:12	16:04	12:15
Toronto	6:07	10:17	16:11	12:19	6:07	10:17	16:11	12:19
Chillicothe	6:11	10:19	16:15	12:23	6:11	10:19	16:15	12:23
Empire	6:13	10:21	16:17	12:25	6:13	10:21	16:17	12:25
Port Homer	6:20	10:27	16:21	12:27	6:20	10:27	16:21	12:27
Yellow Creek	6:26	10:33	16:27	12:33	6:26	10:33	16:27	12:33
Wellsville Shop	6:31	10:42	16:38	12:38	6:31	10:42	16:38	12:38
Wellsville	6:35	10:50	16:41	12:45	6:35	10:50	16:41	12:45
Wellsville	7:42	11:02	17:48	1:30	7:42	11:02	17:48	1:30
Wellsville Shop	7:46	11:06	17:52	1:34	7:46	11:06	17:52	1:34
Yellow Creek	7:52	11:12	18:00	1:40	7:52	11:12	18:00	1:40
Hammondsville	8:01	11:21	18:09	1:49	8:01	11:21	18:09	1:49
Trondale	8:06	11:26	18:14	1:54	8:06	11:26	18:14	1:54
Sallenville	8:25	11:45	18:33	2:13	8:25	11:45	18:33	2:13
Bayard	9:09	12:29	19:17	2:57	9:09	12:29	19:17	2:57
Alliance	9:40	13:00	19:48	3:28	9:40	13:00	19:48	3:28
Ravenna	10:05	13:25	20:03	3:53	10:05	13:25	20:03	3:53
Hudson	11:02	14:22	21:00	4:50	11:02	14:22	21:00	4:50
Cleveland	12:10	15:30	22:08	6:00	12:10	15:30	22:08	6:00
Wellsville	6:45	10:57	6:51	3:10	6:45	10:57	6:51	3:10
East Liverpool	6:57	11:07	7:03	3:20	6:57	11:07	7:03	3:20
Smiths Ferry	7:04	11:14	7:10	3:30	7:04	11:14	7:10	3:30
Cooks Ferry	7:20	11:24	7:26	3:40	7:20	11:24	7:26	3:40
Industry	7:25	11:30	7:31	3:45	7:25	11:30	7:31	3:45
Vanport	7:31	11:36	7:37	3:51	7:31	11:36	7:37	3:51
Beaver	7:40	11:45	7:46	4:00	7:40	11:45	7:46	4:00
Rochester	7:50	11:55	7:56	4:10	7:50	11:55	7:56	4:10
Pittsburgh	8:50	12:40	8:56	5:10	8:50	12:40	8:56	5:10

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LORRE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 6-26-28. H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

CASE WAS THROWN OUT

Because of a Law Passed Last Winter.

IT APPEARED UNEXPECTEDLY

When the Salem Opera House Manager Endeavored to Hold Tommy Shearer's Effects—It Is Something New in Ohio Law.

The attachment suit against the Tommy Shearer company yesterday afternoon was dismissed by Squire J. N. Rose, and their baggage was at once sent to them at Sharon.

The case was to have been heard this morning, but Attorney Travis argued a motion to dismiss the case on the grounds that a non-resident of the state was no longer ground for attachment according to a law passed by the last general assembly. The motion was entertained by Squire Rose, and the case was dismissed, and it now holds the distinction of being the first suit in the city to be tried under the new law passed by the last general assembly.

In speaking of the law the Ohio Legal News says:

"It will, quite likely, be a surprise to the bench and bar to learn that non-residence of the state is no longer a ground for attachment in Ohio, and it will be more deplorable when it is known that the change came through pure carelessness. In amending section 5501, so that foreign corporations that have been admitted to do business in Ohio were exempt from attachment on the ground of non-residence, the author of the bill made paragraph 1 read, 'When the defendant or one of the defendants is a foreign corporation,' omitting the words, 'or a non-resident of the state.' That this was a blunder is shown by the fact that in the last paragraph of the section non-residence is still referred to as if it were a ground for attachment, as well as by the fact there is absolutely no demand for such a change. The bill adds as a tenth ground of attachment, 'that the claim is for work and necessities.' Just what this clause means, it is hard to say, and no doubt judicial interpretation will be necessary to define it. In all, the job seems to be more appropriately termed 'a rape of the statutes' than anything else.

"For the next two years non-residence will not be a ground for attachment in Ohio. Senator Vernon H. Burke, of Cleveland, introduced the bill by request. The name of the author does not appear."

ON TIME

A Member of the Board Wants the School Men to Meet.

Several members of the board of education were chatting in the office of the superintendent in Central building last evening when the big bell in the tower struck 8. The meeting was to have commenced at that hour but only three members were present. One of those present when he looked at the clock said:

"This thing of meeting on time should be strictly adhered to. This board is noted for doing things technically, and they should be just the same when it comes to a meeting. If they don't start on time I will quit coming, and that is all there is to it."

How This!

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Prices 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Read a Paper.

Doctor Calhoun, of East End, left this morning for Alliance where he spent the day attending the monthly meeting of the Tri-State Medical association which was held in that place. Several other physicians were expected to attend from this place, but Doctor Calhoun was the only one who left on the early train. While there he read a paper on "Appendicitis."

Finest suitings and overcoatings in the market at Fred Laufenberger's.

THE SUDANESE TROOPS.

Why Those Who Fought the British Are Now on Their Side.

The Sudanese are splendid troops. There are six regiments of them, about 500 men in each. It is a curious thing to reflect on that among their ranks are between 700 and 800 men who fought against us at the Atbara. It will perhaps be a little difficult for those who are not well acquainted with the history of the Sudan to understand how these men could have come so entirely over to our side as within three or four months to be fighting against their former comrades, so I give the following explanation.

The inhabitants of the Sudan may be roughly divided into two distinct types—the Arabs and the blacks. The Arabs are the ruling race, the blacks being mostly slaves, who consequently have no particular love for their Arab masters, although, at the same time, they are on account of their bravery the khalifa's most trusted troops. The blacks, however, fight for sheer love of the game and are ready, as a rule, to side with whoever they think will win and treat them best, and it is these men who are now enlisted in the Sudanese regiments.

These Sudanese regiments present a very fine appearance. They are nearly all very tall men, slender, but at the same time very wiry, and their marching powers are wonderful. Their uniform is particularly neat and serviceable, consisting of a red fez, colored with kharki. On one side of the fez is a strip of colored cloth, varying with the different regiments, on which in brass Arabic characters is the number of the regiment itself. They wear a brown woolen jersey, kharki breeches, blue rethais and last, but certainly not least, a pair of enormous boots. Fourteen is a common size.

Their equipment is of brown leather, and they wear a bandolier belt for cartridges, kharki haversack and water bottle. They are armed with the Martini-Henri rifle and bayonet. They are good natured fellows, and are inordinately fond of music, or, rather, a good noise. However, their bands are wonderfully well turned out, and will play for mile after mile without stopping. They are particularly fond of the bagpipes, and one or two of the regiments have pipers who have been trained by the highland regiments.—Cor. Dublin Express.

SLEPT NINETEEN WEEKS.

Strange Case and Queer Experiences of a Wyoming (Ills.) Woman.

Mrs. Rosalie P. Havens of Wyoming, Ills., finally awakened the other day after a sleep of 19 weeks. Two days before her slumbers began she wandered away from home in the afternoon and was found late at night two miles away, lying unconscious under a brush heap, on the Spoon river. She was carried home and restored to consciousness.

She explained that she felt herself losing consciousness, and, fearing that she would suffer from the cold before she was discovered, she had crawled under the pile of brush. She complained of great weariness and sank into the sleep which continued 19 weeks. For the first two weeks of her slumber the case attracted much attention among the people of the little village. Then the story spread, and every train brought from one to a dozen strangers. Physicians from this and other states, mesmerists, faith healers, hypnotists and curiosity seekers flocked to the town to see the sleeping woman. All sorts of tests failed to rouse her.

A few days ago she rubbed her eyes, sat up in bed and looked with astonishment at those around her. She insisted that she had gone to sleep the evening before, and even now she cannot realize that she has been dead to the world for such a long time. While her body has been lying in the cottage in Wyoming her spirit has journeyed through space. She has traveled in dreams with strange, prehistoric people through the icefields of Greenland, Alaska and the mountains of the west. She tells remarkable stories of her adventures, and it is difficult to convince her that they were not real. Mrs. Havens is 32 years old and was afflicted with melancholia before her sleep began.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

QUEER SWARM OF INSECTS.

Brown Butterflies Invade Topeka and Prevent Out of Door Work.

An army of butterflies of an entirely different variety from any known to scientific men of Kansas appeared at Topeka the other day. The insects are of a reddish brown color, and none is found in the museums here which resemble them. They exude a peculiar odor, which is extremely disagreeable, and in some instances has made those sick who inhaled it.

Several residents of the towns south of Topeka who were in the city a few days ago say that at times work outdoors was next to impossible, owing to the number of insects constantly hovering about. The air over Topeka was filled all day with myriads of the insects. Where they arrived from so suddenly is a mystery. A report reached Topeka the other afternoon of the delay of a train on one of the small branches of the Union Pacific road by the large number of insects gathering on the rails, making them slippery.—New York Journal.



Another Spanish Victory!!!
He's captured Battle Ax.

You may be disappointed in war, in politics, or in business, but you will never be disappointed in

BattleAx PLUG

It is the one chewing tobacco in the world that is always the same good chew—and the largest piece at the lowest price. Try it to-day.

Remember the name when you buy again.

Elizabeth Left a Vast Fortune.

The late Empress Elizabeth left a vast fortune. In fact, she was one of the richest royal personages in Europe. The empress had a much larger civil list from the day of her marriage, in 1854, than she ever spent, and her surplus income was judiciously laid out in purchasing property around Vienna, which was then bought very cheap, but which is now covered with buildings. Her gains through these investments were enormous.—New York Journal.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 65¢@66¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 38¢@39¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 55¢@55½¢; high mixed, shelled, 54¢@55¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 28¢@28½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 28¢@28½¢; extra No. 3, white, 27¢@27½¢; light mixed, 25¢@25½¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$3.75@3.90; No. 2, \$3.75@3.90; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$3.00@3.25; wagon hay, \$3.50@4.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 65¢@75¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; spring chickens, 3¢@6¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@50¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.25 per pair. Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; spring chickens, 10¢@11¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@23½¢; extra creamery, 22¢@22½¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 19¢@20¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; low grades and cooking, 10¢@12¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 9¢@9½¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8¢@9¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, new, 8½¢@9¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 11¢@11½¢. EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15¢@16¢; candied, 16¢@17¢.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.

CATTLE—Receipts 125 loads; market easy at a shade lower prices. We quote the following prices: Extra, \$5.25@5.40; prime, \$5.00@5.15; good, \$4.50@4.90; tidy, \$4.65@4.75; fair, \$4.00@4.50; common, \$3.75@4.00; heifers, \$3.50@4.50; common to good fat oxen, \$2.50@4.25; bulls, cows and stags, \$2.25@3.90; good fresh cows, \$4.00@4.00; common, \$3.00@3.50.

HOGS—Receipts liberal, fully 60 double-deckers on sale; market ruled steady. Sales were: Prime mediums, \$3.50@3.95; heavy Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; common to fair Yorkers, \$3.50@3.85; heavy hogs, \$3.90@3.95; pigs, \$3.60@3.75; roughs, \$2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts 14 loads; market firm on sheep, lambs 10¢@15¢ lower. We quote prices: Prime, \$4.65@4.75; good, \$4.50@4.60; fair, \$4.00@4.15; common, \$3.25@3.75; choice lambs, \$5.70@5.85; common to good, \$3.50@5.00; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin, \$4.00@4.00.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17.

HOGS—Market active at \$3.10@3.85.

CATTLE—Market active and firm at \$2.50@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull and lower at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs—Market lower at \$4.00@5.00.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 72½¢ f. o. b. abroad.

CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 38¢ f. o. b. abroad.

OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 28¢.

CATTLE—Demand fair; good to choice steers steady, others 10¢@15¢ lower; bulls firm; cows weak to be lower. Oxen and stags, fair to choice, \$3.85@4.90; bulls, \$2.50@3.50; cows, \$1.62@3.40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep 10¢@15¢ lower; lambs active but fully 10¢ lower. Sheep, \$3.00@4.75; lambs, \$5.12½@6.15. HOGS—Market slow at \$3.90@4.15.

A Unique Sign.

A sign which was productive of much discussion was read by the patrons of a small laundry establishment in a Massachusetts town.

It was printed in large letters on a piece of brown paper and pinned to the door of the shop. It ran thus:

"Closed on account of sickness till next Monday, or possibly Wednesday. I am not expected to live. Shall be unable to deliver goods for at least a week in any case."

Peace to His Ashes.

The location of Columbus' remains promises to become as much a matter of dispute as his status as an American discoverer.—Washington Star.

Colorado Soldier's Def.

I would like to write a sonnet and put loving trimmings on it.

To the pretty little girl I left behind me, But she's got another feller, and I simply want to tell her

That her loss with bitter tears will never blind me. Here in beautiful Manila, far across the bounding billow,

I have found another sugar plum—God bless her!

And, although she is the color of a fried New England cruller,

It will never drain my pocketbook to dress her.

Here's a figure like a Juno; doesn't try to hide it, you know,

With the finery our Yankee girls so covet.

And her mouth is a creation built for blissful osculation,

With the very cutest nose on earth above it.

And her smile—oh, holy Moses, what a vision it discloses

Of a rosy portal gemmed with grinders peerly!

Oh, there are no flies upon her, and I fear I am a goner

To the wiles of this sweet Filipino girlie!

So the girl I left behind me isn't very apt to find me

Shedding tears of disappointment should I lose her.

For I'm really quite enraptured with the native belle I've captured,

And she's gone upon her Colorado snoozer.

So exultantly I tell her that her once best steady feller

Whom she thinks she's downed forever in the soup

Has been happily relaptured, has quite easily discovered

That she's not the only chicken in the coop!

—Denver Post.

Visit the

Blanket Sale

at HARD'S.

You'll save money.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop
IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an
Election Sticker
to a
3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE
COLOR PRINTING,
ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK,
IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
IM. TYPE WRITER,
&c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CARE FUL, CORRECT PRINT ING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
INVOICE SHEETS,
INVITATIONS,
FOLDERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

CASE WAS THROWN OUT

Because of a Law Passed Last Winter.

IT APPEARED UNEXPECTEDLY

When the Salem Opera House Manager Endeavored to Hold Tommy Shearer's Effects—It Is Something New In Ohio Law.

The attachment suit against the Tommy Shearer company yesterday afternoon was dismissed by Squire J. N. Rose, and their baggage was at once sent to them at Sharon.

The case was to have been heard this morning, but Attorney Travis argued a motion to dismiss the case on the grounds that a non-resident of the state was no longer ground for attachment according to a law passed by the last general assembly. The motion was entertained by Squire Rose, and the case was dismissed, and it now holds the distinction of being the first suit in the city to be tried under the new law passed by the last general assembly.

In speaking of the law the Ohio Legal News says:

"It will, quite likely, be a surprise to the bench and bar to learn that non-residence of the state is no longer a ground for attachment in Ohio, and it will be more deplorable when it is known that the change came through pure carelessness. In amending section 5501, so that foreign corporations that have been admitted to do business in Ohio were exempt from attachment on the ground of non-residence, the author of the bill made paragraph 1 read, 'When the defendant or one of the defendants is a foreign corporation,' omitting the words, 'or a non-resident of the state.' That this was a blunder is shown by the fact that in the last paragraph of the section non-residence is still referred to as if it were a ground for attachment, as well as by the fact there is absolutely no demand for such a change. The bill adds as a tenth ground of attachment, 'that the claim is for work and necessities.' Just what this clause means, it is hard to say, and no doubt judicial interpretation will be necessary to define it. In all, the job seems to be more appropriately termed 'a rape of the statutes' than anything else.

"For the next two years non-residence will not be a ground for attachment in Ohio. Senator Vernon H. Burke, of Cleveland, introduced the bill by request. The name of the author does not appear."

ON TIME

A Member of the Board Wants the School Men to Meet.

Several members of the board of education were chatting in the office of the superintendent in Central building last evening when the big bell in the tower struck 8. The meeting was to have commenced at that hour but only three members were present. One of those present when he looked at the clock said:

"This thing of meeting on time should be strictly adhered to. This board is noted for doing things technically, and they should be just the same when it comes to a meeting. If they don't start on time I will quit coming, and that is all there is to it."

How This!

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Prices 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Read a Paper.

Doctor Calhoun, of East End, left this morning for Alliance where he spent the day attending the monthly meeting of the Tri-State Medical association which was held in that place. Several other physicians were expected to attend from this place, but Doctor Calhoun was the only one who left on the early train. While there he read a paper on "Appendicitis."

Finest suitings and overcoatings in the market at Fred. Laufenberger's.

THE SUDANESE TROOPS.

Why Those Who Fought the British Are Now on Their Side.

The Sudanese are splendid troops. There are six regiments of them, about 500 men in each. It is a curious thing to reflect on that among their ranks are between 700 and 800 men who fought against us at the Atbara. It will perhaps be a little difficult for those who are not well acquainted with the history of the Sudan to understand how these men could have come so entirely over to our side as within three or four months to be fighting against their former comrades, so I give the following explanation.

The inhabitants of the Sudan may be roughly divided into two distinct types—the Arabs and the blacks. The Arabs are the ruling race, the blacks being mostly slaves, who consequently have no particular love for their Arab masters, although, at the same time, they are on account of their bravery the khalifa's most trusted troops. The blacks, however, fight for sheer love of the game and are ready, as a rule, to side with whoever they think will win and treat them best, and it is these men who are now enlisted in the Sudanese regiments.

These Sudanese regiments present a very fine appearance. They are nearly all very tall men, slender, but at the same time very wiry, and their marching powers are wonderful. Their uniform is particularly neat and serviceable, consisting of a red fez, colored with kharki. On one side of the fez is a strip of colored cloth, varying with the different regiments, on which in brass Arabic characters is the number of the regiment itself. They wear a brown woolen jersey, kharki breeches, blue rethi and last, but certainly not least, a pair of enormous boots. Fourteen is a common size.

Their equipment is of brown leather, and they wear a bandolier belt for cartridges, kharki haversack and water bottle. They are armed with the Martini-Henri rifle and bayonet. They are good natured fellows, and are inordinately fond of music, or, rather, a good noise. However, their bands are wonderfully well turned out, and will play for mile after mile without stopping. They are particularly fond of the bagpipes, and one or two of the regiments have pipers who have been trained by the highland regiments.—Cor. Dublin Express.

SLEPT NINETEEN WEEKS.

Strange Case and Queer Experiences of a Wyoming (Ill.) Woman.

Mrs. Rosalie P. Havens of Wyoming, Ill., finally awakened the other day after a sleep of 19 weeks. Two days before her slumbers began she wandered away from home in the afternoon and was found late at night two miles away, lying unconscious under a brush heap, on the Spoon river. She was carried home and restored to consciousness.

She explained that she felt herself losing consciousness, and, fearing that she would suffer from the cold before she was discovered, she had crawled under the pile of brush. She complained of great weariness and sank into the sleep which continued 19 weeks. For the first two weeks of her slumber the case attracted much attention among the people of the little village. Then the story spread, and every train brought from one to a dozen strangers. Physicians from this and other states, mesmerists, faith healers, hypnotists and curiosity seekers flocked to the town to see the sleeping woman. All sorts of tests failed to rouse her.

A few days ago she rubbed her eyes, sat up in bed and looked with astonishment at those around her. She insisted that she had gone to sleep the evening before, and even now she cannot realize that she has been dead to the world for such a long time. While her body has been lying in the cottage in Wyoming her spirit has journeyed through space. She has traveled in dreams with strange, prehistoric people through the icefields of Greenland, Alaska and the mountains of the west. She tells remarkable stories of her adventures, and it is difficult to convince her that they were not real. Mrs. Havens is 32 years old and was afflicted with melancholia before her sleep began.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

QUEER SWARM OF INSECTS.

Brown Butterflies Invade Topeka and Prevent Out of Door Work.

An army of butterflies of an entirely different variety from any known to scientific men of Kansas appeared at Topeka the other day. The insects are of a reddish brown color, and none is found in the museums here which resemble them. They exude a peculiar odor, which is extremely disagreeable, and in some instances has made those sick who inhaled it.

Several residents of the towns south of Topeka who were in the city a few days ago say that at times work outdoors was next to impossible, owing to the number of insects constantly hovering about. The air over Topeka was filled all day with myriads of the insects. Where they arrived from so suddenly is a mystery. A report reached Topeka the other afternoon of the delay of a train on one of the small branches of the Union Pacific road by the large number of insects gathering on the rails, making them slippery.—New York Journal.



Another Spanish Victory!!! He's captured Battle Ax.

You may be disappointed in war, in politics, or in business, but you will never be disappointed in

BattleAx PLUG

It is the one chewing tobacco in the world that is always the same good chew—and the largest piece at the lowest price. Try it to-day.

Remember the name when you buy again.

Elizabeth Left a Vast Fortune.

The late Empress Elizabeth left a vast fortune. In fact, she was one of the richest royal personages in Europe. The empress had a much larger civil list from the day of her marriage, in 1854, than she ever spent, and her surplus income was judiciously laid out in purchasing property around Vienna, which was then bought very cheap, but which is now covered with buildings. Her gains through these investments were enormous.—New York Journal.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 65¢@66¢. CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 38¢@38½¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 36¢@35½¢; high mixed, shelled, 34¢@35¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 28¢@28½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 28¢@28½¢; extra No. 3, white, 27¢@27½¢; light mixed, 25¢@25½¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$3.75@3.90; No. 2, \$3.75@3.90; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$3.00@3.25; wagon hay, \$2.50@3.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 65¢@75¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; spring chickens, 50¢@60¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@50¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.25 per pair. Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; spring chickens, 10¢@11¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 28¢@29¢; extra creamery, 29¢@30¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 19¢@20¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; low grades and cooking, 10¢@12¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 9¢@9½¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8¢@8½¢; Wisconsin, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, new, 8¢@9¢; brick cheese, 5¢@5½¢; average, 1¢@1½¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15¢@16¢; candied, 16¢@17¢.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.

CATTLE—Receipts 125 loads; market easy at a shade lower prices. We quote the following prices: Extra, \$5.25@5.40; prime, \$5.00@5.15; good, \$4.80@4.90; tidy, \$4.65@4.75; fair, \$4.00@4.50; common, \$3.75@4.00; heifers, \$3.50@4.50; common to good fat oxen, \$2.50@4.25; bulls, cows and stags, \$2.25@3.90; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; common, \$3.00@3.50.

HOGS—Receipts liberal, fully 60 double-deckers on sale; market ruled steady. Sales were: Prime mediums, \$3.50@3.95; heavy Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; common to fair Yorkers, \$3.80@3.85; heavy hogs, \$3.90@3.95; pigs, \$3.60@3.75; roughs, \$2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts 14 loads; market firm on sheep, lambs 10¢@15¢ lower. We quote prices: Prime, \$4.65@4.75; good, \$4.50@4.60; fair, \$4.00@4.35; common, \$3.25@3.75; choice lambs, \$5.70@5.85; common to good, \$3.50@5.90; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17.

HOGS—Market active at \$3.10@3.85.

CATTLE—Market active and firm at \$2.50@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull and lower at \$2.25@4.90. Lambs—Market lower at \$4.00@5.00.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 75¢ f. o. b. adnat.

CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 38¢ f. o. b. adnat.

OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 28¢.

CATTLE—Demand fair; good to choice steers steady, others 10¢@15¢ lower; bulls firm; cows weak to 10¢ lower. Oxen and stags, fair to choice, \$3.85@4.90; bulls, \$2.50@3.50; cows, \$1.62¢@3.40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep 10¢@15¢ lower; lambs active but fully 10¢ lower. Sheep, \$3.00@4.75; lambs, \$5.12¢@6.15.

HOGS—Market slow at \$3.90@4.15.

A Unique Sign.

A sign which was productive of much discussion was read by the patrons of a small laundry establishment in a Massachusetts town.

It was printed in large letters on a piece of brown paper and pinned to the door of the shop. It ran thus:

"Closed on account of sickness till next Monday, or possibly Wednesday. I am not expected to live. Shall be unable to deliver goods for at least a week in any case."

Peace to His Ashes.

The location of Columbus remains promises to become as much a matter of dispute as his status as an American discoverer.—Washington Star.

Colorado Soldier's Deed.

I would like to write a sonnet and put loving trimmings on it.

To the pretty little girl I left behind me, But she's got another feller, and I simply want to tell her

That her loss with bitter tears will never blind me.

Here in beautiful Manila, far across the bounding billow,

I have found another sugar plum—God bless her!

And, although she is the color of a fried New England cruller,

It will never drain my pocketbook to dress her.

Hers a figure like a Juno; doesn't try to hide it, you know,

With the finery our Yankee girls so covet.

And her mouth is a creation built for blissful osculation,

With the very cutest nose on earth above it.

And her smile—oh, holy Moses, what a vision it discloses

Of a rosy portal gemmed with grinders pearly!

Oh, there are no flies upon her, and I fear I am a goner

To the wiles of this sweet Filipino girlie!

So the girl I left behind me isn't very apt to find me

Shedding tears of disappointment should I lose her

For I'm really quite enraptured with the native belle I've captured.

And she's gone upon her Colorado snoozer

So exultantly I tell her that her once best steady feller

Whom she thinks she's downed forever in the soup

Has been happily recovered, has quite easily discovered

That she's not the only chicken in the coop!

—Denver Post.

Visit the
Blanket Sale
at HARD'S.
You'll save money.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop
IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSING, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work. No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type. Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses. The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen. Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE ADVERTISERS.
The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.
HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.
The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Railroad street, a son.
David Dewar, of Toronto, has taken a position at the East End pottery.
The Knights of Pythias at their meeting this evening will initiate four candidates.

Mrs. James Johnson, of Basil avenue, is very seriously ill, and it is thought she cannot recover.

The Red Cross society will meet this evening in the parish building to transact important business.

Private Vanfossen, who has been at Camp Meade with his regiment, is home on furlough. He has but seven days to stay.

Thomas Sample, of the freight depot, spent yesterday visiting friends in Minerva. He returned to the city this morning.

Mrs. Lintell, of Harper, Kan., who has been spending several weeks in this city visiting friends, returned to her home today.

George C. Morton left today for Washington. He will go from there to the south where he expects to spend several weeks.

City Treasurer S. T. Herbert will leave this evening for Columbus where he will attend a session of the Grand lodge of Ohio, Masons.

The Vodrey Pottery company today loaded a car of ware in the lower yards for western shipment. A car is also being loaded by the Thompson company.

Private James Chisholm, of the Eighteenth Pennsylvania volunteers, returned home yesterday afternoon. His regiment was mustered out last Saturday.

Freight Agent T. J. Thomas, who has been ill with rheumatism for several weeks, is improving very slowly. While able to attend to his work at the depot he cannot get around without the aid of a cane.

Samuel Powell, of Rowlsburg, W. Va., who has been in the city several days the guest of his brother, C. W. Powell, returned to his home today. He is a Knight Templar, and spent last week at the conclave.

Thomas Webb, of the Quaker City band of Philadelphia, returned to his home in the east this morning. He has been in the city several days visiting his brother, and Sunday was one of the speakers at the Salvation Army barracks.

Isaac Dovey, of Indiana, who resided here over 50 years ago, stopped in the city today on his way home from Pittsburgh. He found the city very greatly changed, and asked after many business houses that have long since been replaced by new structures.

Considerable freight is being handled at the freight depot, and more business is being transacted than during last week. The platform this morning was well filled with casks, and all day the rollers were a busy set of men. A fair number of cars were sent out yesterday.

I. H. Hickman, one of the surviving members of the old volunteer fire department of New York city, spent yesterday in the city on business. He made an attempt to enlist in the army during the late war, but was refused on account of his age. Mr. Hickman left this morning for Youngstown.

George W. McConnell, of Carrollton, spent last evening in the city the guest of his son, Criss McConnell, Sixth street. He left this morning for Beaver, where he will attend a reunion of the One Hundred and Fortieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, of which regiment he was a member during the civil war.

Detective Ward, of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road, was in the city this morning, and an angry individual he was. There was something wrong, but he would not talk about it. He went up the river on the early train, and while he was after some one, he had not apprehended the culprit at noon.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

Lace Curtains.

All new goods bought for the fall trade. White and ivory curtains at \$2, \$3, \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$5.50 and \$6.75 per pair.
Ecru colored curtains from 50c to \$5 per pair.
Bed room curtains, ruffled swiss or net, at 98c to \$3.75 per pair.
New curtain goods by the yard. Net with lace and insertion, at 25c, 35c and 39c per yard.
If at all interested in curtains or curtain materials, come in and see these goods.

Materials for Comforts.

New prints at 5c, 6 1-4 and 7c per yard. Handsome designs in satines, 36 inches wide, large patterns, at 18c per yard. Cotton batting at 5c, 8 1-3c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 18c and 20c per roll.

Fine Collarettes.

Electric seal scarf with six squirrel tails, at \$3.75. Stone martin scarfs trimmed with heads and tails, at \$15, \$18 and \$25 each.
Collarettes, plain and with tab fronts, at \$2.98 to \$35 each.

New Jackets.

A brown fine, all wool, kersey jacket, 22 inches long, nicely tailored, lined throughout with good quality satin, for \$18.
A navy blue kersey jacket, lined through with fancy taffetta silk, at \$18.
A black kersey jacket, lined through with striped taffetta silk, double breasted, three buttons, \$18.50.
If you wish a nice wrap it will pay you to see these jackets.
Other jackets at \$5, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

ENCOURAGED BY SCANDAL.

Attacks on the War Department Believed to Have Given the Spaniards Hope.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Information has reached the war department that a high officer of the Spanish army very recently made a statement that had the Spaniards been aware of the condition of the American army, as told in the American papers, the Spaniards would not have given up, but would have continued the fighting for a long time to come, fully believing that they would have been able to prevent the capture of Cuba by American arms.

This statement is known to have been made to the American officers now in Cuba, and causes some uneasiness in official circles, as it may mean that the Spaniards are not yet ready to yield the island under the terms of the protocol. It is believed by officials in Washington that had it not been for the outcry made regarding the army and the conduct of the war that there never would have been any question raised by the Spanish peace commissioners regarding the Cuban debt.

A large force will be sent to Cuba to give the Spanish there a different impression of our forces.

PRIVATES PUNISHED.

Three West Virginians Severely Dealt With and Will Be Court-martialed.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Oct. 18.—Privates Mace, Plant and Mose of Company M, Second West Virginia, were "spread-eagled" on the ground with their hands and feet tied to heavy stakes with stout ropes for nearly two hours for disobedience of orders. Sentries were stationed over the prostrate men and their faces were exposed to burning glares of the sun until they promised to do as they were told. When the men were released they refused to keep their word and they were ordered back to the guard house for trial by court-martial.

EPISCOPAL COUNCIL

Present Canons on Remarriage of Divorced People Stand—Step Toward Church Unity.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The house of bishops of the Episcopal council in secret session, by a vote of 31 to 24, rejected propositions bearing on the subject of the remarriage of divorced persons designed to take the place of those now in existence. The present canons on that subject therefore remain in force.

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HASSEY'S

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RUBBER STAMPS

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THE NEWS REVIEW

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at HARD'S.

You'll save money

THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Railroad street, a son.

David Dewar, of Toronto, has taken a position at the East End pottery.

The Knights of Pythias at their meeting this evening will initiate four candidates.

Mrs. James Johnson, of Basil avenue, is very seriously ill, and it is thought she cannot recover.

The Red Cross society will meet this evening in the parish building to transact important business.

Private Vanfossen, who has been at Camp Meade with his regiment, is home on furlough. He has but seven days to stay.

Thomas Sample, of the freight depot, spent yesterday visiting friends in Minerva. He returned to the city this morning.

Mrs. Lintell, of Harper, Kan., who has been spending several weeks in this city visiting friends, returned to her home today.

George O. Morton left today for Washington. He will go from there to the south where he expects to spend several weeks.

City Treasurer S. T. Herbert will leave this evening for Columbus where he will attend a session of the Grand lodge of Ohio, Masons.

The Vodrey Pottery company today loaded a car of ware in the lower yards for western shipment. A car is also being loaded by the Thompson company.

Private James Chisholm, of the Eighteenth Pennsylvania volunteers, returned home yesterday afternoon. His regiment was mustered out last Saturday.

Freight Agent T. J. Thomas, who has been ill with rheumatism for several weeks, is improving very slowly. While able to attend to his work at the depot he cannot get around without the aid of a cane.

Samuel Powell, of Rowlsburg, W. Va., who has been in the city several days the guest of his brother, C. W. Powell, returned to his home today. He is a Knight Templar, and spent last week at the conclave.

Thomas Webb, of the Quaker City band of Philadelphia, returned to his home in the east this morning. He has been in the city several days visiting his brother, and Sunday was one of the speakers at the Salvation Army barracks.

Isaac Dovey, of Indiana, who resided here over 50 years ago, stopped in the city today on his way home from Pittsburgh. He found the city very greatly changed, and asked after many business houses that have long since been replaced by new structures.

Considerable freight is being handled at the freight depot, and more business is being transacted than during last week. The platform this morning was well filled with casks, and all day the rollers were a busy set of men. A fair number of cars were sent out yesterday.

I. H. Hickman, one of the surviving members of the old volunteer fire department of New York city, spent yesterday in the city on business. He made an attempt to enlist in the army during the late war, but was refused on account of his age. Mr. Hickman left this morning for Youngstown.

George W. McConnell, of Carrollton, spent last evening in the city the guest of his son, Criss McConnell, Sixth street. He left this morning for Beaver, where he will attend a reunion of the One Hundred and Fortieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, of which regiment he was a member during the civil war.

Detective Ward, of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road, was in the city this morning, and an angry individual he was. There was something wrong, but he would not talk about it. He went up the river on the early train, and while he was after some one, he had not apprehended the culprit at noon.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

Lace Curtains.

All new goods bought for the fall trade. White and ivory curtains at \$2, \$3, \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$5.50 and \$6.75 per pair.

Ecru colored curtains from 50c to \$5 per pair.

Bed room curtains, ruffled swiss or net, at 98c to \$3.75 per pair.

New curtain goods by the yard. Net with lace and insertion, at 25c, 35c and 39c per yard.

If at all interested in curtains or curtain materials, come in and see these goods.

Materials for Comforts.

New prints at 5c, 6 1-4 and 7c per yard. Handsome designs in satines, 36 inches wide, large patterns, at 18c per yard. Cotton batting at 5c, 8 1-3c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 18c and 20c per roll.

Fine Collarettes.

Electric seal scarf with six squirrel tails, at \$3.75. Stone martin scarfs trimmed with heads and tails, at \$15, \$18 and \$25 each.

Collarettes, plain and with tab fronts, at \$2.98 to \$35 each.

New Jackets.

A brown fine, all wool, kersey jacket, 22 inches long, nicely tailored, lined throughout with good quality satin, for \$18.

A navy blue kersey jacket, lined through with fancy taffetta silk, at \$18.

A black kersey jacket, lined through with striped taffetta silk, double breasted, three buttons, \$18.50.

If you wish a nice wrap it will pay you to see these jackets.

Other jackets at \$5, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15.

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ENCOURAGED BY SCANDAL.

Attacks on the War Department Believed to Have Given the Spaniards Hope.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Information has reached the war department that a high officer of the Spanish army very recently made a statement that had the Spaniards been aware of the condition of the American army, as told in the American papers, the Spaniards would not have given up, but would have continued the fighting for a long time to come, fully believing that they would have been able to prevent the capture of Cuba by American arms.

This statement is known to have been made to the American officers now in Cuba, and causes some uneasiness in official circles, as it may mean that the Spaniards are not yet ready to yield the island under the terms of the protocol. It is believed by officials in Washington that had it not been for the outcry made regarding the army and the conduct of the war that there never would have been any question raised by the Spanish peace commissioners regarding the Cuban debt.

A large force will be sent to Cuba to give the Spanish there a different impression of our forces.

PRIVATE PUNISHED.

Three West Virginians Severely Dealt With and Will Be Court-martialed.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Oct. 18.—Privates Mace, Plant and Mose of Company M, Second West Virginia, were "spread-eagled" on the ground with their hands and feet tied to heavy stakes with stout ropes for nearly two hours for disobedience of orders.

Sentries were stationed over the prostrate men and their faces were exposed to burning glares of the sun until they promised to do as they were told. When the men were released they refused to keep their word and they were ordered back to the guard house for trial by court-martial.

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THREATENED BY DAY.

The Judge Tired of the Spaniards' Evasions and Delay.

WILL TAKE THE PHILIPPINES.

Have Them to Understand This For First Time—Spaniards Then Asked For an Adjournment, So They Could Communicate With Madrid.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—A dispatch to a London news agency from Paris says: "The conference has reached a crisis for the first time. Judge Day presented the demands of the American commission in threatening words. He said that delay was the only possible object attainable by the persistent efforts of the Spanish commissioners to saddle the United States with the Cuban debt and would be tolerated no longer, as the United States would neither assume nor guarantee any part of the debt."

"The Spaniards replied that this placed Spain in a position of repudiating or of reducing the face value of the Cuban bonds from 50 to 60 per cent, paying only half the stipulated interest on the reduced value. Before they would adopt either alternative they would surrender to the United States the entire Philippines."

"Judge Day responded that the surrender of the Philippines would probably be demanded irrespective of the Cuban or any other debt."

"This, to the Spaniards the first intimation of the intention of the United States as to the Philippines, resulted in a whispered conference, followed by a request for an adjournment in order to communicate with Madrid. Judge Day said that President McKinley had instructed him to demand the entire surrender of Porto Rico today."

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The peace commission will meet again in joint session on Wednesday next. During the last joint session the commissioners were occupied with the consideration of the Spanish presentation of Tuesday last and the American answer, submitted on Friday, relating to Cuba and the debt of the island.

The interchanges regarding Cuba are now so advanced that the Spaniards will not fail to understand the United States' determination, disclosed in these dispatches on Saturday, not to assume part or the whole of the so-called Cuban debt of \$400,000,000. It should not, however, be understood that the Americans, during the course of the controversy have been unmindful of certain local burdens, like the municipal obligations of the Cuban cities, railroads and kindred properties, local and permanent.

It should not be forgotten, however, that the American attitude in Cuba is held not to be that of an acquiring power, either of territory or of its real constructive obligations. The opposing Spaniards keenly contend that sovereignty involves burdens as well as blessings, and that both should pass together from Spain.

Close following this contention the Spaniards are pressing for a construction of the word "relinquish" in the Cuban article of the protocol.

"We must," they urge, "relinquish sovereignty over Cuba, but to whom? We have not agreed to relinquish it to the Cubans—we relinquish it to the United States."

While this contention is keenly and vigorously supported, it has not shaken the position of the Americans, who cut the thread of Spanish diplomacy in the middle of the word "relinquish" by practically assuring the Spaniards that they need not cherish anxiety as to whom to relinquish, but to conform to the fourth article of the protocol, which pledges Spain "that Cuba, Porto Rico and the other Spanish islands of the West Indies shall be immediately evacuated."

LORAIN COMPANY IN.

Became a Part of the Big Federal Steel Company.

LORAIN, Oct. 18.—The controlling interest in the Lorain Steel company (the Johnson works) has been sold to the Federal Steel company. The contracts were signed by H. H. Porter, chairman of the board of directors of the Federal company, and E. H. Garry, president of the same company, and Andrew Squire, counsel for the Lorain company.

The purchase amounts to two-thirds of the stock of the Lorain company. President Moxham of the Lorain company will, it is said, remain in charge. He said: "Not only will the Federal company carry out our plans, but the works will be enlarged."

FOURTH OHIO SICK.

Thirty-Seven Members Taken From Ft. Monroe to Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 18.—Two Pullman cars with 37 members of the Fourth Ohio arrived from Fort Monroe under charge of the local relief committee. The men were the sick who had been sent home from Porto Rico, where the regiment is now stationed. All were in good shape excepting Turner Corder of

Groveport, O., who is suffering from a complication of diseases.

Meeting of National Union.

TOLEDO, Oct. 18.—The board of trustees and finance committee of the National union, a fraternal beneficial association which has its headquarters in Toledo, have just closed a three-days' session. The financial affairs of the order were found in excellent condition and the November assessment was ordered omitted, for the third time within the current year.

Arrested For Murder.

DAYTON, Oct. 18.—Abe Huffman, colored, was arrested here for the murder of Louis Hall, colored, at Washington Court House, O., in February, 1896. Mrs. Jeffries, who died recently at Hillboro, made ante-mortem confession that Huffman held Louis while she beheaded him with a knife. Huffman was arrested at the time, but released for want of evidence.

Booth's New Organization.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 18.—Commander Ballington Booth of the Volunteers of America announces that he has about perfected plans for a new organization of Christian workers, which will be distinct but to a certain extent affiliated with the movement inaugurated by the volunteers. It will be known as the federation of Christian workers.

Brought Home For Burial.

YOUNGSTOWN, Oct. 18.—The body of Edward Samuels, a marine, was brought home from the naval hospital at Brooklyn, where he died on Sunday. He was with the battleship Vermont, and took fever in Cuban waters. He was 31 years old and leaves a wife and one child.

Passed Street Railway Ordinances.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 18.—The city council passed ordinances affecting two street railway lines, which provide for a reduction of cash fare to 4 cents and for the sale of seven tickets for 25 cents. The action is intended to furnish the basis for a suit in court to determine the right of the council to reduce fares.

MAJOR SEAMAN'S CHARGE.

Subsistence Department Has a Statement Refuting It—Major Daly Had No Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The subsistence department of the army has a statement refuting some features of the testimony of Major Seaman, surgeon, before the war investigating commission. Major Seaman said no one could get supplies for the sick from the commissary of subsistence, yet when he left Ponce the chief commissary there had at his disposal \$244,000, subject to requisition of surgeons, for just such supplies as Seaman said he wanted.

Major Daly, surgeon, who came with troops about the same time, made a requisition and secured \$3,600 for the



DR. LOUIS L. SEAMAN.

purchase of supplies for the sick, and turned the unexpended balance into the department here when he arrived.

CHRISTIAN MISSIONS.

Society of Church Held Convention at Chattanooga—Cincinnati For Next Meeting Place.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 18.—The annual convention of the American Christian Missionary society, the largest organization of the Christian church, opened here with about 2,000 delegates in attendance. Preliminary to the convention a service of prayer and praise, led by E. L. Shellnutt of Atlanta, was held. Later an address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Watkins of Chattanooga. F. D. Power of Washington, D. C., president of the society, followed with an address. The annual report of the board, which came next, showed an extension of the work along all lines. In the largest cities gratifying results were reported. The question of the next place of meeting was decided in short order. Everybody was for Cincinnati, and that city was selected by a standing vote. An hour of prayer for America occurred.

Papers and addresses on various subjects connected with the work were heard.

TROOPS RETURNED.

Gallant Soldiers Back From Porto Rico.

THE SICK ALL CONVALESCENT.

Gov. Hastings Met the Sixteenth Pennsylvania Boys—Gen. Ernst and Staff Returned—Gave Gen. Miles High Praise For Management of Campaign.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The United States transport Minnewaska has arrived and was cleared from quarantine. On board the transport were General O. H. Ernst and staff and the Sixteenth Pennsylvania volunteers, about 100 men of the Third Wisconsin volunteers and a number of convalescents from the hospitals in Cuba and Porto Rico. There were also about 50 civilians, among whom was W. S. Larnier of the postal commission.

The quartermaster steamer General Meigs, in charge of Major Appel, and having on board Governor Hastings of



GENERAL ERNST.

Pennsylvania, Dr. M. S. French of the National Relief association of Philadelphia, Mrs. Ernst and her two daughters met the transport at quarantine. Dr. Appel expected to have to care for a large number of sick, but, although he took on board the Meigs from the transport 172 men, they were all convalescent.

These men were brought to this city and taken in charge by E. H. Houlton, an agent of the Women's War Relief association. They were transferred to the association home on East Fifteenth street, where they will remain until completely recovered to health or sufficiently recovered to depart to their homes in Pennsylvania and other states. After the transfer of the sick to the General Meigs, the Minnewaska steamed direct to the Erie railroad pier, and after unloading went to the Pennsylvania railroad pier at Jersey City, where six companies of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania were put ashore.

The Sixteenth had a glorious record in Porto Rico. This regiment captured two sets of colors, which were presented to the president at the White House by Captain Harry Hall, who came from Porto Rico for the purpose. There are about 1,100 men in the regiment, which was engaged in some of the decisive engagements in Porto Rico.

It was expected that the bodies of Colonel James A. Wikoff and of other officers of rank would arrive on the Minnewaska, but it was stated that they were not on board. Colonel Wikoff was killed in the charge up San Juan hill July 3. His body was to have been buried at Easton, Pa.

General Ernst gave a description of the campaign, the facts of which have already been published. He concluded as follows:

"I consider General Miles' handling of the Porto Rico army of invasion a most masterful one from every standpoint. He had four lines of operations. One was established at Arroyo, 30 miles from Ponce, one northwest from Ponce at Las Juanitas, one still further west by way of Mayaguez, and my own. In each of these columns there were skirmishes. The losses were slight, and might have been heavier had other arrangements been made."

PRESIDENT TO SPEAK.

He Will Address a Meeting of Railway Men Tomorrow Afternoon.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—The president has met a committee of railroad men and promised them he would address the railroad men's massmeeting at the First regiment armory Thursday afternoon.

When the public reception had closed, after receiving his college degree, the president and his party entered their carriages and were driven to the Auditorium hotel, where they sat down to

a dinner given in their honor by the jubilee reception committee.

The president did not stay to the conclusion of the banquet, but after spending some time in chatting with members of the committee went to parlor D of the hotel, where he met a committee of the Illinois Manufacturers' association. The committee presented the president resolutions adopted at the association's meeting in September, asking that all ports in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines be opened for American trade.

INSPECTED THE CAMP.

War Investigation Board Found Affairs in Good Shape at Jacksonville, Fla.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 18.—The war investigation commission is thoroughly inspecting the camps in the immediate vicinity of Jacksonville. They saw Colonel Bryan, who is personally acquainted with most of the members.

The commission interviewed privates and officers alike, and made personal visits to the quarters of the men and their commanders. They lifted the covers of the commissary stoves, went through the kitchens, went through the drug stores, inspected the apparatus, talked with the physicians and nurses and made special inquiry into the method of conducting the hospitals. All three of the division hospitals were visited and inspected, the commissioners going through the tents, and in some instances, where conversation was allowable, talking with the patients.

They found the patients to be apparently well cared for, and, so far as could be discovered, they were as contented as sick men generally are.

Many of them were reading books and magazines, but in a greater number of cases the men either held before their eyes or clasped closely in their arms letters which had evidently been received from home. The patients were all found occupying clean beds or cots, and in no instance was a hospital tent or pavilion found to be without a floor.

But one complaint was heard in the entire round, and this was evidently not made in a spirit of fault-finding. Colonel Jones of South Carolina found fault with the climate, saying that fully 20 per cent of his men were ill largely on this account. He also said some rations of refrigerator beef had been received in bad condition, which was due to the weather.

General Dodge gave the result of the inspection, noted above, in the interview, and said that men would be examined under oath to uncover any shortcomings, if there were any.

CUBANS AS GENDARMES.

The Government May Use Them—Some Troops May Be Sent Before November.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—It is said at the war department that nothing has occurred to change the plans already framed for the movement of troops to Cuba.

Yellow fever is now very bad. These conditions, however, it is believed, will not continue long, and it is thought that before November has progressed far it will be possible to have several divisions of troops safely camped on Cuban soil. A proposition that is now under consideration looks to the employment of the Cubans as local gendarmes, it being urged that they would be more serviceable in maintaining order in towns than American soldiers unacquainted with the Spanish language and Cuban customs. The United States government in this way also would be able by the payment of small salaries to these men to considerably relieve the distress that exists on the island without breeding a class of professional paupers or lowering the pride of the Cubans.

Unless General Lee specifically asks to be relieved from that duty, he is to command the first expedition, seconded by General Greene and General Arnold.

MUST HAVE UNION WORK.

An Order Showing the Policy of the Postoffice Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—A letter sent by First Assistant Postmaster General Heath regarding the policy of the postoffice department in labor matters, was sent to Mr. M. A. Louis, chief supply division of the postoffice department, saying in part:

"Sir—Referring to your application today for authority to have done as emergency work certain printing needed by the postoffice department, I want to remind you of my order issued last year, in which it was made peremptory that all of the printing under your direction, not done at the government printing office, should be given to offices only employing union labor."

Jewelry Worth \$150,000 Missing.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The Duchess of Devonshire, wife of the lord president of the council of British ministers, while on board a train bound for Calais, lost a satchel containing jewelry worth \$150,000. It is believed that the satchel was stolen.

Retired Farmer Minus \$11,500.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Oct. 18.—Everett N. Ransom, a retired farmer of Janesville, is minus \$11,500 as the result of a patent right territory transaction.

OUR FLAG RAISED.

Porto Rico Taken Possession of Today.

CEREMONIES HELD AT SAN JUAN.

Brooks Will Have Sole Charge of the Island Until Some Arrangement Is Made—President May Soon Designate a Military Governor.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Oct. 18.—The Americans formally took charge of the island of Porto Rico today.

National salutes were fired by the American artillery and forts. There was special music. All the insular officials and the foreign consuls received invitations to attend the function.

Two batteries of the Fifth regular artillery arrived today on transports from Ponce. They were followed by the Eleventh regular infantry from Mayaguez and Arecibo. This regiment will garrison San Juan.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—General Brooke has plenary powers in Porto Rico, and will have sole charge of the government of the island until some other arrangement is made. It is quite possible that when the president returns he may designate a military governor of the island to act in that capacity until congress can provide for a territorial civil government.

SNOW IN THE WEST.

Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska and Iowa Received Early Instalment of the Beautiful.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 18.—The earliest winter storm in the Southwest in 25 years, and the worst early storm on record, almost completely shut Kansas City off from wire communication with the south, the west and the north. An opening on the east kept the city from being totally isolated.

A heavy rain turned to snow and the temperature dropped perceptibly. A heavy, wet snow, driven by a strong north wind, at points reaching the velocity of a gale, fell.

Hundreds of telegraph and telephone poles out in the open were either blown down by the strong wind or broken by the weight of the snow-covered wires.

At Fairmount Park, near Kansas City, and at Leavenworth, Kan., where portions of the Third and Fifth Missouri and Twenty-second Kansas regiments respectively, are encamped, many tents were blown down and the soldiers made to suffer acutely.

LAWRENCE, Kas. Oct. 18.—Chancellor Snow, at the Kansas State university, reported it the earliest winter storm in 25 years and the worst early storm on record.

PITTSBURG, Kas., Oct. 18.—A cold rain in this section was followed by a snowstorm, later followed by rain.

YATES CENTER, Kan., Oct. 18.—A heavy snowstorm prevailed here, preceded by 18 hours of rain. Stock on the ranges suffered greatly.

BOONVILLE, Mo., Oct. 18.—The first snow of the season fell here.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., Oct. 18.—A light snow, the first of the season, fell here.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 18.—Snow fell steadily throughout Nebraska last night, with an increasing wind blowing and lower temperature. It has all the marks of a January northeastern storm.

DES MOINES, Oct. 18.—Much rain has been falling in Iowa. The first snow in Des Moines fell for a few moments. A blizzard is reported from Atlantic and snow and rain from various places.

INDIAN WAR OVER.

General Bacon Sent the Good News to Adjutant General Corbin.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Adjutant General Corbin received the following dispatch from General Bacon:

"WALKER, Minn., Oct. 17. Adjutant General, Washington: "At council with hostile Indians today latter said they wanted no more fighting with United States soldiers and agreed to come and surrender on Wednesday. This is the result of their defeat when engaged with me on the 6th. Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones has been shown this telegram and concurs in the entire foregoing statement. (Signed) "BACON, "Brigadier General."

Roosevelt on Speaking Tour.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Republican candidate for governor, started out on his campaign in the state. In his party are General Stewart L. Woodford and six members of the First United States volunteer cavalry (Rough Riders).

A Strike in Paris Ended.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The building strike is entirely ended and the troops have been withdrawn from the yards and other places in which they have been stationed since disturbances were threatened.

MEN'S "Town Topic." Fine at \$3.00.

Goodyear welt, Double sole, 16 edge, in Tan and Black--all styles--all sizes,

Worth \$3.50,
Go at \$3.00.
W. H. GASS,
220 Diamond.

P. S.—Bring in your repairing. Done neat and promptly by John House.

PIRATES WON EASILY

East Liverpool Was Scarcely In the Game.

SOME INTEREST WAS SHOWN

For the Crowd Was the Largest of the Season, and the Playing Was Good—Toadix Carey Made the Best Catch of the Season, but the Visitors Had It Their Own Way.

The base ball game yesterday afternoon between the Pittsburg league team and the local club was attended by over 500 people, and the visitors won by a score of 11 to 1.

The visitors simply toyed with the local club and could have made the score much worse had they so desired. McShane started in to pitch the game, but was replaced by Howard in the fifth inning. A triple play by Godwin, W. Carey and G. Carey in the fifth inning brought forth much applause, while a running catch by G. Carey in the sixth was the finest ever seen on the local grounds.

The home team scored their only run in the first inning on hits by Barker and J. Carey and an error by McCarthy. The visitors scored in all but the fifth and sixth innings.

Several of the local players acted as though they were badly frightened, and did not play their usual good game. The score:

Pittsburg.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Padden, 2.....	1	2	4	3	1
McCarthy, m.....	1	2	1	1	1
McCreery, s.....	3	1	1	1	0
Rickert, l.....	1	4	5	0	0
Clarke, 1.....	2	0	4	1	0
Gray, 3.....	2	2	2	1	0
Tannehill, r.....	1	1	0	1	0
Schrivier, c.....	0	2	9	1	0
Rhines, p.....	0	0	1	1	0

Total.....11 14 27 10 2

East Liverpool.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Smurthwaite, s.....	0	0	0	0	1
Godwin, 3.....	0	0	3	2	0
J. Carey, 3 and r.....	0	0	1	1	1
W. Carey, 3.....	0	0	5	3	0
Howard, c and p.....	0	1	1	2	0
G. Carey, 1.....	0	2	10	2	0
Reark, m.....	0	1	3	0	0
Davis, c.....	0	0	1	2	0
McShane, p.....	0	0	0	3	0
Barker, r and l.....	1	1	0	0	1

Total.....1 5 24 15 4

Pittsburg.....1 1 1 3 0 0 4 1 *—11

East Liverpool.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

SUMMARY—Two base hits, Barker, Reark, Rickert, Tannehill, Schrivier, 2; three base hits, Gray; triple plays, Godwin, W. Carey, G. Carey; bases on balls, by McShane 1, Howard 1; hit by pitched ball, McShane 3, Howard 1; struck out by Rhines 8; wild pitches, McShane 2; passed balls, Davis 1, umpire, Albright.

LAUGHING NIGHT.
George W. Monroe and His Company at the Grand Tonight.

They say it will be laughing night at the Grand tonight because George W. Monroe and his company will be there. "Her Majesty the Cook" has had a phenomenal run in the east, and Manager Norris was only able by hard work to secure a performance for this city.

"My Friend From India" did not attract a large audience last night, but the play is as good as ever and greatly pleased those who were so fortunate as to be there.

Will Take Two Weeks.

Contractor Rinehart has a large force of men at work today grading in Pennsylvania avenue. It will be at least two weeks before the work is completed. The contractor is also today working on the southside of Lisbon street.

The News Review for news

ECCENTRIC OAKLEY HALL

Wrote an Obituary Sketch of His Career.

TO BE PUBLISHED AT DEATH.

The Well Known Ex-Mayor of New York Gave the Story of His Life Several Years Ago to a Newspaper, With Instructions as to Its Use. Modesty a Characteristic of His Life—His Career Was Full of Vivid Experiences.

Abraham Oakley Hall, ex-mayor of New York city, who recently died, wrote an autobiographical sketch of himself for the New York World in 1892. This he sealed with directions that it be used at his death. It reads as follows:

I have left directions with my son: First.—No publication in death columns until after burial, and funeral strictly private, without fuss or funeral feathers or bother to acquaintances.

Second.—No flags at half mast except on Lotus and Press club staffs.

I can only hope this will be allowed, and yet in late years family custom as well as the law strangely disregards dying wishes and the commands of decedents. Why fuss over the remains as a whole when we do not collect cast off hair from a barber's shop or pared nails from the atelier of a manicure?

What I now pen is written with a view of its being my own obituary. I was often in life twitted with eccentricity. It is a trait of the Oakley family. The Oakleys on my side are direct descendants of that Colonel John Okey (as the spelling was 200 years ago) who joined in the eccentricity of being one of the regicides of Charles I. And doubtless the fact that I write my own obituary notice will be regarded as the crowning eccentricity of an eccentric career.

I was born July 26, 1826, at Albany in the house of my maternal grandfather and namesake, Abraham Oakley, then and for many previous years deputy treasurer of the state. He had married the daughter of an exiled French count, the Count d'Assignie. My paternal grandfather was an Englishman who married a native of Wales. Their son, my father, was a merchant in New Orleans, where he was buried when I was scarcely 3 years old. Some of my early years were passed in New Orleans and Albany.

But since the age of 5 I have been a resident of New York city, where I was first schooled and where I graduated in 1844 from its university. Thence I went to Harvard Law school in the declining days of Professors Story and Greenleaf and where I had as fellow classmates and boarding inmates the after President Hayes and the subsequent Governor Hoadly of Ohio. Sketches of my knowledge of Judge Joseph Story while there are embraced in his son's biography of that great jurist. Thence I went to New Orleans to study civil law; was there admitted to its bar, Judah P. Benjamin being one of my examiners, while I took certificate from John Slidell and where I casually at a dinner party made the acquaintance of Jefferson Davis, then, as colonel of a Mississippi regiment, en route to Mexican battlefields.

I was again admitted to the bar in New York city during October, 1848. In 1851 I was appointed assistant district attorney. I was elected full district attorney in 1854, again in 1861, again in 1864, again in 1867, and in 1868 foolishly and reluctantly resigned that office (for which I was fitted by tastes and training) for the office of mayor, for which I was unfitted by habits, taste and training. I was re-elected in 1870. In the spring of 1871 found that the municipal ship I commanded had fallen into the hands of pirates. After suffering a "walk over the plank" I successfully swam ashore. If my political life was short and bitter, my professional one was long and sweet as founder of the once noted law firm of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel, the latter having been a college chum, and we agreeing at the university to study law and become partners. The partnership continued from 1852 until 1877.

Whether I acquired fame as a lawyer and advocate can be best learned from my contemporaries or—and pretty continuously—from nearly 100 volumes of the law reports. My first law case of importance is to be found in the eighth volume of Howard's reports of United States supreme court, to which I was admitted on motion of Attorney General Reverdy Johnson. The New York statute books from 1853 to 1877 contain about 50 acts which I drafted and assisted in procuring, most of them relating to reforms in criminal jurisprudence suggested by my experience as public prosecutor, and each of which in more or less compressed form yet live in the criminal codes. The metropolitan police law of 1857 and the charter of that year were solely drafted by me.

With the charter of 1870 I had absolutely no connection in a professional or political way. It was professionally the work of the late Judge John W. Edwards, and politically of the New York senate, which passed by a vote, embracing both parties, of 30 to 2—singularly as that majority may read by the light

of subsequent revelations and events.

I was in my day a noted social and club man. I have belonged to the South Side, Islip, the Yacht, the Jockey, the Blossom and the Union clubs. I have been one of the governors of the Manhattan club, and I die a life member and ex-president of the Lotus club and an honorary life member of the world renowned Press club. I began very early to write for the press. In college days I assisted a slender income by being a reporter and writer on The Sunday Aurora (that rose like the fabled goddess; but, unlike her, set to rise no more), The Noah's Messenger, the New York Amer-

ican. While a law student I wrote for The Evening Tattler and Evening Signal, The Sunday Mercury, The Brother Jonathan, The Western Continent and the New Orleans Delta and Bulletin. As a young practitioner I wrote for the International and Harper's magazines, for The Evening Mirror and Home Journal of Morris & Willis, The Literary World, edited by the Duyckincks, and The Broadway Journal in the days of Harry Francis Briggs and Edgar A. Poe. During the exacting, dutiful days of district attorneyships and mayoralties I was only a slapdash amateur unpaid journalist for the New York daily newspapers and The Weekly Leader. In 1876, threatened severely with symptoms of paresis, I was medically ordered to adopt the only reliable remedy adapted to that insidious disorder—change of employment.

I at first became an actor, but really quitted the stage because that profession was so distasteful and health distressing to an aged mother, to whose nurture and care I owed all that was good in my composition, who believed a theater was a limited section of sheol, and next went upon the editorial staff of the New York World when owned successively by Tom Scott and Jay Gould, who sought to control it for their Wall street purposes. There I continued from 1878 to the spring of 1883 in pleasant journalistic association with Messrs. Hurlbert, Montgomery Schuyler, John H. Copleston, Lanigan the versatile, Tom Wilson, the amiable cynic; the philosophic John G. Speed, the Addisonian Nat Babcock, the kaleidoscopic Julian Ralph, the genial Krik (Harry Crickmore), the musical and literary Gustave Kobbe, the clever Jim Graham, the omnipresent Whitley and the Orichtonian James B. Townsend, who on that paper first invented the word "dude."

When I quitted ownership of The World, I became editor of The Daily Truth, owned by a speculative gentleman named Hart, who had made a fortune as a theatrical manager, but when I discovered that he was using the paper for his personal private uses I resigned. Then it was I received an offer from Commodore Bennett to come to London as subhead of his bureau there. From January, 1884, to October, 1889, I there remained. "Why" and "how" I have abundantly told in recollections published during my lifetime. It is to the journalistic and literary episodes of my career I recur in memories the oft-tenest. But I claim that my episode as district attorney during so many years entitles me to claim that (notwithstanding my many mistakes in other respects) I deserve metropolitan remembrance. I as prosecutor was never persecutor. I never convicted an innocent accused. I perhaps made mercy too elastic. I never placed victory above justice. And I quitted the office without even political aspersion upon any one of my official acts.

I shall pass from this to the other life with only one regret—that of leaving to follow me one who is all of this world to me. I feel as Sir Charles Coldstream, in the comedy of "Used Up," felt when he languidly said to every offer for change in order to better his health: "Been there! There's nothing in it!" In moral and religious beliefs I am a Swedenborgian, and in that belief much of my life has been soothed. I cannot conceive how any lawyer who diligently tests the later life, the trances and the writings of that marvelous seer by logic connected with the testimony of his contemporaries and of many who did not even believe in his claims—and they were modestly expressed and without act of proselytism—can doubt that he, like St. John at Palmas, was allowed to visit and obtain revelations from the other world.

I have long believed in those revelations. They rob death of any sting and grave of any victory. They are summed up in Longfellow's lines about Pauline. Death, in the words of St. Paul, simply changes us "in the twinkling of an eye." Stage direction would say: "Exit from mortality. Enter immortality. Exit the physical 'myself.' Enter et remanet the spiritual 'me.'" What—and no more and no less—"me" was in mortality it exists in immortality. I do not expect to be, after death, an inmate of heaven. I was not pious in life, and church and its associations, although not unpleasant and charming in sentiment and effects, were not attractive to my mortal life. Thus heaven would not be attractive under the Swedenborg revelations.

But there are consociations in the next world those proclaim. And among the majority I should somewhere find congenial consociation and work. The curtain of mystery of course falls on our exits to the other world, and only (what without irreverent intention I denominate) the stage managers behind the curtain know what are there, the

scenes and the drama, while the mortal audience on this side of the curtain cannot know those scenes or those occurrences.

I have had a big share of experiences. Those of the "myself," known only to the "me," are infinitely larger than all that my relatives and friends and the world at large can ever fancy. I have often been asked as regards certain things, "What has been your experience?" My answer has always been—"borrowed from an old writer—"Experience resembles in effect the stern lights of a ship. It illumines only the track sailed over and can shed no light on the track to come." I should like to hear to-day as I prepare this Thanatopsis-like screed the name of one man whoever profited by the self narrated experience of any other man which militated against the judgment of the asker and listener.

In dying I shall remember the publican and not the Pharisee. I have been taunted with caprices in political faiths. The taunt is mistaken. I have successively been at various exigencies of political events a Seward Whig, a Fremont Republican and a Democrat. A Seward Whig naturally became a Republican when new issues on the Missouri compromise and Kansas arose. A Republican lawyer might logically and naturally become a Democrat when military law in northern Union states usurped the civil law and when the "bloody shirt" was waved beside the restored flag of peace with union. The man who dies with the unchanged "sympathies of youth" beneath his "Mincio elbows" has not graduated with a degree of honor.

N B.—Thus far to Easter, 1892. Unless I live to continue the editor can strike out oetera desunt and insert:

A CITY'S NOVEL INNOVATION

All Reporters in St. Joseph, Mo., Are Commissioned as Policemen.

Although St. Joseph, Mo., is not a city of great metropolitan pretensions, it has of late made a number of innovations that could be instituted in many cities of much greater size with satisfaction to all concerned. The latest of these is the commissioning of all the newspaper reporters as police officers.

When it is stated that the reporters have been made officers it is not meant that they wear the regulation uniforms and pose on street corners for the purpose of exciting envy in the eyes of all small boys and breaking the hearts of the "lodies." The reporters do not want that part of the policemen's duties. They are satisfied with what they have been given. Each reporter is an officer, sworn in regularly and allowed to carry a club and wear a star.

But the novelty of the unusual practice soon wore off and reporters learned to turn what was at first somewhat of a predicament into an advantage. On their daily rounds the newspaper men noticed that they were treated with more respect when it was known that they were dignitaries of the police department. People were more willing to give them news and now the reporters have very little trouble in performing their daily tasks.—San Francisco Examiner.

HOBSON'S LUCK.

Recovers the Binoculars Seized When He Was Made Prisoner.

"Hobson is certainly a lucky as well as a plucky chap," remarked Captain James C. Read of Pittsburg, now representing the quartermaster's department on board the transport Massachusetts, which is being overhauled at the navy yard in Brooklyn. "When Hobson was picked up in the water after performing his heroic deed," continued Captain Read, "he had his binoculars with him. They were suspended from his shoulders by means of a lanyard. Well, Cervera took possession of the glasses when Hobson and his men were made prisoners of war, and of course he hardly expected to see them again. A few weeks ago the lieutenant and I went out to the Maria Teresa, which then lay where she went down. The waters of the Caribbean sea are very clear, and while gazing into the depths something bright caught my eye. I called Hobson's attention to the find, and he let down a grapple and hauled up—can you guess? His own binoculars." Hobson luck ought to be as comforting as the Hobson kiss.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Dispatch.

Sentimental Porto Rico Belles.

Sentimental village maids fell deeply in love with the Yankee Cids when soldiers first arrived in Porto Rico. Girls mature early on that island, and often at 10 and 11 are adult women. They made love in Spanish style to the invaders, and in many cases annoyed the victims of their admiration with their pertinacity. Making love consists in smiling upon the object of adoration through the shutters of a casement or between the iron grills of a veranda, or else writing fiery letters of affection from early dawn to dewy eve. One young man captured the fancy of a belle, and to his surprise became the recipient of a deluge of love letters, which were thrown at him from over the wall of a garden or pushed through a hole in the wooden gate. They arrived hourly, half hourly and sometimes every ten minutes. After he had received 200 he became tired and asked his chief to change his post!—Cincinnati Enquirer.



sideboard loaded with silver and dainty tableware in the dining room, musical instruments, books and all that the heart of a sybarite could yearn for, and—a baby.

To either man or woman, all the comforts and all the luxuries of life and all the wealth in the world soon become a bore and a weariness, unless there is a baby for whom they can both contrive and plan and work. A woman who, through ignorance or neglect, suffers from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs concerned in wifehood and motherhood, blasts all these hopes. Either she will be childless, or will lose her own life in the struggle of maternity, or her babies will be born puny, sickly and peevish and unable to withstand the ordinary ailments of childhood. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription surely and completely cures all these delicate complaints. It is the discovery of one of the most eminent living specialists in women's diseases, Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. The "Favorite Prescription" acts directly upon the sensitive organism concerned. It imparts to it health, strength, vigor, virility and elasticity. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. It robs maternity of its perils and insures a healthy, robust child.

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only for paper-bound copy. Cloth-bound 31 cents. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPEAK OUT.

The Search-Light of Publicity is Pleasing East Liverpool People.

Publicity is what the people want. Let the public speak on the subject. There has been too much claim—too little proof.

Claims made by strangers are not proof.

Claims endorsed by strangers are not proof.

There is only one kind of proof for an East Liverpool citizen.

The experience of people we know. When friends and neighbors endorse, Make public statements of their case. There can be no question about such evidence.

This is the proof we have, Which backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills.

No other kidney pills, no other kidney remedy.

Can produce such proof.

Here is one case of the many we have: Mrs. Henry Bevington, who resides at the corner of Avondale and Shaw avenue, says: "During three years I was troubled with my kidneys, having a dull steady aching pain in the back. When stooping over or sitting for some time it would change to quick pang as I arose to an upright position. My back tired out easily when walking or standing long and I often had headaches, dizziness and in the morning great depression. I took medicines, many of them, but found Doan's Kidney Pills, which I got at W. & W. Pharmacy to be more suitable for my complaint than anything I ever tried. I had no trouble with my back, did not have the headache as I did, rested well, felt refreshed in the morning and got up earlier than I did before taking them. I give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for my better health and advise others to use them, as I am sure they will find them up to their representation."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indulgences. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. If not, in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CTS. per package; or six pkgs (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (enclose St. free). AJAX REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John H. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

Visit the
Blanket
Sale
at HARD'S.

You'll save money.

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIEW

WELLSVILLE.

MR. BOWERS SPOKE OUT

He Is Opposed to a Short Sighted Policy

AND SEES NO ECONOMY IN IT

But Council Could Not Be Brought to His Way of Thinking When the Water Main Extension Was Discussed--Accident at Spring Hill Cemetery--All the News.

All the members of council were present at the meeting last evening except Mr. Wells and Mr. James.

The committee appointed to confer with the water trustees reported they had estimated that it would take \$7,000 to put an eight inch water main from Ninth street to the brick works. The report brought about a very spirited discussion. Council were almost unanimous in the opinion that it was not a wise course for the city's interest.

"That is just what we are suffering from," said Mr. Bowers. "A narrow economy that will only patch up things for a time, and then in the end need an appropriation to change and broaden it at great expense, is poor economy," to which no one objected, but as the vote on the sewer is to be submitted to the people at the same election it was deemed unwise to ask for too large an appropriation.

Mr. Goetz thought two eight inch mains better than one larger, as in case one should be out of order there would still be one in use.

One trustee is opposed to the patching up process, and in favor of asking the people for a large enough appropriation to fix the mains in a way that would make the supply equal to the demand for all time to come.

The resolution for the issuing of \$75,000 for sewerage purposes was upon its first reading, and as not enough members were present the rules could not be suspended.

Other matters of minor interest were acted upon and council adjourned to meet Oct. 20.

Distressing Accident.

The remains of the child of Brakeman W. F. Copeland, formerly of Wellsville, were brought on the 2 o'clock train from the home in Allegheny for interment in Spring Hill cemetery. The cause of death of the little one was brain fever.

A most distressing accident occurred while at the cemetery. Before the coffin was taken from the hearse the driver had dismounted and had called another driver to the heads of the horses, but he had not yet appeared when the horses started to walk on, and gaining speed the hearse struck a stone and threw the casket out. The hearse also suffered some injury.

Seeing Her Soldier Brother.

Mrs. H. C. Wells left this morning for Wheeling, where she will visit her brother, Dr. H. B. Bagley, who will soon go to Porto Rico as surgeon in the First Virginia regiment. The regiment was stationed at Chickamauga and later at Knoxville.

Doctor Bagley is on leave for a good bye visit to his family.

The News of Wellsville.

Mrs. A. R. Wells left this morning for Omaha, where she will visit her brothers, Harry and Hugh McIntosh. Hugh McIntosh is editor of the Nebraska Farmer. Mrs. Wells will also attend the exposition and expects to return in two weeks.

A number of lovers of the game went up from town to witness the baseball game at Columbian park yesterday afternoon.

Miss Eva Morrow went out to Kensington today. She will return on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Sweeley, who have been visiting Fred Hoffman and G. P. Sweeley, returned to Dennison yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Sweeley were married in Dennison last Wednesday and arrived in town Friday. They will make their home in Dennison.

Mrs. Mary Ewing, of Irondale, was in town shopping today.

Miss Alice Windram arrived home yesterday evening from Pittsburg, where she had been in attendance at the conclave.

Rev. J. N. Swan and wife, of Island Creek, stopped over trains yesterday on their way to Liverpool.

Mrs. James McBane, of Irondale, was in town yesterday.

Joseph Roup, brother-in-law of J. Goetz, is in town today.

Miss Eva Parkinson was in from Irondale on a shopping expedition. She returned home yesterday.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

Come and Buy Your Wrap

Tomorrow--- Wednesday.

MR. CISSNE, the representative of a Cloak Manufacturer noted for making a superior class of wraps, will be at our store all day Wednesday, with all the latest creations in Ladies' and Misses' Jackets. In addition to having all the different styles in madeup jackets with him, Mr. Cissne will show a large range of cloths from which you can select any color to be made up in any style you may desire. In this way you can have a style and color all your own. This is an advantage. Special orders promptly delivered. A perfect fit guaranteed, workmanship the best, and price as low as the superior make will warrant. Come any hour from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Wednesday, and we will be glad to show you through and help in the selection of a nobby, exclusive style jacket.

Our Special 6 Days' Sale

of dry goods is in full blast now, and in every department we are offering Extraordinary Bargains. The best proof of this fact is seen in the way the people are buying the goods. Saturday evening ends this sale. So get here for your share before it is too late.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

J. Goetz and H. C. Wells were in Irondale yesterday appraising some property in that place.

Mrs. H. J. Parker, of Lisbon, who has been visiting Mrs. John Parker, Main street, for the past week, left today for a visit with friends in Salineville.

Mrs. Maggie Kelley, who has been visiting Mrs. Flora Swearingen, corner Main and Ninth streets, since Saturday, has returned to her home in Monaca, Pa.

Sydney Smith's Joke.

Sydney Smith was very happy in his country life, and his children caught his spirit of delight over common things. They loved animals and spent long hours in training them. One little beast, a baby donkey, became under their tuition perhaps the most accomplished of his species and unconsciously gave rise to a quatrain which now belongs to the fame of Sydney Smith. The donkey was a well educated chap. He would walk up stairs, follow the family in their rambles like a dog and when they entered his meadow run to meet them with ears down and tail erect, braying joyously.

One day, when Billy's head was crowned with flowers and he was being trained with a handkerchief for a bridle, Mr. Jeffrey unexpectedly arrived. He joined in the sport and to the children's infinite delight mounted Billy.

Thus he was proceeding in triumph when Sydney Smith and his wife, with three friends, returned from a walk and took in the festive scene. The great man advanced, with extended hands, and greeted his old friend in an impromptu which has become familiar to the reading world:

Witty as Horatius Flaccus,
As great as Jacobin as Gracchus,
Short, though not as fat as Bacchus,
Seated on a little jackass!

—Youth's Companion.

The Death of Coaching.

The coaching system died a lingering, a lamentable death. I can remember something of a few coaches in remote districts which longest escaped strangulation, and memory of those distant days has been sweeter without them. They resemble what Nimrod describes as the 'obsolete, old fashioned coach of his boyhood, drawn by dispirited, ill fed jades over long stages. One of his paragraphs well describes what used to make my blood boil with impotent fury, imbittering the joy of returning home for the holidays, and deepening the depression of the schoolward journey:

"The four horse whip and the Nottingham whipcord were of no avail over

the latter part of the ground, and something like a cat-o'-nine-tails was produced out of the boot, which was jocularly called 'the apprentice,' and a shrewd apprentice it was to the art of torturing, which was inflicted on the wheelers without stint or measure, but without which the coach might have been often left on the road."

No; the last of the road coaches—corruptio optimi—disappeared and left none to mourn them.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Senator Peffer's Potatoes.

Senator Peffer is fond of relating the story of how he once duped the managers of a Kansas county fair. "On examination of the sweet potatoes exhibited," he says, "I saw that the size of the specimens was nothing to brag of, and I sent out to a grocery store and purchased a bushel of fine ones, took the small ones out for home use, carried the rest to the fair grounds, entered them in my own name and drew the premium for the best specimen of sweet potatoes grown in Wilson county."

WANTED.

WANTED--Good girl for general housework. Apply to 374 West Market street, second door above Grant

WANTED--Gentlemen boarders at 172½ Seventh street, near R. Thomas & Sons company plant.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE--Grocery; good location; good chance for a quick buyer. Address, Grocer, postoffice.

THE GYPSIE MEDIUM and PALMIST can be consulted on all affairs of life, tell you your name and age. Her standing challenge to other mediums of \$1,000 has not been accepted by one of them, and is still open. Her power excites the wonder and admiration of even the most skeptical. This gifted lady can be consulted at 187 Fourth street. Office hours from 9 to 9 daily. Can be seen Sundays.

Visit the Blanket Sale

at HARD'S.

You'll save money.

Have You Inspected It?— Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent
JOB and BOOK WORK
turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled
Workmen, Superb
Material. Thousands of
dollars worth of latest
Designs and Styles of
Type, Border and Novel-
ties. All work absolutely
guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

The News Review.

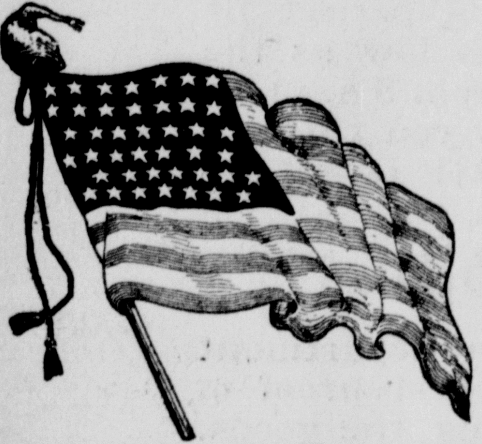
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5.00
Three Months.....1.25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, OCT. 18



UNION PAPERS.
All Union papers of East Liverpool are
known to the various craft and unions of
the city by the printing of the above
Union Labels at the head of their columns



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For secretary of state, Charles Kinney.
For Judge of the Supreme Court, Judge W.
T. Spear.
For clerk of the Supreme Court, Josiah B.
Allen.
For member Board of Public Works, W. G.
Johnston.
For dairy and food commissioner, Joseph
C. Blackburn.

REPUBLICAN DISTRICT TICKET.

For representative in Congress from the
Eighteenth Ohio district, Robert W. Taylor
of Lisbon.

REPUBLICAN JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Judge of the Circuit Court of the
Seventh Judicial district, P. A. Lauble of
Salem.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For auditor of Columbiana county, J. Frank
Adams of Lisbon.
For county commissioner, J. H. French of
Salem.
For infirmity director, J. M. McBride of
Gavers.
For coroner, John L. Straughn of Lisbon.

It must not be forgotten that Ohio
has a state ticket to elect this year, and
that Columbiana county will select a
few new officers.

THE public should not believe all that
is published concerning the official
action of American and Spanish peace
commissioners at Paris. It has devel-
oped that a few correspondents who
served in Cuba have been transferred to
new scenes of activity, and are sending
to this country that which will please
the yellow journals and which they call
news.

Much as the yellow journals have
railed against the administration and do
their best as they have to place Presi-
dent McKinley in bad repute with the
people, his trip to Omaha shows that he
is more popular than ever. Everywhere
was he greeted with that enthusiasm
which knows not the bonds of partisan-
ship. He was to the people a President
who had carried their cause to a success-
ful issue, and they cheered him accord-
ingly.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Not a great deal has this year been
said of the Democratic platform, the
reason being found in the fact that not
much can be said. The party leaders in
Ohio have presented many peculiar
documents for their friends to read and
then swear by, but seldom have they
spread so much of what is really noth-
ing through so many sentences. Perhaps
they believed when the platform was
adopted by the convention that it would
be of some use, although the gum shoe
campaign had been decided upon long
before as the principal factor. But con-
ditions have since then changed. No
man who reads that document can sup-
port it when he thinks of his American-
ism. It is throughout one blow at the
real principles which makes an Ameri-
can glad that he lives under the Stars
and Stripes. There is none of that wide
patriotism one would expect to find at
the close of a successful struggle with a
foreign nation, but instead are words
well calculated to dim the glories of
Manila, Santiago and Porto Rico. It is
not what the American would want
anywhere much less in Ohio, where the
whole world believes all the people are
patriotic.

—Mrs. E. W. Hill and daughter, of
Seventh street, who have been spending
several days in Salineville visiting
friends, have returned to the city.

BAGLEY'S

CAKES, PIES AND

BREAD.

NUF---CED.

HOME
MADE

The
Bagley
Co.

PHONE 44.

DEFENSES OF MANILA

Five Thousand Yankees Could
Have Defeated an Army

HAD THEY BEEN IN THE CITY

Captain Palmer Writes of the Precautions
Taken by the Spanish to Protect Their
Capital--Insurgents Are Not Pleasant
People to Know.

The following letter from Captain
Palmer was delayed in transmission, but
readers of the News Review will find
in it much that is of interest from far
away Manila:

"Manila, in her day, has been one of
the proud cities of the world, fortified
in a manner which set the ordinary
armies and navies of the world at def-
iance. I visited the citadel the other day
and made a hasty examination of her
defenses, and involuntarily said, as I
noted the approaches, guarded in all
directions:

"God pity our infantry if they had
been ordered to storm these entrench-
ments, unaided by Dewey's fleet of
modern war vessels, or by siege guns,
which could have been placed on land
and possibly have effected the same ob-
ject." Five thousand Yankee soldiers
could have here held 50,000 Spaniards at
bay and defeated them. First came the
outer entrenchments or earthworks,
then the sandbags, then the pointed
stakes, then streams of water, then
more entrenchments, then more sand-
bags, then a bridge, mined and awful
to an advancing enemy. Could our in-
fantry forces have overcome these ob-
stacles, then would have occurred the
street fighting of Old Manila, for a dis-
tance of at least one and one-half miles;
then in case they could, with Yankee
pluck, have accomplished this feat, they
would have but commenced their awful
undertaking, as, one mile away, would
have greeted them the justly famous
citadel, impregnable, in my mind, to
almost any force of infantry, and only
to be successfully approached by the
hand of strategy, siege and starvation.
Across this space of one mile—open—the
trees had been stripped of their foliage,
only the bare trunks of a few trees be-
ing left, and these within a short dis-
tance of the walls of the fortress.
Hundreds of cannon, large and small,
would have belched forth their deadly
messengers of shot and shell, while the
musketry fire of thousands of maddened
Spanish soldiers would have done
awful execution. Suppose that our
Yankee pluck and daring could
have overcome all these dangers
and difficulties—would their battle have
been won and a victory scored? Not by
any manner of means. First would
come a stream of water 30 feet wide and
several feet in depth of mud and water;
then a rush of 200 yards over an open
space, then an outer wall or fortification,
with musketry and small artillery pieces
pouring in their fire; then a moat, of

long, long years standing, a stream of in-
describably filthy mud and water—stag-
nant pools and filth, reaching breast high
and higher, for a distance of 180 feet,
and then the main wall, at least 30 feet
in height; and, reaching the top of this,
if such a thing be possible, thousands of
the enemy still facing the foe. As I
stood on the rampart and noted these
difficulties; and thought of what might
have been, I first thanked God,
and then Dewey and his gallant men for
our almost bloodless victory. Surely
the hand of God has been with us and
the fate of the Spaniard marked out by
our God of destiny. Hundreds of years
of revolting cruelty on the part of the
cruel and treacherous Spaniard have
marked him down as unworthy to rule
in this land of Christian civilization.
The Spaniard has had his day, and it
has been an awful day to the natives of
this fruitful island. Think of it, of an
intelligent, fine looking, English speak-
ing Spaniard, who has often visited our
grand old United States, looking me
squarely in the eyes and making this
boast:

"The natives are a tough class to
conquer—they are, indeed. Why, sir,
in the last year we have killed off more
than 70,000 of them; and still they con-
tinue hostile and will not accept the in-
evitable."

"The natives, ere our arrival, had
driven the Spaniards from pillar to post,
from all interior positions, and had
them cooped up in the citadel where
they could only be conquered by the
aid of starvation. But you must remem-
ber that Dewey and his men really
accomplished this by the destruction
first of the Spanish fleet, and then by
supplying the insurgents with the arms
and ammunition of the defeated foe—
with thousands of Mauser rifles and
thousands of pounds of powder and
innumerable cartridges, while teaching
the natives to use these arms to the best
possible advantage.

"It was simply wonderful in that far off
city, so different from the happenings
in our own beloved United States. The
funny, narrow streets; the houses, sur-
rounded by massive walls, as if your
home was a fortress, with deadly ene-
mies all around and about you; the
chattering Philipinos, Chinese, French,
Russians, Belgians, Germans, in fact
almost all the nations in the world rep-
resented; the diminutive horses and the
two-wheeled carts, the patient water
buffalos, seen only in circuses in our na-
tive land; those patient, ox-like animals,
drawing enormous loads; the Chinese,
numbering a dozen or more, pushing
and pulling an immense wagon load of
coal; the coolies, with great burdens
upon their shoulders, trotting along,
with an indescribable loping motion;
the beggars, pleading all day long for
alms, with closed eyes and an exhibi-
tion of disgusting sores upon body and
limbs; oftentimes these beggars walking
upon their knees all the day long, and
again upon their feet—flat—with knees
in air, and then the remainder of the
body bent, until the center of the body
touched the ground; emaciated women,
with emaciated infants upon their arms,
pleading with you for the gift of a
single penny, while splendidly arrayed
Spaniards passed them by as if nothing
worth noting was occurring, and as if
poverty never occurred in their lives—
all presenting such scenes as I never ex-
pected seeing on this earth."

COLOR BEARER HARRY PALMER.

SOCIAL SESSION.

Elks Splendidly Entertained a Large
Party of Visitors.

The Elks last evening at their rooms
gave a very pleasant social session to
the members of the Pittsburg ball club,
George W. Monroe and "My Friend
From India" companies. A light lunch
was served and Will A. Rhodes acted as
toastmaster. Nowling's orchestra was
in attendance, and a number of mem-
bers of the theatrical companies ren-
dered pleasing selections.

Men's Mackintosh rubber coats. Spe-
cial price \$1.25. Joseph Bros. have re-
ceived 36 more of these coats this week.
They are sold elsewhere at \$2.

Fred Lautenberger's stock of
suitings is the finest in the city.
Market street.

ONLY ONE MAN FOUND

But Mayor Bough Had Other
Business Today

CLEARING YESTERDAY'S DOCKET

Several Prisoners Released--Police In-
formed of an Escape From the Steuben-
ville Jail--A Reward Attached--Looking
For Other Persons.

Marion Paden was the only person ar-
rested last night, and he is now in jail
keeping company with an offender who
was locked up Saturday. Officer Grim
heard peculiar sounds, similar to that of
someone snoring, in the yard of the
Thompson residence at the corner of
Fourth and Market street about mid-
night, and after investigating discovered
Paden sleeping soundly. He was taken
to jail and a charge of intoxication was
placed against him. This morning he
was fined \$6.60 and is still in.

John Jones was released last evening.
Friends from Wellsville came here and
secured his release by paying his fine,
which amounted to \$7.50.

Patrick Kelley, who was fined \$7.60
yesterday by being gathered in Satur-
day night is still in custody. He has
not been able to secure the necessary
friends to secure his release.

Wellbrecht, the young man found in
Deacon's house in East End, was re-
leased from custody yesterday. There
is no charge against him, and it has
been learned that no prosecution will be
made. How he came to be in the house
is unknown, but it has been said that
he was taken in the house
and allowed to remain there during
the night.

Richard Everetts, who was in the
Steubenville jail charged with shooting
Charles Walker, effected his escape last
evening by walking from the jail with
friends. Sheriff Porter notified the au-
thorities in this place about 7 o'clock
last night of the escape, and sent a de-
scription of the man. A reward of \$25
is offered for his capture. Up to a late
hour he had not been apprehended in
this place.

Superintendent J. A. Quay, of the
Pennsylvania reform school, has for-
warded to Marshal Johnson the follow-
ing list of missing ones:

Jessup Bellas, of Kittanning, 11 years
old, height 4 feet 8½ inches, weight 74
pounds, brown hair, blue-grey eyes,
medium complexion, scar from cut back
of right ear, one vaccine mark on left
arm; wore jacket and trousers of blue-
grey cloth, striped cotton shirt, round
cap and visor, heavy shoes.

James McPherson, colored, home at
Hamilton avenue, Pittsburg; 19 years
old, height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 120
pounds, black-negro features, protrud-
ing lower lip, stoop shouldered, vaccine
mark on left arm, scar on left forearm;
wore grey trousers and blue and white
striped shirt.

A reward of \$10 is offered for the re-
turn of each capture.

Mayor Bough this morning was asked
to have the officers to look out for and
detain a 14-year-old son of Henry Koll-
ing, of 520 Dock street, Steubenville.
The boy ran away from home in July,
and last week was heard of in Toronto.

Made to measure suits, strictly high
class merchant tailor suits. Our low
price induces many to buy—\$12, \$13,
\$13.50, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$17, \$18. Satisfac-
tion or money back is Joseph Bros.
way of doing business.

All the news in the News Review.

**7 SUTHERLAND
SISTERS'
HAIR GROWER AND
SCALP CLEANER**

Are the only preparations that will re-
store the hair to its original
healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

TENTH ANNUAL
**PITTSBURGH
EXPOSITION**
Opens Sept. 7, Closes Oct. 22.

MUSIC BY
SOUSA AND HIS BAND

THE GREATER
PITTSBURGH BAND,

Walter Damrosch
And His New York Symphony
Orchestra.

Victor Herbert
AND 22d REGIMENT BAND,
OF NEW YORK.

**HAGENBECK'S WORLD-FAMED
TRAINED ANIMALS.**
The Feature of the World's Fair.

BOX-MAKING
By Machinery in Actual Operation.

MARVELOUS
DEEP SEA DIVING EXHIBITION

LIFE-LIKE WAR PICTURES IN THE
CINEMATOGAPHE.

Latest Inventions in All Kinds of Machinery.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.
Lowest Excursion Rates, including
Admission, on All Railroads.



Great Care Is Necessary

in the compounding of pre-
scriptions. The slightest error
might prove fatal to the patient.
We use science as well as care in
the compounding of our prescrip-
tions. Only good, fresh drugs are
used, and the result is quick cure.
Bring your prescriptions here to
be filled.

BERT ANSLEY'S

City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.
140 Fourth Street.

Prescriptions

We pay particular atten-
tion to filling prescriptions
carefully and from only the
purest drugs.

A full and complete line
of stationery. All the lat-
est styles, those dainty
things the ladies all like and
are just now so fashion-
able.

Perfumes have ever been
a specialty at this store,
and the present is no excep-
tion.

**OPERA HOUSE
PHARMACY**
Sixth Street.

Visit the
**Blanket
Sale**
at **HARD'S.**

You'll save money.

HOEFGEN LIKES HAVANA

It is a Pretty Town, but Some People Are Hungry.

A COURTEOUS INSURGENT CHIEF

Who Keeps His Men Well Disciplined and Endeavors to Do What Is Right—Blanco Is Selling Off His Supplies at Low Rates. Anxious For General Lee's Arrival.

John B. Hoefgen, whose interests in connection with the street railway company have made him well known to many people in the city, reached the city last evening, after a stay of 10 days in Havana and vicinity. He thinks the city is pretty, but with all its gaiety he could not be blinded to the fact that some of its people are hungry.

"We left New York on a Ward line steamer," said Mr. Hoefgen, "and experienced no difficulty in reaching Havana. The first object of interest of course is the wreck of the Maine. A military mast stands above the waters of the harbor, while two men in a small boat keep constant watch lest some one approaches too near the wreck. It is claimed the precaution is taken to prevent relic hunters from despoiling the remains of the battleship.

"We had very good quarters at a hotel where you must pay in gold, and that section of the city appears very well. The streets are thronged with people, Spanish soldiers appearing everywhere, officers mingling freely with the crowds. There are hungry people there, too, as one can readily see, for all do not have money with which to buy the food they really need. Provisions, however, are by no means dear. General Blanco had prepared for a long siege, and the government warehouses were filled with thousands of dollars worth of supplies. As he knows he will soon be compelled to move he is selling these supplies to merchants at ridiculously low prices, and they are making money in selling them to the people who can afford to buy.

"Among the most pleasant of my experiences in Cuba was a visit to Lieutenant Colonel Fernandez, the insurgent chief who did a considerable amount of fighting around Havana. He is a very pleasant gentleman, and the soldiers of his command are under strict discipline. The Spanish lines are still far out from the town, and the insurgents are kept in the country districts. Colonel Fernandez is now stationed some distance from Havana.

"The people are hoping General Lee will soon appear at Havana. They are tired of Blanco and want a change as soon as possible. Even the Spaniards do not take unkindly to the coming occupation of the city by Americans, believing it will improve their condition. Import duties are very high, and the steamer on which we went carried a cargo of bacon, but was compelled to take it back to New York.

"American capitalists have not yet had an opportunity to make much of a showing in Havana and vicinity, but plans are being laid that will result in much improvement when once the Spanish soldiers have gone and the city begins to take on American ways. There will be plenty of American capital there at the right time."

When questioned as to whether he was interested in an electric railway project for the city Mr. Hoefgen smiled pleasantly and remarked that such a line would be a good thing in Havana.

Preparing to Skate.

The work of grading for the skating park at Columbian park has been commenced, and it will be completed as soon as possible. A six inch water main will be run from the west end of the ground in order to flood the park.

Booked a Team.

Manager Reark has booked the Toronto football eleven for next Saturday. The local eleven will be strengthened, and expect to win the game easily.

Our ready-to-wear suits are just about one-half the tailor price, at

JOSEPH BROS.

Visit the
Blanket
Sale
at HARD'S.

You'll save money.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Samuel Reed, of Salineville, spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

—Mrs. Wilhelm, of Gowanda, N. Y., arrived in the city yesterday afternoon, and is now the guest of relatives in Fourth street. She will remain in the city several weeks.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Whitman and family, of St. Louis, who have been spending several days in the city the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Peach, have returned to their home in the west.

A RIDER HURT.

Although the Pedestrian Escaped Without Injury.

Last evening as Miss Howard and a gentleman were riding along Sixth street on their wheels a pedestrian failed to notice them, and stepping off the curb was struck by the bicycle of Miss Howard. The man was not injured, but Miss Howard received a severe fall. She was assisted to her feet and taken into a neighboring store where she soon recovered.

SOLD THE PLANT.

Furnace Fireclay Company Did Not Realize on Their Investment.

The Furnace Fireclay company's plant at Salineville was sold at receiver's sale yesterday. The plant was bought in by the H. A. Thompson Banking company, who paid in the neighborhood of \$13,000. The old stockholders will bring civil action against the new owners to recover the difference between the claim and the price which was paid yesterday.

His Hair In Danger.

A young artist whose pipe, eyeglasses and luxuriant blond hair have made him well known in town went to a garden party not so much for social amusement as for pencil studies of high life. He wore a tall hat, frock coat and lavender trousers and carried a sketching block a yard square. At the party his epigrams, paradoxes and fiendish silvery laugh overwhelmed, as he intended, all the girls in sight or hearing, but he got through with his social duties as speedily as might be, then went and sat down on a distant fence.

Soon pencil studies lay all around him on the grass. Suddenly he felt a gentle tug at his back hair. He thought, "That is some fresh Alec trying to guy me," and he did not look up. The gentle tugging ceased, began again, became much stronger, and then he felt something wet, soft, slimy, on his neck. With a dreadful oath he leaped from the fence and looked behind him. Back there was a smart trap, in which sat two girls and a young man laughing. The horses were close to the fence, and it was one of these that had commenced browsing on the artist's profuse locks. Explanations followed and apologies. "All flesh," the artist said, "is grass, but not all hair." —Philadelphia Record.

Musicians Have Long.

A French writer notes that, though a few great musicians have died young—to wit, Mozart at 35, Schubert at 31, Bellini at 33, Mendelssohn at 38 and Weber when he was but 40—a large number have lived to be very old men. Those who died between 60 and 70 years of age include Bach, Von Bulow and Rubinstein. Living beyond 70 years came Gluck, Gounod, Handel, Liszt, Meyerbeer, Rossini, Spontini and Wagner, while the great age of 89 was attained by Auber and others. Dying at more than 80 were Cherubini, Cramer, Lachner, Palestrina, Rameau, Schutz and Taubert. The average age of musical celebrities is about 67 years.

Broke Her Arm.

Mrs. Archie Searight, of East End, last evening met with a painful accident. While crossing on the boards that have been laid at the Mulberry street culvert, which is being repaired, she missed her footing and fell into the run, breaking her arm.

Money back is our way of doing business in our merchant tailoring department. Try Joseph Bros. for your next suit.

NEWS REVIEW for all the news.

GOLDING GOT DAMAGES

One Thousand Dollars Was the Award.

THREE HUNDRED FOR THE LAND

The Jury Reported Its Verdict In Probate Court—Date Set For the Hearing of the Appropriation Cases For the Widening of Pennsylvania Avenue.

LISBON, Oct. 18.—[Special]—In the cases of Liverpool against the Cleveland and Pittsburg the jury gave the Golding company \$300 for the land taken and \$1,000 damages. The railroad company and the city had settled prior to yesterday.

The case of Liverpool against J. C. Thompson and others, the appropriation of property for the widening of Pennsylvania avenue, has been set for Nov. 7.

A SALEM WOMAN

Wants a Divorce From a Man In Pittsburg.

LISBON, Oct. 18.—[Special]—Alice Wolf has filed a petition against George and Samuel Ruff. She claims by the will of John Ruff, father of the defendants, she was to receive \$200, to be paid by the sons within two years after the death of their father. Then the sons, after the death of his wife, were to divide the farm equally. The defendants gave her their notes to extend the time of payment of her legacy. She sued on the note given by George Ruff, and recovered in a squire's court in Knox township. She now seeks to make the judgment a lien on the farm.

The will of William B. Fowler, of Liverpool, has been admitted.

John Patterson, guardian of W. O. Williams has been ordered by Judge Boone to sell real estate to pay his ward's debts, and John and James McPherson and Evan McIntosh are appointed to appraise the land.

C. H. Wilcox, administrator of James Creighton, has been ordered to sell real estate to pay debts.

Callie McRea has filed a motion before Judge Young asking for the removal of Frank Adams as administrator of Samuel Ridinger, claiming that she with other heirs were entitled to administer the estate when the widow waived her rights.

Olivia Nixon, of Salem, asks for a divorce from her husband, L. B. Nixon, residing in Pittsburg. She claims he neglected to provide for her. They were married Jan. 25, 1883, at Salem and have one child. She asks alimony of \$30 a month.

Bribing Spurgeon.

The autobiography of the late Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon contains an account of what may be termed an early business venture and its influence on his character.

Spurgeon was brought up on Watt's hymns, but not altogether willingly. His grandmother coaxed him with money to learn them. At first she gave him a penny, but when she saw how easily it was earned the old lady reduced the prize to a halfpenny and then to a farthing. There is no telling how low the amount per hymn might have fallen, but just at this time his grandfather made a discovery which seemed more desirable to Spurgeon.

He discovered that his house was overrun with rats and offered his grandson a shilling a dozen for all he could kill.

The occupation of rat killing gave him more money than learning hymns. "But," Mr. Spurgeon characteristically says, "I know which employment has been the more permanently profitable to me."

New style men's suits, double breasted, silk face coats, are the handsomest line you have ever laid eyes upon. See them at

JOSEPH BROS.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

THEATER GOERS

Of East Liverpool. You have asked for this attraction for three years. Now here it is. Engagement special. The quaint and original comedian who set all East Liverpool to laughing in "Happy Little Home." The funniest man on the stage.

GEO. W. MONROE

—And His—

Original Big New York Company
In the Screaming Success

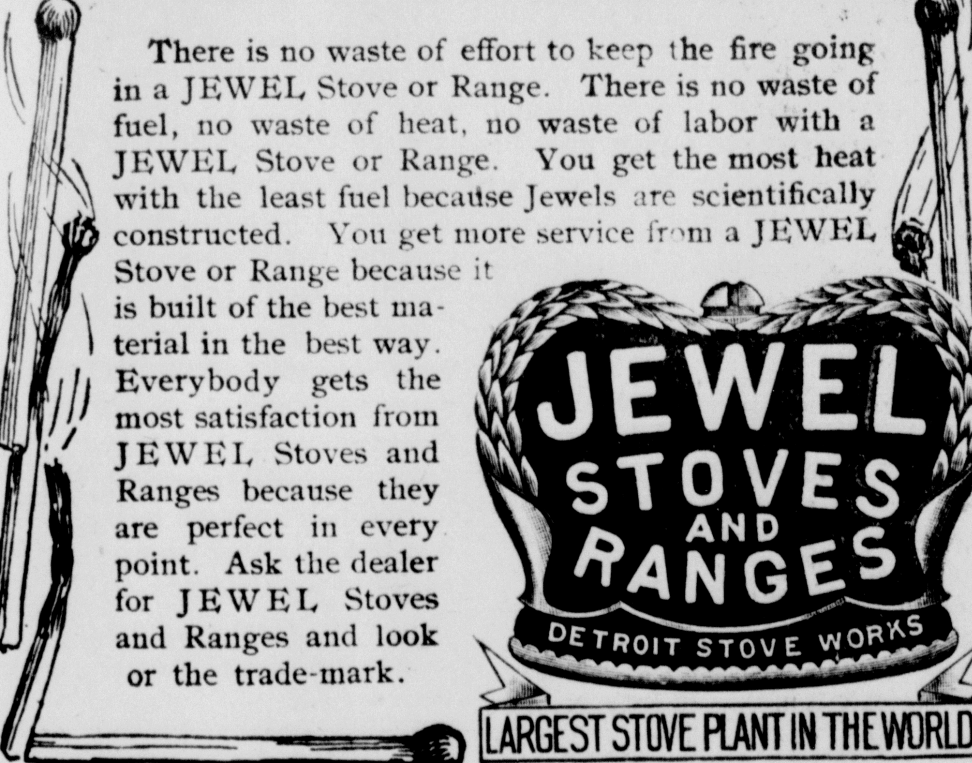
"Her Majesty the Cook."
TONIGHT.

More music, more pretty girls and more fun than you ever saw mixed up together before. You will yell with laughter.

Prices, - - - 75, 50, 35, 25c.

Seats on sale at Will Reed's.

NO WASTE



Jewel Stoves are sold by
Diamond Hardware Company

FILIPINOS FRUIT SELLERS.

A Chaplain's Experience With Some Treacherous Natives In Cavite.

Rev. C. M. Daley, chaplain of the First South Dakota volunteer infantry, writing to his wife in Huron, S. D., from Manila under the date of Aug. 26, describes the treacherous character of the Filipinos as follows:

"Some of the natives are very treacherous. I had a little experience. We left the Rio de Janeiro at 11:30 to go to Cavite. We had no dinner and no supper until 8 at night. I managed to get three loaves of plain bread, a can of tomatoes, a small can of salmon and a bottle of stale rainwater; no butter, but a few bananas. The natives keep the fruit stands, and they are about all the stores here. I wanted to buy 25 or 30 bananas for supper. Captain Lattin was with me, and he was armed. We went two blocks through the dark, narrow streets, and in no store could we find more than five or six bananas. Finally I found a bunch of 14. I had a 10 cent Mexican piece, the kind of money used here, and asked for its value in bananas.

"There were two men in the little hole of a store and two women, and four natives stepped up from the outside. One of the women evidently had charge of the place, and I asked her for as many bananas as my silver piece would buy. None of them seemed to understand what I wanted, and I continued to further explain. They thought I was trying to force a bargain—wanted the 14 bananas for the 10 cent piece. One of the men stepped back into the dark part of the room and quickly reappeared with a machete, which he unsheathed and held before me. He was in a rage, and I simply stood still and watched him closely, at the same time endeavoring to make the woman understand that I wanted only 10 cents' worth of bananas, and in this I finally succeeded, and Captain Lattin and myself passed out of the dismal place, amid deep mut-

terings of those within. It was fortunate, perhaps, that I was unarmed, though the captain was not. Had I flashed a gun or the captain drawn his sword there would have been trouble."—Rocky Mountain News.

Football Cured Him.

Fred Ward, a student at the Taft Preparatory school in Watertown, N. Y., swallowed a blow pin from an air gun at his home in New Haven last April. The pin lodged in his lungs, and almost immediately he began to fail. Several physicians were consulted, and everything known to medical science was done to remove the pin or relieve him, but it only resulted in failure, and Ward was threatened with death in consequence. The young man is ambitious, however, and determined to continue his studies. At the beginning of the school year at Taft's he made his appearance and joined his class. Before the accident he was a great lover of football and other athletics, and when the team was being made up at school he went in for trial. The other day he was practicing with the team and taking violent exercise. Suddenly he was attacked with a fit of coughing, and after a most violent effort he spat up the blow pin. Since then Ward has felt no soreness of the lungs, his appetite has returned, and he already has begun to regain his health.

Elkskin For Leather.

One of the strangest industries known is that of the preparation of the skin of the common el for articles of commerce. The skin when prepared closely resembles leather, but is more pliable and gelatinous.

This Seems Correct.

Riprap—The eyes are the windows of the soul.

Wigwag—Then the soul of the man whose eyes have been blacked looks out of stained glass windows.—Detroit Free Press.

AT ZEB KINSEY'S Wall Paper Store.

Coal hods	15, 20, 25c
Lamp chimneys	4, 5, 10c
6 table knives 6 forks	40c
Table spoons	15c per dozen
Ladies' fleeced hose	10, 15c
Children's hose extra	10, 15c
Bound story books	10, 15, 20c
Onion skin tablets	10c
Large maps	25, 35, 45c
Fine dressed dolls	25, 50, 10c
Crepe tissue paper	10c
Granite dish pan	25, 35c
Salt and pepper, fancy	5c
Tin wash boiler	35, 45, 55c

AT ZEB KINSEY'S, Diamond,
EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

TEACHERS WERE PAID

But Doctor Williams and Mr. Peach Voted No

WHEN THE BILLS WERE PASSED

They Objected to Something, but Other Members of the Board of Education Could Not See It In That Light—Only One Geography In the Schools In the Future.

The board of education met in regular session in the Central building last night. The meeting was a short one compared to those recently held. It lasted but 70 minutes. The members present were Messrs. Vodrey, Norris, Murphy, Hill, Fisher, Williams and Peach.

The meeting was opened with scripture reading and prayer by Mr. Murphy, after which the minutes of the last meeting were approved.

The bill of the Ceramic City Light company for \$150 was again held over. The bill was presented several months ago and was laid over because of its not being correct. At a meeting of council, held in January, that body allowed six lights placed at the disposal of the board. That is why the bill was laid over.

The following bills were ordered paid: A. Watson, \$9.70; John Schlester, \$1; James McDole, \$78.05; George Whetton, \$20; W. B. Adell, \$8.50; J. H. Simms, \$16.90; Boston Store, \$1.69; William Tyler, \$7.70; Arbuthnot Bros., \$7.78; Frank Campbell, \$266.90; Diamond Hardware company, \$94.77; News Review, \$30.15; W. A. Hill, \$3.60; August Guthrie, \$7.50; J. H. Moore, \$6; Crisis, \$17.25; W. H. Adams, \$31.13; Eagle Hardware company, \$33.61; Burrows Bros., \$16.80; Hendrickson & Co., \$7.50; Piqua Chair company \$13.50; Wilson Stationery company, \$29.25; J. T. Roberts, \$4; L. B. Kinsey, \$31.64; A. Rattray, \$6.86; Edward McCoy \$13; American Book company, \$468.82; William G. Johnston, \$7.50; Haughton, Mifflin company, \$7.50; Sheldon company, \$5.64; board of school examiners, \$30; J. M. McDole, \$40.87; Martin Elliott, \$4.50; teachers salaries \$2,451.32.

When the roll was called for the payment of the bills Doctor Williams refused to vote, and Mr. Peach voted no. Mr. Hill, as chairman of the committee on course of study, stated that the committee were progressing favorably with their work. The report was received, and they were ordered to have the printer go ahead on the catalogue. The annual reports of superintendent and clerk will be embodied in the catalogue together with other data which has been secured by the committee. The number of copies to be printed has not been determined by the board.

Doctor Williams spoke at length upon the books now in use in the schools. In part he said:

"I find that in our schools there are at least four different geographies now in use. We should do more for the scholars of East Liverpool and give them all the same book. To remedy this it will necessitate an outlay of \$275 providing the ones now in use be exchanged in the same manner as was in the case of the arithmetics." A motion was made to that effect, and it carried by an unanimous vote.

Superintendent Rayman's report for the month of September was read as follows. It is the first report of the year and is very complete: New enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202. This is an increase of 23 males and 16 females over the corresponding month of last year. Entire enrollment, males, 1181, females, 1202; monthly enrollment, males, 1070, females, 1075; per cent attendance, males, 95, females, 95; in September 1897, the per cent attendance was 92; pupils absent, males, 581, females, 541; pupils withdrawn, males, 17, females, 19; cases of tardiness, males, 111, females, 63; cases of truancy, males, 11, females, 2; corporal punishment, 31; teachers absent, 26; visits by parents, males, 15, females, 43; visits by board, 4; cases of sickness, males, 132, females, 174; visits by superintendent, 137; deaths, 1.

Superintendent Rayman concluded his report by adding that a portion of the afternoon will be observed as Lafayette day.

The meeting then adjourned.

NOTICE.

Water consumers should call at the water works office and pay their water rent. By doing so now you will save the discount.

J. W. GIPNER, Clerk.

—Frank Moore, of Beaver, was in the city today on business.

STORY OF THE CHIPPEWAS.

How One of Their Warriors Was Tortured by a Fox Indian.

Apropos of the war now being waged upon the United States by the so called Bear Island Indians, who belong to the Pillager band of Chippewas, the following story of how a noted Ojibway or Chippewa warrior was taken prisoner by his nephew, a warrior of the Foxes, and tortured by fire will be interesting: The wars between the Ojibways and Foxes are described as fierce and bloody in the extreme, marked with every cruelty attendant on savage warfare. The Foxes tortured their prisoners in various ways, principally with fire. This custom is said to have originated as follows:

A noted Ojibway warrior was taken prisoner by his nephew, a young warrior of the Foxes, son of his own sister, who had been captured when young and adopted and married into the tribe. To evince his utter contempt for any tie of blood existing between him and his Ojibway uncle this young man planted two stakes strongly in the ground, and, taking his uncle by the arm, remarked that he wished to warm him before a good fire. Deliberately tying his uncle's arms and legs as widely as they could be stretched to the stakes, this unnatural nephew built a huge fire in front of his captive, and when his naked body was burned to a blister on one side, turned him around until his back was also cruelly burned. He was then untied and turned loose by the nephew and told to go home and tell the Ojibways how the Foxes treated their uncles.

The uncle recovered from his fire wounds and in a subsequent war excursion captured his cruel nephew, took him to the Ojibway village, tied him to a stake, and, taking a fresh elk skin, on which a layer of fat had been purposely left, placed it over a fire until it became ablaze, and then, throwing it over the naked shoulders of his nephew, remarked: "Nephew, when you took me to visit the village of your people you warmed me before a good fire. I now in return give you a warm mantle for your back." The elk skin, covered with thick fat, burned furiously, and, puckering, it tightened round the naked body of the victim—a dreadful mantle which soon consumed him. The act was retaliated by the Foxes, and death by fire in various horrible ways became the fate of all captives.—New York Times.

ECONOMIC LIVING.

Michigan Institution Claims to Have Solved the Vexatious Problem.

The Battle Creek (Mich.) sanitarium believes it has solved the problem of cheap living and that one can live well on \$3.40 per month. The sanitarium company undertakes to supply meals to its employees at cost. In fact, each employee is allowed 85 cents per week to cover the item of board, and so long as the employee does not overreach this allowance his or her board is free. Any excess over 85 cents is charged against the employee.

The method of keeping accounts with the employee is simple. A book of tickets or coupons is given to each person. The tickets have the uniform value of 1 cent. Every dish served is valued at a penny, so that each coupon will secure any single dish on the bill of fare. A correspondent thus describes the scene: The several hundred nurses, doctors, helpers, waiters and callboys who entered the building went quietly about the work of supplying themselves with food.

No waiters are employed, which is a source of economy. Each employee scans the bill of fare, selects the various dishes which he wants and, with tray in hand, makes his way to the serving kitchen, where the food is dished out. Everything goes on with perfect good order. No loud talking or boisterous conduct is permitted. The institution is conducted on a vegetarian plan.

The bill of fare embraces only the various breads, grains, fruits, vegetables, eggs, nut preparations, milk, butter, cream, kumyss, caramel cereal and sugar. No forms of meats, tea or coffee are served. No vinegar, pepper, spices or other high seasoning is used in foods or served on the tables. The bill of fare embraces about 60 different dishes.

Treasure For Stamp Hunters.

Philatelists will envy the lucky possessor of the cycle mail stamp, from western Australia. It is indeed a unique curiosity, for there is but one cycle mail in the world. The original design is somewhat rough, but not the less interesting for that reason. The description of the stamp is as follows: First, on the ground, lightly shaded with perpendicular lines, are the words, "Lake Leffroy Goldfield." Then, on an oval, are the words, "6d. Postage. 6d." The color is pink, stamped upon a pale green ground.—New York Journal.

Patriotic Philadelphia.

The white letter boxes are artistic in themselves, and with the red boxes for the fire department and the blue for the police they help to make the highways a symphony of the national colors.—Philadelphia Record.

Altogether Too Elaborate.

It is hard to believe that France courts trouble in Africa in order to cloak the Dreyfus scandal. That would be setting the house afire to cure a smoky chimney.—Sioux City Journal.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, English Quail, American Pheasant, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

AN AUSTRIAN AIRSHIP.

Its Inventor Believes He Can Cross the Atlantic in Four Days.

The problem of aerial navigation has been solved by a German nobleman, Count Zeppelin of Vienna, who has long interested himself in ballooning. The balloon which he has constructed is over 300 feet in length and cylindrical in form. It resembles an immense lead pencil.

Inside the balloon itself are several smaller balloons, which will perform the same functions as water tight compartments on ships. Water in a tank under the car will be used as ballast. The steering gear is composed of paddle wheels driven by electricity and fixed to the side of the car. Experts who have tested the apparatus declare it to be perfect. One of its first undertakings will be a balloon voyage to America, which Count Zeppelin is confident can be accomplished in four days.—Philadelphia Press.

Cheap Trips.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the northwest, west or southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines, No. 360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg. He represents the "short lines" to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the northwest, west and southwest. Daily through train service from Pittsburg, and from western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio points. The Pennsylvania is the only system of railroads having a double route between Pittsburg and Chicago. Tell Mr. Dillon where you wish to go, and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

Thursday Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg account the exposition will be sold at single fare for round trip via Pennsylvania lines, Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13 and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie, Massillon, New Philadelphia and intermediate ticket stations on the Fort Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison, New Cumberland, Washington, Wheeling and intermediate ticket stations on the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be sold for regular trains of those dates, and will be good returning three days including date of sale. For rates, tickets and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Visit the
Blanket Sale
at HARD'S.
You'll save money.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

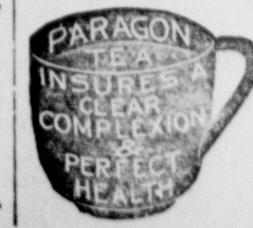
	Westward.		Eastward.		Through Trains on Trains 336, 337, 337 and 360 between Cleveland and Bellaire.	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsburgh	15:45	11:30	14:30	11:00	17:30	
Rochester	6:40	2:15	5:25	11:50	8:25	
Beaver	6:45	2:20	5:30	11:55	8:30	
Vanport	6:50	2:25	5:35	12:00	8:35	
Industry	7:00	2:35	5:45	12:10	8:44	
Cooks Ferry	7:03	2:38	5:48	12:13	8:48	
Smiths Ferry	7:11	2:46	5:56	12:20	8:55	
Grandale	7:20	2:55	6:05	12:30	9:05	
East Liverpool	7:20	2:55	6:05	12:30	9:05	
Wellsville	7:33	3:08	6:18	12:40	9:15	
Wellsville	7:42	3:05	6:27	12:45		
Wellsville Shop	7:46	3:09	6:31	12:50		
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:15	6:37	12:55		
Hammondsville	8:01	3:24	6:46	1:03		
Grandale	8:05	3:28	6:50	1:07		
Salleneville	8:25	3:48	7:10	1:27		
Bayard	8:29	3:52	7:14	1:31		
Alliance	8:40	4:03	7:25	1:42		
Ravenna	8:40	4:03	7:25	1:42		
Hudson	11:02	5:25	7:30	1:47		
Cleveland	11:20	5:43	7:48	1:40		
Wellsville	7:47	3:10	6:55	1:55	11:02	
Wellsville Shop	7:52	3:15	6:59	1:59	11:05	
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:19	7:04	2:04	11:10	
Port Home	8:03	3:25	7:09	2:09	11:13	
Empire	8:10	3:32	7:14	2:14	11:17	
Elliottsville	8:17	3:39	7:18	2:18	11:21	
Foronto	8:21	3:43	7:23	2:23	11:25	
Costonia	8:28	3:50	7:30	2:30	11:32	
Steubenville	8:44	4:00	7:45	2:45	11:45	
Mingo Je	8:44	4:00	7:45	2:45	11:45	
Brilliant	8:58	4:14	7:59	2:59	12:01	
Rush Run	9:07	4:23	8:08	3:08	12:10	
Portland	9:14	4:30	8:15	3:15	12:16	
Yorkville	9:19	4:35	8:20	3:20	12:21	
Martins Ferry	9:32	4:48	8:32	3:32	12:26	
Bridgeport	9:40	4:56	8:39	3:39	12:35	
Ashtabula	9:50	5:05	8:48	3:48	12:45	
Eastward.	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Bellaire	14:45	19:00	14:45	11:00	12:45	
Bridgeport	4:53	9:03	4:54	11:04	12:58	
Martins Ferry	5:01	9:15	5:02	11:16	1:05	
Yorkville	5:10	9:24	5:11	11:25	1:12	
Portland	5:15	9:29	5:16	11:30	1:17	
Rush Run	5:23	9:37	5:24	11:38	1:25	
Brilliant	5:28	9:41	5:29	11:42	1:29	
Mingo Je	5:35	9:48	5:36	11:49	1:36	
Steubenville	5:44	9:56	5:45	11:58	1:40	
Costonia	5:50	10:02	5:51	12:04	1:45	
Toronto	6:07	10:17	6:08	12:19	1:50	
Elliottsville	6:11	10:21	6:12	12:23	1:54	
Empire	6:13	10:23	6:14	12:25	1:56	
Port Home	6:20	10:30	6:21	12:32	2:03	
Yellow Creek	6:26	10:37	6:27	12:38	2:09	
Wellsville Shop	6:31	10:42	6:32	12:43	2:14	
Wellsville	6:35	10:46	6:36	12:47	2:18	
Wellsville	7:42	3:10	6:55	1:55	11:02	
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:19	7:04	2:04	11:10	
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Alliance	8:40	4:03	7:40	2:45	11:52	
Ravenna	8:40	4:03	7:40	2:45	11:52	
Hudson	11:02	5:25	7:48	2:48	12:01	
Cleveland	11:20	5:43	7:56	2:56	12:10	
Wellsville	6:45	10:57	6:51	12:03	12:30	
East Liverpool	6:57	11:07	7:00	12:10	12:40	
Smiths Ferry	7:07	11:18	7:08	12:20	12:50	
Cooks Ferry	7:11	11:24	7:12	12:24	1:00	
Industry	7:25	11:37	7:26	12:37	1:13	
Vanport	7:34	11:45	7:35	12:45	1:20	
Reaver	7:40	11:45	7:41	12:45	1:26	
Rochester	7:50	11:55	7:51	12:55	1:36	
Pittsburgh	8:50	12:40	8:50	12:40	1:40	

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburg and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 6-26-98, H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Is Your Head Clear? Do you feel a boundless energy in your blood? You can have these and renewed vitality by taking a dose of Paragon Tea before retiring. Cures for one month's treatment. All druggists. Send 2 cent stamp for sample. PARAGON CO. Cleveland, O.

UNION LABELS.

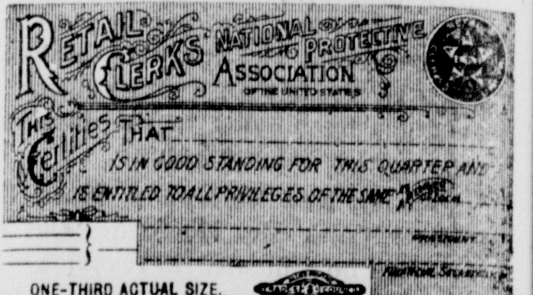
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

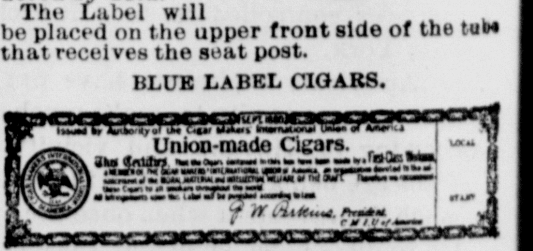


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

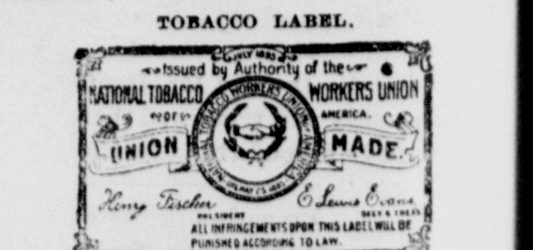
"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is as evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



and Running Stock are now being issued by

The Potters' Building and Savings Company.

Any amount desired.

CASE WAS THROWN OUT

Because of a Law Passed Last Winter.

IT APPEARED UNEXPECTEDLY

When the Salem Opera House Manager Endeavored to Hold Tommy Shearer's Effects—It Is Something New In Ohio Law.

The attachment suit against the Tommy Shearer company yesterday afternoon was dismissed by Squire J. N. Rose, and their baggage was at once sent to them at Sharon.

The case was to have been heard this morning, but Attorney Travis argued a motion to dismiss the case on the grounds that a non-resident of the state was no longer ground for attachment according to a law passed by the last general assembly. The motion was entertained by Squire Rose, and the case was dismissed, and it now holds the distinction of being the first suit in the city to be tried under the new law passed by the last general assembly.

In speaking of the law the Ohio Legal News says:

"It will, quite likely, be a surprise to the bench and bar to learn that non-residence of the state is no longer a ground for attachment in Ohio, and it will be more deplorable when it is known that the change came through pure carelessness. In amending section 5501, so that foreign corporations that have been admitted to do business in Ohio were exempt from attachment on the ground of non-residence, the author of the bill made paragraph 1 read, 'When the defendant or one of the defendants is a foreign corporation,' omitting the words, 'or a non-resident of the state.' That this was a blunder is shown by the fact that in the last paragraph of the section non-residence is still referred to as if it were a ground for attachment, as well as by the fact there is absolutely no demand for such a change. The bill adds as a tenth ground of attachment, 'that the claim is for work and necessities.' Just what this clause means, it is hard to say, and no doubt judicial interpretation will be necessary to define it. In all, the job seems to be more appropriately termed 'a rape of the statutes' than anything else.

"For the next two years non-residence will not be a ground for attachment in Ohio. Senator Vernon H. Burke, of Cleveland, introduced the bill by request. The name of the author does not appear."

ON TIME

A Member of the Board Wants the School Men to Meet.

Several members of the board of education were chatting in the office of the superintendent in Central building last evening when the big bell in the tower struck 8. The meeting was to have commenced at that hour but only three members were present. One of those present when he looked at the clock said:

"This thing of meeting on time should be strictly adhered to. This board is noted for doing things technically, and they should be just the same when it comes to a meeting. If they don't start on time I will quit coming, and that is all there is to it."

How This!

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Prices 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Read a Paper.

Doctor Calhoun, of East End, left this morning for Alliance where he spent the day attending the monthly meeting of the Tri-State Medical association which was held in that place. Several other physicians were expected to attend from this place, but Doctor Calhoun was the only one who left on the early train. While there he read a paper on "Appendicitis."

Finest suitings and overcoatings in the market at Fred. Laufenberger's.

THE SUDANESE TROOPS.

Why Those Who Fought the British Are Now on Their Side.

The Sudanese are splendid troops. There are six regiments of them, about 500 men in each. It is a curious thing to reflect on that among their ranks are between 700 and 800 men who fought against us at the Atbara. It will perhaps be a little difficult for those who are not well acquainted with the history of the Sudan to understand how these men could have come so entirely over to our side as within three or four months to be fighting against their former comrades, so I give the following explanation.

The inhabitants of the Sudan may be roughly divided into two distinct types—the Arabs and the blacks. The Arabs are the ruling race, the blacks being mostly slaves, who consequently have no particular love for their Arab masters, although, at the same time, they are on account of their bravery the khalifa's most trusted troops. The blacks, however, fight for sheer love of the game and are ready, as a rule, to side with whoever they think will win and treat them best, and it is these men who are now enlisted in the Sudanese regiments.

These Sudanese regiments present a very fine appearance. They are nearly all very tall men, slender, but at the same time very wiry, and their marching powers are wonderful. Their uniform is particularly neat and serviceable, consisting of a red fez, colored with kharki. On one side of the fez is a strip of colored cloth, varying with the different regiments, on which in brass Arabic characters is the number of the regiment itself. They wear a brown woolen jersey, kharki breeches, blue rethis and last, but certainly not least, a pair of enormous boots. Fourteen is a common size.

Their equipment is of brown leather, and they wear a bandolier belt for cartridges, kharki haversack and water bottle. They are armed with the Martini-Henri rifle and bayonet. They are good natured fellows, and are inordinately fond of music, or, rather, a good noise. However, their bands are wonderfully well turned out, and will play for mile after mile without stopping. They are particularly fond of the bagpipes, and one or two of the regiments have pipers who have been trained by the highland regiments.—Cor. Dublin Express.

SLEPT NINETEEN WEEKS.

Strange Case and Queer Experiences of a Wyoming (Ills.) Woman.

Mrs. Rosalie P. Havens of Wyoming, Ills., finally awakened the other day after a sleep of 19 weeks. Two days before her slumbers began she wandered away from home in the afternoon and was found late at night two miles away, lying unconscious under a brush heap, on the Spoon river. She was carried home and restored to consciousness.

She explained that she felt herself losing consciousness, and, fearing that she would suffer from the cold before she was discovered, she had crawled under the pile of brush. She complained of great weariness and sank into the sleep which continued 19 weeks. For the first two weeks of her slumber the case attracted much attention among the people of the little village. Then the story spread, and every train brought from one to a dozen strangers. Physicians from this and other states, mesmerists, faith healers, hypnotists and curiosity seekers flocked to the town to see the sleeping woman. All sorts of tests failed to rouse her.

A few days ago she rubbed her eyes, sat up in bed and looked with astonishment at those around her. She insisted that she had gone to sleep the evening before, and even now she cannot realize that she has been dead to the world for such a long time. While her body has been lying in the cottage in Wyoming her spirit has journeyed through space. She has traveled in dreams with strange, prehistoric people through the icefields of Greenland, Alaska and the mountains of the west. She tells remarkable stories of her adventures, and it is difficult to convince her that they were not real. Mrs. Havens is 32 years old and was afflicted with melancholia before her sleep began.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

QUEER SWARM OF INSECTS.

Brown Butterflies Invade Topeka and Prevent Out of Door Work.

An army of butterflies of an entirely different variety from any known to scientific men of Kansas appeared at Topeka the other day. The insects are of a reddish brown color, and none is found in the museums here which resemble them. They exude a peculiar odor, which is extremely disagreeable, and in some instances has made those sick who inhaled it.

Several residents of the towns south of Topeka who were in the city a few days ago say that at times work outdoors was next to impossible, owing to the number of insects constantly hovering about. The air over Topeka was filled all day with myriads of the insects. Where they arrived from so suddenly is a mystery. A report reached Topeka the other afternoon of the delay of a train on one of the small branches of the Union Pacific road by the large number of insects gathering on the rails, making them slippery.—New York Journal.



Another Spanish Victory!!!
He's captured Battle Ax.

You may be disappointed in war, in politics, or in business, but you will never be disappointed in

BattleAx PLUG

It is the one chewing tobacco in the world that is always the same good chew—and the largest piece at the lowest price. Try it to-day.

Remember the name when you buy again.

Elizabeth Left a Vast Fortune.

The late Empress Elizabeth left a vast fortune. In fact, she was one of the richest royal personages in Europe. The empress had a much larger civil list from the day of her marriage, in 1854, than she ever spent, and her surplus income was judiciously laid out in purchasing property around Vienna, which was then bought very cheap, but which is now covered with buildings. Her gains through these investments were enormous.—New York Journal.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 65¢@66¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 38¢@38½¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 35¢@35½¢; high mixed, shelled, 34¢@35¢.
OATS—No. 1 white, new, 28½¢@29¢; No. 2 white, chipped, 28¢@28½¢; extra No. 3, white, 27¢@27½¢; light mixed, 25¢@25½¢.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$5.75@5.90; No. 2, \$7.75@5.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$8.00@8.25; wagon hay, \$8.50@10.00 for timothy.
POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 65¢@75¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; spring chickens, 35¢@60¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@60¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.25 per pair. Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; spring chickens, 13¢@14¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@23½¢; extra creamery, 22¢@22½¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 19½¢@20¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; low grades and cooking, 16¢@17¢.
CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 9¢@9½¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8½¢@9¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, new, 8½¢@9¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 11¢@11½¢.
EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15¢@16¢; candled, 16¢@17¢.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.

CATTLE—Receipts 125 loads; market easy at shade lower prices. We quote the following prices: Extra, \$5.25@5.40; prime, \$5.00@5.15; good, \$4.80@4.90; tidy, \$4.65@4.75; fair, \$4.50@4.60; common, \$3.75@4.00; heifers, \$3.50@4.50; common to good fat oxen, \$2.50@4.25; bulls, cows and stags, \$2.25@3.90; good fresh cows, \$4.00@6.00; common, \$3.00@5.50.
HOGS—Receipts liberal, fully 60 double-deckers on sale; market ruled steady. Sales were: Prime mediums, \$3.50@3.95; heavy Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; common to fair Yorkers, \$3.80@3.85; heavy hogs, \$3.90@3.95; pigs, \$3.60@3.75; roughs, \$2.50@3.50.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts 14 loads; market firm on sheep, lambs 10¢@15¢ lower. We quote prices: Prime, \$4.65@4.75; good, \$4.50@4.60; fair, \$4.00@4.35; common, \$3.25@3.75; choice lambs \$5.70@5.85; common to good, \$3.50@5.90; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17.

HOGS—Market active at \$3.10@3.85.
CATTLE—Market active and firm at \$2.50@4.85.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull and lower at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs—Market lower at \$4.00@5.00.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 75½¢ f. o. b. afloat.
CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 38½¢ f. o. b. afloat.
OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 28¢.
CATTLE—Demand fair; good to choice steers steady; others 10¢@15¢ lower; bulls firm; cows weak to 10¢ lower. Oxen and stags, fair to choice, \$3.85@4.90; bulls, \$2.50@3.50; cows, \$1.62½@3.40.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep 10¢@15¢ lower; lambs active but fully 10¢ lower. Sheep, \$3.00@4.75; lambs, \$5.12½@6.15.
HOGS—Market slow at \$3.90@4.15.

A Unique Sign.

A sign which was productive of much discussion was read by the patrons of a small laundry establishment in a Massachusetts town.

It was printed in large letters on a piece of brown paper and pinned to the door of the shop. It ran thus:

"Closed on account of sickness till next Monday, or possibly Wednesday. I am not expected to live. Shall be unable to deliver goods for at least a week in any case."

Peace to His Ashes.

The location of Columbus' remains promises to become as much a matter of dispute as his status as an American discoverer.—Washington Star.

Colorado Soldier's Deaf.

I would like to write a sonnet and put loving trimmings on it
To the pretty little girl I left behind me,
But she's got another feller, and I simply want to tell her
That her loss with bitter tears will never blind me.
Here in beautiful Manila, far across the bounding billow,
I have found another sugar plum—God bless her!
And, although she is the color of a fried New England cruller,
It will never drain my pocketbook to dress her.

Hers a figure like a Juno; doesn't try to hide it, you know,
With the finery our Yankee girls so covet,
And her mouth is a creation built for blissful osculation,
With the very cutest nose on earth above it.
And her smile—oh, holy Moses, what a vision it discloses
Of a rosy portal gemmed with grinders pearly!
Oh, there are no flies upon her, and I fear I am a goner
To the wiles of this sweet Filipino girlie!

So the girl I left behind me isn't very apt to find me
Shedding tears of disappointment should I lose her.
For I'm really quite enraptured with the native belle I've captured,
And she's gone upon her Colorado snoozer.
So exultantly I tell her that her once best steady feller
Whom she thinks she's downed forever in the soup
Has been, happily relished, has quite easily discovered
That she's not the only chicken in the coop!

—Denver Post.

Visit the
**Blanket
Sale**
at HARD'S.
You'll save money.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop
IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print
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3-Sheet Poster.

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ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK,
IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
IM. TYPE WRITER,
&c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CARE
FUL, CORRECT PRINT
ING, TO MAKE SOMETHING
ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
INVOICE SHEETS,
INVITATIONS,
FOLDERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing, presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bona-fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Railroad street, a son.

David Dewar, of Toronto, has taken a position at the East End pottery.

The Knights of Pythias at their meeting this evening will initiate four candidates.

Mrs. James Johnson, of Basil avenue, is very seriously ill, and it is thought she cannot recover.

The Red Cross society will meet this evening in the parish building to transact important business.

Private Vanfossen, who has been at Camp Meade with his regiment, is home on furlough. He has but seven days to stay.

Thomas Sample, of the freight depot, spent yesterday visiting friends in Minerva. He returned to the city this morning.

Mrs. Lintell, of Harper, Kan., who has been spending several weeks in this city visiting friends, returned to her home today.

George C. Morton left today for Washington. He will go from there to the south where he expects to spend several weeks.

City Treasurer S. T. Herbert will leave this evening for Columbus where he will attend a session of the Grand lodge of Ohio, Masons.

The Vodrey Pottery company today loaded a car of ware in the lower yards for western shipment. A car is also being loaded by the Thompson company.

Private James Chisholm, of the Eighteenth Pennsylvania volunteers, returned home yesterday afternoon. His regiment was mustered out last Saturday.

Freight Agent T. J. Thomas, who has been ill with rheumatism for several weeks, is improving very slowly. While able to attend to his work at the depot he cannot get around without the aid of a cane.

Samuel Powell, of Rowlsburg, W. Va., who has been in the city several days the guest of his brother, C. W. Powell, returned to his home today. He is a Knight Templar, and spent last week at the conclave.

Thomas Webb, of the Quaker City band of Philadelphia, returned to his home in the east this morning. He has been in the city several days visiting his brother, and Sunday was one of the speakers at the Salvation Army barracks.

Isaac Dovey, of Indiana, who resided here over 50 years ago, stopped in the city today on his way home from Pittsburgh. He found the city very greatly changed, and asked after many business houses that have long since been replaced by new structures.

Considerable freight is being handled at the freight depot, and more business is being transacted than during last week. The platform this morning was well filled with casks, and all day the rollers were a busy set of men. A fair number of cars were sent out yesterday.

I. H. Hickman, one of the surviving members of the old volunteer fire department of New York city, spent yesterday in the city on business. He made an attempt to enlist in the army during the late war, but was refused on account of his age. Mr. Hickman left this morning for Youngstown.

George W. McConnell, of Carrollton, spent last evening in the city the guest of his son, Criss McConnell, Sixth street. He left this morning for Beaver, where he will attend a reunion of the One Hundred and Fortieth Pennsylvania Volunteers, of which regiment he was a member during the civil war.

Detective Ward, of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road, was in the city this morning, and an angry individual he was. There was something wrong, but he would not talk about it. He went up the river on the early train, and while he was after some one, he had not apprehended the culprit at noon.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

Lace Curtains.

All new goods bought for the fall trade. White and ivory curtains at \$2, \$3, \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$5.50 and \$6.75 per pair.
Ecrú colored curtains from 50c to \$5 per pair.
Bed room curtains, ruffled swiss or net, at 98c to \$3.75 per pair.
New curtain goods by the yard. Net with lace and insertion, at 25c, 35c and 39c per yard.
If at all interested in curtains or curtain materials, come in and see these goods.

Materials for Comforts.

New prints at 5c, 6 1-4 and 7c per yard. Handsome designs in satines, 36 inches wide, large patterns, at 18c per yard. Cotton batting at 5c, 8 1-3c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 18c and 20c per roll.

Fine Collarettes.

Electric seal scarf with six squirrel tails, at \$3.75. Stone martin scarfs trimmed with heads and tails, at \$15, \$18 and \$25 each.
Collarettes, plain and with tab fronts, at \$2.98 to \$35 each.

New Jackets.

A brown fine, all wool, kersey jacket, 22 inches long, nicely tailored, lined throughout with good quality satin, for \$18.
A navy blue kersey jacket, lined through with fancy taffetta silk, at \$18.
A black kersey jacket, lined through with striped taffetta silk, double breasted, three buttons, \$18.50.
If you wish a nice wrap it will pay you to see these jackets.
Other jackets at \$5, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

ENCOURAGED BY SCANDAL.

Attacks on the War Department Believed to Have Given the Spaniards Hope.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Information has reached the war department that a high officer of the Spanish army very recently made a statement that had the Spaniards been aware of the condition of the American army, as told in the American papers, the Spaniards would not have given up, but would have continued the fighting for a long time to come, fully believing that they would have been able to prevent the capture of Cuba by American arms.

This statement is known to have been made to the American officers now in Cuba, and causes some uneasiness in official circles, as it may mean that the Spaniards are not yet ready to yield the island under the terms of the protocol. It is believed by officials in Washington that had it not been for the outcry made regarding the army and the conduct of the war that there never would have been any question raised by the Spanish peace commissioners regarding the Cuban debt.

A large force will be sent to Cuba to give the Spanish there a different impression of our forces.

PRIVATE PUNISHED.

Three West Virginians Severely Dealt With and Will Be Court-martialed.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Oct. 18.—Privates Mace, Plant and Mose of Company M, Second West Virginia, were "spread-eagled" on the ground with their hands and feet tied to heavy stakes with stout ropes for nearly two hours for disobedience of orders.

Sentries were stationed over the prostrate men and their faces were exposed to burning glares of the sun until they promised to do as they were told. When the men were released they refused to keep their word and they were ordered back to the guard house for trial by court-martial.

EPISCOPAL COUNCIL.

Present Canons on Remarriage of Divorced People Stand Step Toward Church Unity.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The house of bishops of the Episcopal council in secret session, by a vote of 31 to 24, rejected propositions bearing on the subject of the remarriage of divorced persons designed to take the place of those now in existence. The present canons on that subject therefore remain in force.

In the house of deputies, after a debate which has continued for several

days, a step in the direction of church unity was taken. The following amendment to the constitution was adopted:

"But provision may be made by canon for the temporary use of other forms and directories of worship by congregations not already in union with this church, who are willing to accept the spiritual oversight of the bishop of the diocese."

The amendment, if adopted by the bishops, will go to the dioceses for action and must be passed by the next general convention before it becomes operative.

SURVIVOR'S CHARGE.

Mohegan Passenger Testified That Officers, Except Captain, Were Not Present at Critical Time.

FALMOUTH, Oct. 18.—The inquest upon the remains of the victims of the wreck of the Mohegan was adjourned for a week, in order to allow of the attendance of a representative of the board of trade.

B. Kelly, one of the rescued passengers, created a sensation by declaring that there were no officers about except the captain, when they were most needed to supervise the launching of the boats.

The bodies of some of the dead have been robbed. The bodies of Mrs. Firing and Miss Saunders have been identified.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Charles G. Rich, a Boston theatrical manager, said that T. W. King, who, with his wife and two children, was reported lost in the wreck of the steamer Mohegan, was a summer resident of Siasconset, Nantucket, and usually spent the winters in New York.

Mr. King was born in Ohio, and spent several years of his early life on a cattle ranch in Montana.

REV. DR. ZIMMERMAN'S JOB.

He Has Been Appointed Inspector of Schools at Manzanillo.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Oct. 18.—Rev. Dr. Zimmerman has been appointed inspector of schools at Manzanillo, and a census is being taken there.

Considerable anxiety is felt among the Americans in Santiago because of the non-arrival of the United States transport Roumania, having on board the Fourth Immune regiment (white) under Major Pettit. It is understood that she left Ferdinandina on Oct. 12. If she does not arrive today instructions will be sent to Guantanamo directing that a warship endeavor to ascertain whether she met with an accident.

The transport Chester, with a number of sick, left for Porto Rico enroute for New York. She brought here several nurses and doctors.

The Bessie has left for Manzanillo with 50,000 rations.

DODGING OUR LAWS.

Watchorn Reports How Immigrants Are Smuggled Into This Country.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Commissioner Powderly of the immigration bureau has received a voluminous report from Mr. Robert Watchorn, an immigration inspector at New York, who some months ago went to Europe.

Mr. Watchorn finds that the strict enforcement of our immigration laws, particularly at the port of New York, has resulted in compelling unscrupulous immigration agents abroad to seek to evade them by sending the most undesirable classes to Canada, at the same time assuring them that they would find little or no difficulty in passing the border into the United States. In very many instances, Mr. Watchorn thinks, this scheme has been successfully carried out.

Mr. Watchorn finds that a very large number of immigrants receive help from the many charitable societies and institutions in nearly all of the European capitals, in coming to this country.

FOUR MEN KILLED.

A Freight Engine Blew Up at a Depot Near Reading.

READING, Pa., Oct. 18.—Four men were killed by the explosion of a Wilmington and Northern freight engine at Joana station. The dead are William Herrflicker, engineer, aged 50; George Mills, fireman, aged 35; Willis Woodward, brakeman, and Harry Huydam, conductor.

All lived at Birdsboro, this county, and all were married and leave families, except Huydam. The bodies were horribly mangled. It is believed the water in the boiler gave out.

Work For Imported Negroes.

St. LOUIS, Oct. 18.—Mayor Zeigebain has settled the question as to what shall be done with the 57 negro miners driven out of Virden and sent to St. Louis. He has secured work for them with H. H. Squairs & Co., contractors, doing grading for the Mobile and Ohio railway, near East St. Louis, Ill. They will be paid \$1.25 a day, if they accept.

Denied Warlike Intentions.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—A semi-official note says that the statements to the effect that the French warships which are being placed on a war footing have been created to East is incorrect, and it is a deed that undue importance has been attached to the incident.

Weather For east.

Rain; cooler; high southeast to south winds.

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

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JAS. N. VODREY

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First National Bank Building.

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